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$55 Fur Gloves, Fur Caps, Winter Furnishings.

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VIDEND NOTICES.

ANK, St. Louis, November 30, 1886.—ting of the board of directors of this held this day, a dividend of four (4) re was declared, payable on demand. W. H. TRASK, Cashier.

LECTION NOTICES.

NOTICE—The annual meeting of the rs of the Carondelet Gas Light Com- section of four (4) directors to serve for (2) years, will be held at the office, No. 7020 S. Broadway, w St. Louis, on Monday, December 6, the hours of 9 a. m. and 2 p. m. he Board of Directors. JOHN R. LIONBERGER, ET. President. retary.

Carl F. Haehner and Christine, his heir deed of trust dated May 14, 1883, the office of the Recorder of Deeds St. Louis, State of Missouri, in book conveyed to the undersigned trustee described real estate, to-wit: Situate 9, west, of the City of St. Louis, State mencing at a point in the south line one hundred and thirty feet west of with the west line of North Broad- ming westwardly along the said south feet fifty-six feet and one inch [illegible] n feet; thence westwardly along the Dock street twenty-seven feet and thence southwardly ninety feet; thence eastwardly eighty-four feet; thence ighty feet to the place of beginning, the covenants of said deed as to taxes have not been complied with, now, at the legal holder of, and in pursuance said deed of trust, I, the undersigned, offer the above denoted property for venue, to the highest bidder for cash, t door of the Court-house in said city, ate of Missouri, between the hours of [illegible] day on

DAY, DECEMBER 16, 1886, said trust. PHILLIP BURG, Trustee. ember 20, 1886.

SUMPTION.

s remedy for the above disease; by its use e of the worst kind and of long standing ninded, so strong is my faith in its efficacy the system, that I will send TWO BOTT- Ron this disease, to any sufferer. Give ex- ess. Dr. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St. N. Y.

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OOD RESTORED, A victim of youthful indiscretion causing Premature Decay, Lost Manhood, etc., having tried in vain every remedy, has discovered a simple self-cure which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers. Address J. H. REEVES, 43 Chatham Square, New York City.

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St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

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SIGNED P. T. BARNUM
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TERMS—Thirty Days, with the Usual Cash Discounts Off.

LATEST EDITION

IRISH AFFAIRS.

THE GOVERNMENT SATISFIED WITH THEIR PRESENT VIGOROUS POLICY.

The Cabinet Meeting Yesterday—Fall of the French Ministry—De Freycinet Announces the Resignation of Himself and Colleagues—The Radical Left to Vote Confidence in the Government—Peru's Social Sensation—King Humbert's Gift to President Cleveland—Foreign News.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

LONDON, December 4.—The Irish question was discussed for two hours at the Cabinet council yesterday. The Government are apparently so satisfied with their present vigorous policy and the Irish outlook generally that they have decided not to meet again until after Christmas, unless unforeseen events compel them. Several of them have already left town for the holidays. Foreign affairs were scarcely discussed at all, as it is understood the Government do not regard the rumors about French interference in Egypt as serious.

FALL OF THE FRENCH MINISTRY.

The fall of the French ministry attracts less attention here than usual, because from the circumstances of the case it is seen that De Freycinet is inevitably his own successor. The Government will reorganize after shedding a few of its members and adding radicals to their places.

LITERARY CHAT.

Macmillan will publish soon a new volume of poems by Tennyson, to be entitled "Locksley Hall, Sixty Years After," and other poems.

The Duke of Argyle's new book "Scotland as It Was and Is," divided into seven chapters, entitled Celtic Feudalism, The Age of Charters, The Epoch of Claims, Appeal from the Chiefs to the Owners, Response of the Ownership, Before the Dawn, Burst of Industry, will be published by Douglass.

Macmillan will publish immediately a volume to be entitled "About Money and Other Things," by the author of "John Halifax, Gentleman."

Browning expressed himself greatly pleased with Arthur Symon's introduction to his work just published by Cassell.

England.

A DETERMINED STRUGGLE.

LONDON, December 4.—The Dublin agent of the Central News telegraphs that the Irish Executive, in consequence of the proceedings at yesterday Cabinet Council, is preparing for a determined struggle against the Irish National League. The proposed warfare, the telegram asserts, will include proclamations of all League meetings and arrests of prominent anti-rent agitators. The agent adds that he has reason to believe that the seizure of United Ireland has also been decided upon by the Government.

Germany.

THE MILITARY SEPTENNATE.

BERLIN, December 4.—The debate on the Government's bill for a renewal of the military septennate, or fixing of the army estimate for a period of seven years, was resumed in the Reichstag to-day. The present septennate not expiring until 1888, and the Government's desire being evidently to take advantage of the European crisis to secure an increase in the peace effective force, all the opposition parties were expected to discover their attitude towards the proposed measure during the present debate, based on the first reading. Herr Windthorst, leader of the Clerical party, declines, however, to explicitly commit himself and followers. In so-day's discussion Herr Windthorst intimated that the vote of his party would be given definitely on the last reading. He added that they had no objection to having it known, in the meantime, that they preferred having the army estimates made for three years, however, instead of for seven as proposed by the Government.

France.

THE MINISTRY DETERMINED.

PARIS, December 4.—Premier De Freycinet will to-day inform the Chamber of Deputies that the French Cabinet has resigned and cannot share in the debate on the budget. The Journal des Debats announces that the members of the Cabinet will persist in their determination to resign.

THE RADICAL LEFT.

The members of the Radical Left in the Chamber of Deputies have unanimously decided to vote confidence in the Government. It is believed that this decision will induce the Cabinet to recall its decision to resign.

DE FREYCINET'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

Premier De Freycinet announced in the Chamber of Deputies to-day the resignation of Ministry. The Chamber at once adjourned.

South America.

PERU'S SOCIAL SENSATION.

PANAMA, December 4.—A pamphlet has been published in Peru which has created great excitement. It refers to occurrences within the walls of the Merced monastery, and before which the Pall Mall Gazette disclosures, the Lima papers say, fade into insignificance. The statements published by the Lima press having been impugned, the writers content themselves by answering: "The signatures of authorities respond for us; the statements of surgeons corroborate the facts, and, above all, the names of several Deputies to the Chambers are appended to charges which have not been answered."

Italy.

KING HUMBERT TO PRESIDENT CLEVELAND.

ROME, December 4.—King Humbert has sent to President Cleveland a copy of the edition of Dante, recently printed for Victor Emanuel, the Italian Prince Royal.

Mexico.

MINISTER MANNING'S ILLNESS.

CITY OF MEXICO, December 4.—Judge Manning, the United States Minister, and his wife are both suffering from heavy colds on the lungs. Mrs. Manning is showing feverish symptoms, but no danger is apprehended. Dr. Parson, an American, who is physician to the Minister, said to-day that he had been attending Judge Manning, who had had symptoms of pneumonia, but that he now thought there was no danger.

Switzerland.

THE LANDSTURM BILL PASSED.

BERNE, December 4.—The Swiss Assembly has passed the Landsturm bill.

The Dominion.

THE PACIFIC CABLE SCHEME.

OTTAWA, Ont., December 4.—Speaking of the Pacific Cable scheme, Sanford Fleming, C. E., an enthusiastic projector, in an interview, said the object of the company having the matter in hand is to establish telegraphic communication between Australia, New Zealand, Canada and Great Britain by means of a line perfectly independent of existing lines and free from foreign influences. It is believed that this can be secured by establishing a chain of cables across the Pacific Ocean from Brisbane or Sidney to the north of New Zealand, thence via the Fiji Islands, the Feasting Islands, the Sandwich Islands, to Barclay Sound, Vancouver Island, then across to the new city of Vancouver on the main land, the terminus of the Canadian Pacific Railway. Then the line across would follow the Canadian Pacific Railway as far as it goes and be extended possibly to Gaspe, in the Province of Quebec. From Gaspe a new cable would be laid through the Straits of Belle Isle to the United Kingdom, unless it was found to be practicable to secure control of the existing lines across the Atlantic. The total length of the cables contemplated in the Pacific and Atlantic Oceans is 11,146 miles, and the distance across the continent will be 3,450 miles, making in all close upon 15,000 miles. The whole question is now under the consideration of all the governments immediately concerned and which are as follows: Great Britain, Canada, Fiji, New Zealand, New South Wales, Queensland, Victoria, South Australia, West Australia, Tasmania and India. It will take some time yet before the Australian Governments can be heard from, but their co-operation is confidently expected.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

Official Test of the New Water-Works—Organizing a New Water-Works.

The official test of the water-works was made this afternoon in the presence of a large crowd of citizens, and as it proved entirely satisfactory, the works were formally received by the City Council. The test was made on Main street, between Missouri avenue and Broadway. Six streams were sent out through 150 feet of hose a distance of 100 feet in the air. Among those present when the test was made besides the Mayor and City Council, were Messrs. Charles Thaw and Frank H. Pond, President and Secretary of the Water Company; Mayor Francis of St. Louis and Mr. M. T. Zent, manager of the St. Clair County Insurance Compact. After the test the officers of the new company, the members of the Council and a number of prominent citizens adjourned to the company's office, where a spread had been prepared. Wine flowed freely and several toasts to the prosperity of the city were responded to. Fourteen kegs of beer were tapped for the benefit of the crowd, and everybody felt delighted over the fact that East St. Louis had at last what had so long been needed, a complete system of water-works.

Mr. M. T. Zent, who has power to make all insurance rates for this county, will in a few days hold a conference with all the insurance agents, for the purpose of making a reduction in rates, now that there are facilities for extinguishing fires. The two reels ordered by the City Council are expected in a few days and when they arrive the Council will purchase horses and appoint four firemen, two to each reel. One of the reels will be located right next to the jail. The location of the other has not yet been decided upon.

Edward Voelker, who was so badly injured last Sunday morning by being struck by a Vandalia train while crossing the tracks on St. Clair avenue in a milk wagon, died at an early hour this morning from the effects of his injuries. At the time of the accident a man named Arnold Reuber was in the wagon with Voelker and he was so badly injured that he died in a few hours. Voelker leaves a wife and two children. The Coroner began the inquest this afternoon, and as a great many witnesses are to be examined it will not probably be concluded before to-morrow.

This evening Town Clerk William Wheeler will be united in matrimony to Miss Bertha J. Meints at the Lutheran Church at Eighth and Walnut streets, St. Louis. After the ceremony there will be a reception at the residence of the bride's parents on the Island.

PERNICIOUS ACTIVITY.

Surveyor Lancaster's Hand Shows in the Congressional Contest.

In the Ninth Congressional District contest the conduct of Surveyor Lancaster is perniciously active as viewed from a Democratic standpoint. His disgust at the result of the election was not concealed. Since then Mr. Glover has been predicting the Surveyor's official decapitation with annoying confidence. On the other hand, Lancaster has had reassuring communications from those who secured him his appointment, and he is again exhibiting his disregard for civil service reform rules. While he presumably in his office he is really on the streets prosecuting a search for evidence which might prove damaging to the cause of the Congressman-elect. He has not concealed his action at all, but has openly made his inquiries. At present he is directing his attention towards Central Committeeman Wittenberg, Holsgrebe of the Tenth Ward and Bits of the Second who are supposed to be in possession of information which may be presented in a damaging light.

The United States Grand-jury adjourned last evening until next Tuesday. Several of the jurymen do not reside in the city and go home on Friday evening to spend Saturday with their families.

Mr. Nathan Frank returned this morning from Chicago, where he was engaged in the transaction of some legal business.

The statisticians at the City Hall are inclined to think that the Redistricting Commission is working too slowly. It is claimed that party interests will not enter into consideration in the matter at all. The politicians state that the work of simply redistricting the city should be completed within a week at the outside. The commission has not yet established any new lines.

THE MILLERS

Present Their Views to the Elevator Men On the Style of Doing Business.

At a meeting of the Millers' Association this morning the conduct of the elevator men was severely criticised. It was admitted without discussion that the interests were common, but the dependency is the same as between any other two lines of business. The millers held that the full business of the elevators chartered by the State and declared upon required conditions "regular" by the Merchants' Exchange is to store and hold grain subject to the return of their warehouse receipts and the payment of the storage charges. The millers regard the elevators simply as banks of deposit, the funds being grain, of grades as classified by official inspectors. The millers declared in favor of amending the laws so the elevators shall confine their business to this. The competition with millers and other buyers for grain by the elevators was condemned. They charge the abandonment of the regular commission merchant business to the elevators. The millers claim that in view of the storage prices the advice of the elevator men to millers to enter into the competition with the buyers for the surplus supply is an invitation to go into the game while the elevator men have the cards stocked. A change in the present style of doing business is considered necessary to maintain, or rather restore, the milling prestige of St. Louis.

ROBBERY AND ARSON.

Burglars Ransack a House and Then Burn It to the Ground.

MILWAUKEE, December 4.—A special to the Evening Wisconsin from Neenah says: This morning at 3 o'clock two burglars entered the house of E. M. Hulse, who lives just outside the city. They chloroformed him and proceeded to ransack the house, but Mr. Hulse awoke and had a battle with them. In the struggle he pulled the mask off one of his assailants and identified him as a tramp who had hung around the house for a week past. Mr. Hulse was alone in the house. The burglars got about $50 in money, and afterwards set fire to the house, burning it to the ground. Mr. Hulse narrowly escaped burning to death, as he crawled out and laid down in the snow, dazed from the effects of the chloroform. His hands were badly frozen. He lay in the snow about half an hour, when he was picked up and carried to a neighbor's house. The house and contents were worth $10,000, and were insured. Mr. Hulse is quite wealthy, having been up to a short time a member of the brickmaking firm of E. M. Hulse & Co. The burglars have a good start, and probably will not be captured.

THE PACIFIC ROADS.

A STRONG LOBBY PUSHING THE CLAIMS OF THE EXTENSION BILL.

Mr. Crisp's Favorable but Faulty Statement—Congressman Frederick of Iowa on the Warpath—The President's Illness—Representative Warner on Benton's Suspension—The District Scandal—Washington News.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 3.—The Pacific Railroad people are beginning very early to push the claims of the extension bill upon the members of Congress who are now coming into Washington. The measure is before the House and can be easily reached if enough members can be made to believe that it is a life and death matter with the interests of the Government. It is very interesting to watch the industry of the gentlemen in their attempt to protect the interests of the Government. This is the sole business of the self-denying patriots who are now working in the interests of the bill. They are hoping to get Congress to pass the measure so that the stock can be unloaded upon the public. In event of the failure of Congress to pass the bill, it would not surprise any one if the property should be entirely wrecked and pass into the hands of a receiver. A gentleman who has recently returned from a tour of inspection of the Union Pacific Road says that nearly all the good rolling stock has been taken off it and put on the Southern Pacific. The regular cars are very poor—hardly equal to emigrant cars on other roads. All the good rolling property of the Central Pacific has had the names of the Central painted off and those of the Southern Pacific painted on. The high-handed lease of the Central Pacific to a paper corporation is part of a general plan to take the roads out from under the hands of the Government, so that if it should attempt to realize upon its claim, they could then go into bankruptcy and leave the Government with a poor road bed upon which it would have a second mortgage. The agents of the funding bill threaten that, if Congress don't pass this bill, the Government will get nothing.

CRISP'S FAVORABLE STATEMENT.

Mr. Crisp of Georgia, who is the advocate of this bill on the floor of the House, has had printed here an elaborate statement in favor of the passage of the bill. This statement was full of misrepresentations. He said that the Pacific roads would owe first mortgage bond-holders upon the maturity of their bonds one hundred millions. He makes this sum large so as to indicate that the Government, which has a second mortgage, could get nothing after the first mortgage was satisfied. His figures concerning the first mortgage are incorrect. The first mortgage bonds of the Union and Kansas Pacific roads are a little less than thirty-four millions, of the Central and Western Pacific about twenty-six millions. This forty millions of first mortgage boads on the Pacific Railroads have a prior lien upon the maturity of the bonds to those of the Government. Mr. Crisp says that upon the maturity of the bonds whose interest is guaranteed by the Government, the roads will owe the Government one hundred millions. The fact is, these roads now owe the Government one hundred and eleven millions. Mr. Crisp also says that the Government derives no benefit from the earnings of the branch lines. This statement is true, and the reason is that the branch lines are owned by the directors of the Union Pacific and their friends. The branch lines receive a subsidy from the Government for their support in order that the securities held by the directors shall receive a dividend and interest. By this method the Government loses about a million a year. Take the Oregon Short Line as an example. The Union Pacific pays the interest on the bonds, which entails a loss of $400,000 a year. Why is this? The reason is owing to $1,700,000 out of a total issue of $15,000,000. If the roads had been honestly managed the interests due the Government could have been kept up, but ever since the passage of the Thurman act the Directors of the Pacific roads have reduced their net earnings by a fictitious report of expenditures, so that the Government has been swindled right along. The argument of Mr. Crisp that the roads cannot pay what is due under the Thurman act each year, but that they could pay three times what is required under that act under the refunding measure, is one that will interest people who are not retained by the Pacific road lobby. These roads have never dealt honestly with the Government, and their present scheme is simply a new device to evade further responsibility.

Indignant Iowa Democrats.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 4.—The President's misfortunes do not come singly. For the first time since his inauguration he has brought upon himself the wrath and indignation of the Democrats of Iowa. The quarrel began with Congressman Frederick and has now spread over the entire State. Mr. Frederick was elected to Congress from a Republican district as a straight Democrat and received a handsome majority, running ahead of his ticket some two thousand votes. He is the first Democrat ever elected from the Fifth Congressional District, and he naturally supposed that he should have something to say in the distribution of the patronage, especially that of Postmasters. He followed something after the fashion of the President, and did not make immediate demands for the removal of Republicans, but chose to be patient and place none but the best Democratic citizens in office. At Iowa City and Cedar Rapids, the two most important offices in the district, there was, of course, a lively contest for the office. Mr. Frederick had selected his men and recommended them to the President. There was also opposition except from two persons, both of whom were candidates and had written the President letters asking for the appointment. Mr. Frederick's friends were ignored, and the persons who made application were appointed. Friends of Mr. Frederick say that the appointees were without recommendations, and the appointments were made without the President having any knowledge of the men other than what each wrote about himself. The matter has already become a State issue. Mr. Frederick is supported by his Democratic colleagues and through this influence a vigorous war is to be made upon the President in Iowa. Mr. Frederick, it is said, will at an early date make an attack in the House which some think may lead to a general outburst of indignation, as many others have like grievances. Mr. Frederick cites the case of the appointment of Mrs. Thompson, post-mistress at Louisville, when the President made as his excuse for the appointment that it was recommended by Congressman Willis, and that those matters should be left entirely with the members.

The President's Illness.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 4.—The President was not so well yesterday. He did not get up until nearly noon and his rheumatism is very painful. He cannot walk about except with a cane. His right knee is very painful. Some of his friends are beginning to worry about him, thinking that he may have a fit of sickness which will send him to bed. He had rheumatism when he was in Albany, but this present attack is worse than the one he had there. He has refused to see nearly every one on account of his suffering, and has not been down stairs in the White House for two or three days. He came down the day Mrs. Cleveland went away, but has not been down since. He could not see Munkacsy, the artist, on account of his being too ill. He has seen Mr. Carlisle since the latter's return. The Speaker says he has been helping him upon that part of the message which relates to the tariff reduction. The White House was besieged yesterday by members who are anxious to get the President to influence him in the preparation of his message. Agents of the Union Pacific Railroad lobby extension bill have posted about town that they have secured the indorsement of the President in his message. The report is not believed. Mr. Carlisle has seen Mr. Morrison since his conference with the President and there has been some talk of a tariff programme in the [illegible] to the passage of the Mexican Central bill [illegible] in a separate [illegible] the

only way this measure can be reached is by taking up his bill. It will be remembered that the Morrison tariff bill was beaten last session by the House refusing to consider it. Mr. Morrison intends, at the very first opportunity, to bring up his bill again and ask for its consideration. If the House will consent to consider the measure and defeat his part of the bill, then and then only can it reach the Hewitt features of it. It is understood that the President will favor this plan as it is the only way through which the Hewitt measure, which he now favors, can be reached.

The District Scandal.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 4.—"The virtuous are not resentful." Such is substantially the plea of nearly every Congressman when quizzed about the scheme of the Washington police to keep an eye on the whole class; none of them seem to take it seriously. "I lead a most exemplary life, as everybody knows," said Representative McCreary of Kentucky, with a bland smile and merry twinkle in his eye, "and I am not afraid."

"I am keeping carefully within doors," said Ben Lefevre, a member of the district section of the Appropriation Committee, "so that they can't get their detective eye on me," and so in varying phrase every Congressman declares that being virtuous he is not concerned.

The Fiftieth Congress.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 4.—Gen. John B. Clark, clerk of the House of Representatives, has completed and caused to be printed an unofficial list of members of the House for the Fiftieth Congress. He classifies them as 168 Democrats, 152 Republicans, 4 Independents, with one vacancy in Rhode Island to be filled probably by a Republican. One hundred and ninety-five of the number are old members, being ten more than the number of old members in the present Congress. Of the old members 100 are Democrats and ninety-five Republicans. If the Independents divide, as they are expected to do, equally between the two sides it will give the Democrats a majority of fourteen in a full house.

Warner on Benton's Suspension.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 4.—Representative Warner, the Republican from Missouri, says that President Cleveland did the proper thing in reinstating Benton, the United States District Attorney who was suspended for making Democratic speeches and for other "pernicious activity," on the ground that he did no harm. "Benton's speeches," said he, "were altogether harmless."

Postmasters.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 4.—The commissions of sixty Presidential Postmasters will expire during the present month. On the reassembling of Congress the President will have the appointment of about one hundred and fifty postmasters made during the recess to send to the Senate for confirmation.

The President to-day appointed J. E. Lohmann Postmaster at Hamilton, O., vice Ferdinand Vanderver, resigned.

LOW WATER AND ICE.

Steamers Aground on Apple Creek Bar and Probability of an Ice Gorge.

The slowly moving masses of heavy ice filling the river from shore to shore, have nearly caused the ferry and transfer boats to seek safe ice harbors. A narrow channel has been kept open so far by the exertions of steam tugs and the harbor boat Elon G. Smith. The river continues to decline leaving this morning but 5¼ feet of water at Apple Creek bar as found by the pilots of the Anchor Line steamer City of New Orleans, which was aground there over forty-six hours on her down stream trip, in company with the steamers City of Cairo, Sidney Dillon, Mab Clyde, United States snag boat Wright, Willis and City of St. Louis, while the C. W. Anderson and Hudson were left stranded and out of the channel at Goose Island. From this a deduction can easily be drawn as to the extreme low condition of the river between this port and Cairo. The river closed at Clarksville and Hannibal last night, with the river four inches below the low water mark. Last accounts report the David R. Powell hard aground at Apple Creek, with the gaudiest hopes of relief.

The water here is so chilled that it is liable to be chocked up by the lightest up-stream wind. This cold wave has brought about a suspension of all labor on the Government works at Sulphur Springs, Jim Smith's Landing and Twin Hollow below the city as evidenced by the arrival this morning of hundreds of late employes by rail from those points. The Government steamer Minnetonka was hard aground this morning off the Arsenal with the River Commission steamer Mississippi, in tow. The Government fleet will be towed to their winter quarters this afternoon.

AN IRATE BOSS.

Judge Cady Fines Him For Swearing at a Young Girl.

John Mueller was tried before Judge Cady this morning for disturbing the peace of a girl in his employ. He manufactures vests for a large tailoring establishment and has in his employ a number of girls, his place of business being located at No. 1125 South Seventh street. On November 18, Edith Mosley, a girl about 17 years of age, living at 804 Ann avenue, lost a paper which goes out from the shop with a vest, giving the size of it. This enraged Mueller, who, according to the testimony of the girl and two other girls employed at the place, cursed and abused the Mosley girl and grabbed her by the neck and tried to choke her. Mueller, the girls said, abuses them terribly on the slightest provocation. His appearance and action on the stand confirmed their testimony. He boasted that he could pay any fine the court might impose, but claimed that while he "fussed" with the girl, it was she that did all the swearing. She did not look like a girl that would swear, and Judge Cady fined Mueller $10 and costs. He gave notice that he would take an appeal.

THE WEATHER.

The Zero Line Nearly Reached Last Night—Severe Cold in the Northwest.

The lowest temperature here last night was two-tenths of a degree above zero. This was the true reading which was taken in the temporary exposure, but in the regular Signal Service shelter the reading was 3 deg. higher. Still the chief Signal Office gives no intimation of erecting a new exposure shed in this city. In the North this morning it was still very cold, the mercury having fallen at Moorhead, Minn., from 20 degrees below yesterday to 32 below this morning. The flurry of snow this morning ceased about 9 o'clock and left the air as cold as ever. The indications are that to-night will be a "sharp" one again and that a decided warming up is several days away.

Snowing Hard.

RALEIGH, N. C., December 4.—Snow began falling here at 2:30 this morning and has been falling steadily since to this hour—noon.

BLEW OUT THE GAS.

Thomas Harris Found in a Dying Condition in a New Jersey Hotel.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., December 4.—A strong odor of gas was noticed in the corridor of the third floor of Taylor's Hotel at 10:30 o'clock this morning. An investigation showed that the gas came from a room occupied by Thos. H. Harris of Humboldt, Nev. The door was forced open, and Harris was found undressed in the bed, apparently dead. When a window was opened, however, he showed some signs of animation, and was removed to the hospital, where it is said that he will die. He is about 50 years of age. Harris intended to sail to-day for Rarland. It is supposed that upon retiring he blew out the gas.

FIERCE FLAMES.

A CHICAGO THEATRE GUTTED BY FIRE EARLY THIS MORNING.

Partial Destruction of the Halstead Street Opera-House — The Blue Island Milling Company's Establishment Burned—Carlisle's Big Blaze—Fires Elsewhere.

CHICAGO, Ill., December 4.—The Halstead Street Opera-house, at the corner of Harrison and Halstead streets, caught fire at 9:10 this morning. It was a very large frame structure and dry as tinder. So quickly did the flames spread over the building that it became necessary to turn in a second alarm immediately after the first one. The fire was soon got under control but not before $7,000 damage had been done.

The Fredericktown Court-House.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

FREDERICKTOWN, Mo., December 4.—At 1 o'clock to-day, while the Circuit Court was in session trying an important robbery case, the court-house caught fire from a large old chimney, which burned the west side of the roof off, causing great consternation and much work to remove the records from the rooms, there being no vaults or safes. Saving the records, it would have been a good thing if the building had burned.

The Blue Island Mill Burned.

CHICAGO, December 4.—The Blue Island Milling Company's establishment at Blue Island was burned last night. The loss is estimated at $60,000; insurance is probably ample. The factory was owned by Herman Schaffer and W. F. Fisher, Chicago bankers. The fire is believed to have been the work of an incendiary.

Carlisle's Big Blaze.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., December 4.—A disastrous fire, at Carlisle yesterday, destroyed the main business portion of the town. The losses aggregate $25,000; insurance small.

BADLY BURNED.

Partial Destruction of the Excelsior Foundry and Plating Works.

When the employes of the Excelsior Foundry and Plating Works, Nos. 111 and 113 South Eighth street, arrived at the place this morning they found that their occupation was gone, the works having been visited by fire at an early hour. At 5:30 o'clock Private Watchman Welch of the Collier White Lead Company discovered that the place was on fire and turned on an alarm from box 155. An overheated stove in the plating department, on the second floor in the rear, is supposed to have started the fire which had gained considerable headway before it was discovered. The department confined the blaze to the second story, but of course the water went through to the lower floor and did considerable damage. The plating department was entirely destroyed and the foundry downstairs badly damaged by water. The damage by water to patterns in the foundry will be about $1,000, while the loss in the plating department will probably foot up $5,000 more, making a loss of $6,000 in all on stock. Porter White, the plasterer, owns the building, which was badly gutted, the loss on it amounting to about $1,500. Both building and stock are fully insured. M. D. Beggs & Co. owned the foundry and carried on a general jobbing business, and did gold, silver and nickel plating and antique bronzing. The place was formerly owned by the unfortunate Rush Tevis, who, after a series of troubles with his wife, ended his mortal misery by placing a bullet in his head.

The insurance on Degge & Musick's Machinery stock and improvements is as follows: Continental, New York, $1,000; American, New Jersey, $1,000; Fireman's, New Jersey, $1,000; Mechanics', $1,000; Montauk, $1,000; Boston Underwriters', $2,000; total, $7,000.

THE one thing needful nowadays is comfort while traveling. In the buffet boudoir cars now running between St. Louis and Chicago, on the Wabash, you can rest as comfortably and privately as if you were under your own roof.

THE IRON MOUNTAIN BILL.

Reported Change of Views of Two Councilmen—Notes.

The friends of the Iron Mountain elevated railroad bill are in good spirits, as they have received conditional promises of two of the opposing Councilmen to vote for the passage of the bill over the Mayor's veto. The reported change of views of one of the Councilmen can only be explained by himself if true, as his opposition has been consistent and determined heretofore The other will not have such difficulty in explaining his sudden change of base as he has a precedent on flopping already recorded. The chances are of so much importance as to leave so much room for imputations, that it would hardly be proper to publish the names in advance except on the authority of the Councilmen who will be most concerned in this transaction. This cannot be had in advance for obvious reasons. Only one vote is needed for the opposition, but two will be acceptable.

NOTES.

To-day a permit was issued for the burial of Mrs. Sarah McCausland aged 75 years, mother of Mrs. A. B. Ewing.

During the week ending at noon to-day 145 deaths were reported to the Health Department. Of this number 27 resulted from diphtheria.

PICTURES and frames. Artistic framing and regilding, lowest prices, at Moder & Kelly's, practical gilders, 820 Pine street.

BELLEVILLE.

A Suit Involving $40,000 Decided To-Day—Notes and Gossip.

The chancery suit brought by the descendants of Deborah Burch of Washington City against Mary Deborah Jenkins of Surrattsville, Prince George County, Md., for a share in valuable real estate situated near Ridge Prairie, in this county, which had been left by Melbourne Soper, who died in 1833, was decided by Judge Watts yesterday afternoon in favor of the plaintiffs. The plaintiffs claimed that their mother, Deborah Burch, was a sister of Melbourne Soper, and consequently as he left no will they were entitled to a part in the estate as well as Deborah Jenkins, also a sister of the deceased, who claimed that she was the sole heir. This was conclusively proved that Deborah Burch was a sister of Melbourne Soper, and Judge Watts, therefore, decided that her descendants were entitled to an equal share in the estate with Mrs. Jenkins. The estate is valued at $40,000. Mrs. Jenkins took an appeal to the Supreme Court.

The Verwaerts Turngemeinde will give a ball to-night at Turner Hall.

Belleville Chapter, No. 106 R. O. M. will hold its annual election of officers this evening.

REMEMBER it is by the Vandalia Line that you secure Pullman Sleeping Cars, St. Louis to Baltimore and Washington, without change.

Snow Gets $103,000.

BARNSTABLE, Mass., December 4.—The sealed verdict in the famous Snow-Alley bond case was opened in court this morning and found to be a judgment in favor of Chester Snow for $103,000. Alley's counsel immediately filed a motion for a new trial on the grounds of excessive damages and that the verdict was against the evidence. The exceptions will be heard at an early date.

PARKER'S TONIC brings restful sleep and mental and bodily strength to young and old. HINDERCORNS, the best cure for corns, 15 cts.

Small Settlements.

LANCASTER, Pa., December 4.—The report of the auditor of the estate of Ames Henderson, the banker, whose estate was found to be insolvent after death, was filed to-day. The claims amount to $242,377 and the creditors will receive 22 cents on the dollar. The claims of Jos. Heeney, the forger, filed to-day, shows claims against the estate of $105,711 and assets of $704. The creditors will receive five mills on the dollar.

STOP that cough. Red Cross Cough Drops, 5 cents per box. Your Druggists sells them.

A FOOL'S MONEY.

How He Lost It in the Manner of the Old Story.

Henry Boettcher, a young German who can speak scarcely aay English, arrived here Thursday evening from New York. At Pittsburg he met another German who was coming West, and as the man, like himself, could speak but little English, they became fast friends immediately. After arriving here they hunted up a boarding-house, where they stopped together. They went out that evening together and Boettcher gave his new-found friend $160 to keep for him. The man kept it so well that since that evening Boettcher has been in search of the man and money. This morning he ran across him and had him arrested, or at least ran across a man he says is the thief. The man gave the name of Henry Huhn to the officer and said he had only $40 on him and that he had never seen Boettcher before. A search of the prisoner resulted in $120 being found on him. At the Four Courts he said his name was not Kuhn, but Phil Brioks. Boettcher says he is positive he is the man he gave the money to.

THE lack of privacy in the average sleeping car is most distasteful, especially to ladies. In the new buffet boudoir cars, running between St. Louis and Chicago, on the Wabash, you can enjoy all the privacy of your own home.

HOW TO WRITE.

German Teachers Discuss the Methods in the Public Schools.

Over forty-five teachers in charge of the German departments in the public schools met this morning in the School Board-room for the special purpose of discussing the methods of teaching penmanship. The meeting was presided over by Assistant Superintendent L. W. Teuteberg. The first topic discussed was that of the position of the body in relation to light and the necessity of changing the first to suit the emergencies of the second. The correct method of holding the pen was also brought out. Another question discussed was the proper age at which to break the pupil of writing between double lines. It was decided that between the ages of 10 and 11 years was the most advantageous one for the pupil. A method of practical instruction in which the blackboard enters was recommended and the necessity of the pupil understanding the words he copies was also urged. Neatness in exercises on loose paper and the necessity for the frequency of the same was recommended by Mr. Teuteberg. The meeting then adjourned.

OLD folks ere you nine and die
A photograph at Strauss's try.

SOLDIERS AS HIGHWAYMEN.

A Couple of Uncle Sam's Employes Rob Pat Quinn.

A couple of Uncle Sam's soldiers appear to have turned highwaymen. At 12:45 o'clock on the morning of the last inst., Pat Quinn met a soldier at Peter Veldon's saloon, on South Broadway and Davis street, Carondelet, and they had a few drinks together, Quinn giving Veldon a $10 gold piece and receiving $9.45 in change. The soldier wanted Quinn to purchase some shirts which he said his partner had at a house south of the bridge over the River des Peres. Quinn consented to go, and when they reached the bridge they met a second soldier. The two assaulted Quinn, knocked him down and beat him until he became unconscious. Then they took $4.45 from him. As soon as he was sufficiently recovered, Quinn made his way to his boarding-house, No. 8030 Polk street, and has been confined to his bed ever since. He complains of terrible pains in the head and body. He says that the man whom he met in the saloon is the one that struck him. Veldon says the soldier told him that he had his photographs taken at Boehl & Koenig's and was to get them to-day.

PRETTY girls seem prettier still
When photographed with Strauss's skill.

Five Dollars for Five Cents.

John Spengelmann and three other men entered a Gravois car last evening, but failed to place their fare in the box. When asked to do so by the driver they replied that they would pay it when a conductor came around, but would not do service for the company as conductor. When they arrived at the Twelfth street bridge the driver called an officer to arrest the men. They all escaped except Spengelmann, who was arrested and tried before Judge Cady this morning on a charge of disturbing the peace. He was fined $5.

THE only route running Pullman Sleeping Cars without change, St. Louis to Baltimore and Washington, is the Vandalia Line.

New Warrants.

Charles O'Brien who was arrested on a charge of breaking into Gen. Pope's house, No. 3223 Lucas avenue, and stealing three overcoats and a lot of tableware all valued at $150, was transferred to jail this morning on a warrant charging him with burglary and larceny.

Edward Davis and Henry Wheatly are charged with robbery in the first degree. They are accused of holding up Joseph Picha and robbing him of $1.60 and a hat.

Cheap, but Pretty.

Those Glove and Handkerchief Boxes just received from Japan. Hopper Artists' Supply Company, 312 North Sixth street, opposite Barr's.

Robbery in the First Degree.

On November 27 Mr. B. F. Crow was held up on Biddle street by four young thieves and robbed of a fine silver watch. The same night the time-piece was sold at a pawnshop on Morgan street and was afterward recovered by Officer Moberly. A description of the young men was obtained and yesterday the officers of the Third District arrested William Ryan, aged 20 years, on suspicion. He was identified as the man who stole the watch, and this morning a warrant for robbery in the first degree was taken out against him.

IF you are going to Chicago, try the new buffet boudoir cars on the Wabash route, the latest, best and coziest novelty.

Railway Notes.

The Kansas Interstate Traffic Association is having a dry session to-day, and will probably adjourn this evening until after the holidays, as the Missouri Pacific people leave for Texas to-night.

There will be no El Paso pool for the present, at least. The meeting at the Southern of the El Paso lines has resulted "in a row." Each road had a plan of its own for arranging matters, but none of them were acceptable, and on motion it was decided to adjourn indefinitely.

YOUNG folks look so nice this weather
In Strauss's photos grouped together.

The Bridal Bulletin.

Name and age.	Residence.
Frank Driemeier, 26	1912 S. Third st
Henrietta Koehner, 23	2213 S. Third st
Louis Pollvoght, 21	2116 Madison st
Annie Temme, 20	1886 Hogan av
Dwight C. Hartwell, 23	801 Chouteau av
Lois Braggins, 20	1131 S. Sixth st
Titus C. Brown, 41	713 Chestnut st
Carrie Harris, 39	713 Chestnut st
Frederick Buhnemann, 63	2385 Palm st
Albertine Krueger, 55	2385 Palm st
Samuel Eckert	1019 North Seventeenth st
Rachel Hyman	1325 North Fourteenth st

PURE 10-KT. gold wedding rings at Wedding invitations, the finest at *Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., Cor. 4th & Locust.*

SWEETHEARTS, give your love a lift,
A photograph from Strauss' the gift.

THE EXCHANGE PRESIDENCY.

Mr. Chas. F. Orthwein to be a Candidate Against Mr. Frank Galennie to-day.

For the past few days, or since the petitions requesting Mr. Frank Galennie to become a candidate for President of the Exchange were started, there has seemingly been no other candidate on the floor for this high office, and it looked very much like a walk-over for Mr. Galennie. During the past couple of days, however, some very quiet but most effective work has been put in by the friends of Mr. Chas. F. Orthwein toward bringing him out as an opposition candidate. It has not been known whether Mr. Orthwein would accept or not. Some of his most intimate friends were averse to his running, fearing that Mr. Galennie had obtained too great a lead so early in the race to be beaten by even such a popular gentleman as Mr. Orthwein. To-day it was definitely learned that Mr. Orthwein would accept the candidacy if nominated. Such a pressure had been brought to bear upon him by a large number of the leading members, and the support that came to him was so hearty and representative that he could not refuse. Mr. Orthwein is engaged in the grain trade, both as a receiver and exporter, his firm leading in the latter important branch of trade. Besides that he is a miller and is interested in elevator enterprises. His friends believe that all these important interests will support him; that the German element on the floor will be as a unit for him, and a large vote from the banking and wholesale trade will be cast for him. Therefore, they feel very confident of his election. The contest between Mr. Orthwein and Mr. Galennie promises to be one of the most interesting ever had on 'Change. Mr. Charles F. Teichmann, whose name has been mentioned as a probable candidate, states that he has not the time to devote to the office, and though he appreciates the compliment, he must refuse to run.

BUFFET boudoir cars run only on the Wabash, between St. Louis and Chicago. Best features of the Mann and Pullman combined. The latest and coziest novelty in sleeping cars.

AMONG THE BROKERS.

A Stereotyped Report from Sheridan—Trading Light—Mining Gossip.

R. T. Posey, a mining lawyer of Socorro, N. M., is here on business.

***

Trading in mining stocks to-day was light, but values were unchanged from those of yesterday.

***

The little ring that forms on the floor of the Exchange about 12:30 to trade in mining stocks spent most of the time "guying" the Sheridan crowd and making extravagant offers of that stock.

***

Quincy was in good demand at 5 cents, and one lot sold at 7½ cents. Larger quantities were offered at 10 cents.

***

Mexican Improvement was quiet, but several hundred shares sold at $1.95. One block of 1,000 shares was offered at $2.

***

To-day Frank Nicholson, the expert who examined the Cleveland mine, bought 1,000 shares of the stock, paying 40 cents for it.

***

There were no reports from any of the mines this morning. Bad weather in the West delayed the mails and neither Sheridan, Granite nor Yavapai has been heard from.

***

Yavapai has been very flat for several days. It declined from $1.25 to 95 cents at which it was offered yesterday. To-day it was offered at one time at 90 cents but afterward 90 cents was bid.

***

On Tuesday next Mr. Taylor, Mr. Runk, one of the proprietors, and Mr. Tozier, the expert, will leave for Elks County, Nevada, to examine the Juniper mine. The stock in the Juniper Company is all subscribed.

***

Granite Mountain sold last evening at $50 and this morning $50 was bid for it. This steady advance discounts the effect of the expected advance in dividends from 25 to 50 cents next month.

***

Ideal was quiet to-day. Sales were made from $1.10 to $1.15 and the stock fluctuated between those figures, with trading very light. One hundred Peacock sold at $2.60 and 100 at $2.55.

***

Late last evening Tom Jacobs received a telegram from the superintendent of the Sheridan saying that the mill was working well. This was about all that was said. The report by mail is expected here to-day and another telegram Tuesday. On the street this morning the stock was offered at $3. One sale was made at that figure, and $2.90 was offered for some of the insiders talked of taking any big blocks of stock that might offer, but they did not bid for any small ones.

HERE'S a fact that's easy guessed,
Strauss' photographs are best.

HAPPY HOFFMAN.

The Local Knife Swallower on His Feet Once More.

Joseph Hoffman, the man from whose stomach Dr. A. C. Bernays extracted a 9-inch table knife last month, has thoroughly recovered from the operation and is able to be about. He visited the doctor's office to-day wearing no overcoat. The only extra protection from the cold he indulged in was a blue muffler which he had wrapped about his neck. To a reporter for the POST-DISPATCH who asked him how he felt, Hoffman replied, "Ach, fine." Dr. Bernays made Hoffman strip and an examination of the abdomen where the incision had been made revealed nothing but a trace of the stitching, from which the silk thread had been drawn. Hoffman is looking excellently. He drinks beer and wine and eats oysters and beefsteak with great gusto. He has accepted a position with a tailoring firm of this city and will start in to work on Monday.

BABY looks so sweet and cute!
Let Strauss make photo of "Tootsy-woot."

PEDDLING COAL.

A Man Who Was Fined on a New Charge To-Day.

The hawkers of the city have within the past month inaugurated a new feature of the trade, that of peddling coal by the bushel. Yesterday Joseph Eli was arrested in the Third District for selling coal in this way without first having a certificate from a public scale-weigher. The case was tried in the Second District Police Court to-day and the defendant was fined $5. His attorney, Henry R. Watson, took an appeal. The law, as defined in the city ordinances, is one that all retail dealers in the city are liable to, and hence the disposition of Eli's case will be watched with much interest.

The law provides a fine of not less than $5 and no more than $25 for any dealer or handler selling coal in less quantities than twenty-five bushels without a public weigher's certificate.

FLEMING'S RAISIN-CURED PRUNES are grown on American soil and pay no import duty before reaching the consumer.

Fifteen Cars of Bullion.

VIRGINIA CITY, Nev., December 4.—Fifteen cars of bullion, amounting to $54,000, and not $100,000 as stated yesterday, were shipped from the Consolidated California and Virginia Mine last night. This makes $444,000 shipped from that mine since November 1.

THE face of the girl that I love best,
In Strauss's photos best expressed.

Carondelet Jottings.

The members of the Carondelet Turner School will give a musical and literary entertainment to-morrow evening at Turner Hall.

The Merry Eight Circle will give a ball this evening at Turner Hall for the benefit of a Mrs. Caughan and her three small children, who are in destitute circumstances.

In the Police Courts this morning Justice Von Gerichten fined Hannibal Dixon and his wife Emma $10 each for disturbing the peace. The fine was remitted on the payment of costs.

The Carondelet Relief Association held its annual meeting last night at the Insurance building with J. P. Richardson in the chair and N. A. Hoock, secretary. The work of reorganizing for the winter was begun and the election of officers ended as follows: J. P. Richardson, President; F. W. Most and W. C. Plass, Vice-Presidents; C. Koehe, Treasurer; N. A. Hoock, Secretary, and E. J. Tyler, Assistant Secretary. Messrs. Blaisdell, Reber, Everest, Waibel, Krauss and Klipatrick were appointed as the distributing committee. Capt. Samuel J. Boyd of the Police Department was appointed as distributing committeeman at large. The bids for coal and bread will be received at the next meeting of the Association, December 11. The association, before adjournment, decided to give a dramatic entertainment on the 18th inst.; for the benefit of the poor, at Turner Hall.

GRACEFUL woman's form divine
In Strauss's photos always shine.

O'BRIEN TACKLES MACKLIN.

A Legislative Contest Growing Out of the Late Election.

Wm. N. O'Brien to-day, by his attorneys, Messrs. Napton and Frost, served a notice of contest upon W. P. Macklin, who received the fourth highest number of votes cast for Representatives in the Fourth Representative District in this city at the last election held, November 2. It will be remembered that the other successful candidates, according to the official returns, were Thos. Holland, J. J. Curley and John F. Walton, all higher than Macklin. The returns placed O'Brien's vote as 26 under that of Macklin.

The notice which covers four pages of legal cap gives the following grounds of contest: The result of the election was officially proclaimed giving Macklin 26 more votes than the contestant, who submits that in Precinct 122 the judges returned but 80 votes for him (O'Brien), whereas 125 were then and there cast for him, but through a mistake of the judges 50 of said votes were not counted for contestant.

O'Brien further claims that at Precinct 50 500 votes were cast for him and not counted, because of the mistake and negligence of the judges at that precinct. These facts, O'Brien claims, made Macklin's votes in the district 3,942 and his own 4,461, giving him a plurality of votes over Macklin, and electing him as one of the four Representatives to which the district is entitled. A notice to take depositions before Justice Patrick Kane on Wednesday, December 8, at 10 a.m., is appended.

NEARLY HALF A MILLION.

Effort of the State to Protect Itself Against the Hannibal & St. Joe Railroad.

Attorney-General B. G. Boone and D. A. De Armond, the latter recently elected Circuit Judge at Butler, Mo., are at the Laclede, returning from Washington. Before the United States Supreme Court on Thursday they argued for the State its case against the Hannibal & St. Joseph Railroad, appealed by the latter from the United States Circuit Court where judgment had been given in favor of the State for $476,000. The basis of the suit is this: The State loaned its credit to the amount of $5,000,000 to the Hannibal & St. Joe Railroad Company and took a first mortgage lien on the road to secure itself. The company subsequently paid $3,000,000 into the State Treasury and claimed that discharged its obligation, but as there still remained interest coupons to mature that were not provided for, the State held the road had not released itself from the mortgage, and did not, in accordance with its agreement, protected the State in its indorsement of the bonds to which the coupons are attached. The United States Circuit Court decided the matter as stated and an appeal was taken.

SANTA CLAUS must not forget
That Strauss will photograph the pet.

MATTERS IN COURT.

The Will of the Late H. M. Hoxie Admitted to Probate—Legal Notes.

The will of the late Herbert M. Hoxie was admitted to probate to-day. It bears date July 13, 1886, and the witnesses were Thos. J. Portis and Geo. C. Smith. The testator, in a few words on a half-sheet of legal cap, leaves his property to the widow, Anna M. Hoxie, who is appointed sole executrix without bond. The value of the estate is not yet ascertained.

Appeals were granted to-day in the following cases from the Circuit Court: Steinkemper vs. McManus et al; Fisher vs. Evans; Edwards vs. Gottschalk; Lancaster vs. Elliott; Ahern vs. Boyce.

A motion for new trial has been asked for in the Bullenger arson case, disposed of by Judge Dillon a few days since.

The following cases were dismissed to-day in the Circuit Court: Dillon vs. Wooden; Cavanaugh vs. Butler; Brown vs. Hill.

LIVELY LADIES.

The W. C. T. U.'s Closing Labors—Last Night's Proceedings.

The W. C. T. U. were so pressed with work last evening that Mrs. Hoffman's address had to yield to reports and resolutions. Resolutions were adopted calling for a mass convention to be held in St. Louis of all in favor of total abstinence, for the purpose of forming a plan for co-operation, and Miss Helen Mason, Mrs. Cairns and Mr. Wm. C. Wilson were appointed a committee to select the date for the convention. Mrs. Hoffman gave a short talk and several papers were read. The programme of the convention was exhausted yesterday, but the ladies met at the Central Union's rooms this afternoon and informally transacted business that had been crowded out of the regular convention by the press of other matters.

A BIG FAILURE.

Chas. Broas & Co. of Detroit, Mich., Make an Assignment.

DETROIT, Mich., December 4.—Chas. Broas & Co., wholesale dealers in boots and shoes, doing business in this city and also proprietors of a wholesale store at Lansing, Mich., assigned their entire property to George H. Burt, the boot and shoe manufacturer of Boston, Mass., yesterday. Ives & Son, bankers of this city, and Geo. H. Burt & Co. of Boston are the heaviest creditors, the former holding $22,000 of its paper and the latter for $8,000 for goods sold. The total liabilities are about $100,000. An inventory of the stock and assets of the firm is now being taken. The assets are estimated at between $120,000 and $130,000.

It Will Take Weeks.

As stated in the POST-DISPATCH of yesterday the Federal Grand-jury charged with the investigation of the election frauds took a recess last evening until yesterday morning. The adjournment was a concession to the foreman and the other country members of the Grand-jury who desired to reach their homes for Sunday. The taking of testimony will yet consume several days of the coming week, and there will be no indictments until the investigation is concluded. The petit jury having been discharged for the term, no trial could be reached until the next term of court in May unless a special jury should be called at a special term.

North St. Louis.

Men were out nearly all last night along the river front watching for chances to stake off "ice claims."

On December 15 the Buck Stove and Range Company, employing a force of 500 hands, will shut down for a time.

To-morrow afternoon at 2 o'clock Court Edwin Forrest, Ancient Foresters, will attend the burial of Albert W. Chapman from 915 Clinton street.

HANDSOME toilets need display,
And Strauss will picture them that way.

A Party of Banqueters.

A large number of Fort Leavenworth (Kan.) regular army officers accompanied by ladies arrived at the Southern this morning to attend the opera and the Loyal Legion banquet. Among them were Gen. A. J. Smith, Governor of the Soldiers' Home; Capts. L.E. Campbell and C. F. Wilcox. Col. L. M. Dayton of Cincinnati is also at the hotel.

THE LOUNGER.

There are strange contrasts in life. Not only are they found in the lives of different persons, but in the life of one, and when they are met with off the stage and out of the pages of fiction they are startling. Penury is found living in luxury and wealth suffering the dregs of poverty. There is doubtless a law back of these charges of compensation or of relentless cause and effect. Whatever the law the phenomena are plain and are strikingly frequent. An illustration of these contrasts has recently come to light right here in St. Louis. Many years ago there came to St. Louis a young tailor of more than average intelligence, and of a lively, generous disposition, which quickly gained him friends. He prospered almost from the beginning, and built up a trade which netted him large profits. He became the tailor to the "nobility and gentry" of St. Louis and the jeunesse doree bowed down and worshipped at the shrine of his cut and fit. The only proper suit was one which came out of his shop, and a wedding was hardly en regie without plenty of specimens of his art in the assemblage. He lived in high style. He made money easily and he spent it freely for the enjoyment of himself and his friends. He hunted and fished and traveled, dabbled in pictures and became a thorough man about town. This kind of life told on his trade and when the rainy day came he could not meet his obligations and failed. He still kept up appearances to some extent and, for a while, maintained his circle of acquaintances, but gradually the friends fell away, money became scarcer, and he dropped out of sight. This is one picture.

There was one friend who remembered him and sought to discover what had become of him. He instituted a persistent search which was rewarded. Two weeks ago he found him, but so changed in appearance and circumstances that he could not recognize him as the same man. Paralyzed and racked with a terrible disease he lay on a couch in a back room which was almost bare of furniture. His means of subsistance had long been gone, and he was utterly helpless and wretchedly poor. There was one who had not deserted him. His wife clung to him and managed, while devoting nearly all of her time night and day to nursing him, to get food enough to support life. This is the other picture.

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Before this, doubtless, old timers have recognized in the tailor G. W. Alexander, or "Little Alick," as he was known to his friends. He was one of the characters of the city, and was known to nearly every one in it. He was something of a dandy in dress, and his small figure was always faultlessly attired on the street. His shop was for a long time under the St. Louis Hotel on Second and Olive streets and had a big pair of bronze cows in front of it. Then it was under the old Southern. He was an original fellow, full of fun and jokes, and the master of ceremonies at all hunting and fishing parties. In his prosperous days he was one of the street and was looked upon as one of the jolliest and most generous of men. He used to run what was called his "Limerick" train to New York when he went East to buy goods and always took a party of congenial companions with him. He had the English poets, particularly Byron, by heart, and in his way was a patron of the arts, spending large sums of money for paintings which he usually distributed among his friends. He was one of the originators of the King's Lake Hunting and Fishing Club, and with Col. Grif Prather, J. C. Moore, Gen. Henderson and a host of other well-known men made annual pilgrimages to the sporting ground. He will be remembered by all of the older generation of St. Louisans. He failed about 1870 and has since sunk lower and lower until he is in actual want. He lives with his wife in the second story of 317 South Seventh street. He is paralyzed in one side and has Bright's disease. For two years he has been on his back suffering untold agonies, and with only his wife to care for him. Yet the few old friends who saw him within the past two weeks say that he accepts his fate cheerfully, and has the same joking way and merry twinkle in his eyes as of yore.

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The support of the hospital charities of this city has become a serious question and the managers of these institutions dependent upon the aid of the benevolent citizens have determined to adopt the plan of instituting the Saturday and Sunday hospital charities which has been so successful in England. There are altogether twenty-one hospitals in St. Louis and fifteen of these are dependent on voluntary contributions for their support. This means that few ladies and gentlemen who interest themselves in the work must bear all the responsibility and most of the burden of maintaining them. The necessity of constantly soliciting aid for these institutions has become an almost unbearable labor which is more unpleasant frequently to the solicitors than to the contributors, and has resulted in narrowing the list of helpers to a few hundred persons who are regularly called upon for assistance. The annual deficiencies are growing larger and larger until it has been determined to inaugurate a new method which will give the public a chance to assist without much personal sacrifice. According to this plan every church, no matter how small, in the city will be asked to appoint a certain Sabbath for the collection of money for the support of the hospitals. For the general public boxes will be put up in public places at the hotels, in office buildings and in the stores with a placard above them requesting contributions of any amount from a nickel up, to the cause. For the general collection a certain Saturday will be appointed and attention called to it through the press. It is thought that a large sum of money can thus be realized from the many who will certainly contribute, and that the hospitals can be liberally supported from the proceeds. The money collected at the churches and in the boxes will be divided fairly among all the charitable hospitals. The plan has almost been matured and it is probable that the first collection under it will be made about Christmas time.

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The young men who constitute the bulwarks of society and who are expected to pony up the tickets, carriages, suppers and corsage bouquets for the opera this week are weeping bitter tears.

They have danced and ate at the houses of their fair friends and they feel that they must do something, but that something is like pulling eye teeth in the face of salaries that have not been increased and allowances that keep the same rigid lines as to size. They are to be pitied, but I can give them a crumb of comfort. According to the best authorities the corsage bouquet is cut out of the requirements in the most select circles of society in the East. A young lady is supposed to have her papa's conservatory at command, and if her papa has no conservatory she must make believe he has, and buy her own flowers. To send flowers is no longer the proper caper, and the young man can clip this paragraph and send it along with his invitation. More than that I am willing to make the paragraph more valuable by stating that it is eminently proper for the young lady to offer papa's carriage and for the young man to accept it. So with the flowers and carriage cut out a fairly shrewd young man, by a delicate selection of menu and properly applied excuses, may survive the week without utterly bankrupting moderate resources.

ABOUT TOWN.

JUDGE CADY of the First District Police Court will celebrate his 64th birthday this evening at his home, 2722 Russell avenue.

TO-DAY Mrs. Merrell of 1637 Washington avenue left a lot of clothing and shoes at the Third District Station, Seventh and Carr, for the poor.

A MEETING of the Irish National League will be held to-morrow evening at 8 p. m. at the Knights of Father Mathew Hall, 1306 Olive street. Mr. R. H. Kern will deliver an address and a musical and literary entertainment will be given.

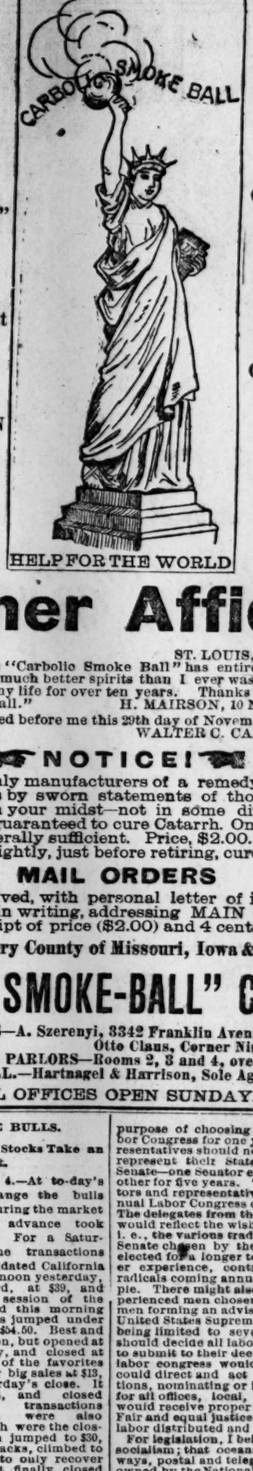
EARLY this morning a team of horses attached to a milk wagon belonging to G. Roth, ran away from corner of Sixth and Wash streets. When they reached the corner of Sixth and Chestnut streets the axle gave way, and the milk was spilled all over the street.

OFFICER MCCARTHY of the Fifth District, about 6:30 last evening, arrested two young men in the yard of No. 2839 Chestnut street while going up to the inner door of the house. A number of keys were found on them. At the station they gave the names of Harley Hall and James McCune, but they proved to be Sterling Davidson and Ed McDermott, two well-known thieves.

An Editor's Death.

DANVILLE, Va., December 4.—Col. J. Richard Lewellen, editor of the Danville Daily Register, one of the oldest and most prominent editors in the State, died here this morning.

Solemnly Sworn!



"CARBOLIC SMOKE BALL," The Remedy That NEVER FAILS IN

Catarrh, Granulated Eye-lids Neuralgia, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrhal Deafness, Snoring.

Another Affidavit

ST. LOUIS, November 29, 1886.

This is to certify that "Carbolic Smoke Ball" has entirely cured me of nasal catarrh, and I am now in much better spirits than I ever was in my life, the disease having been a burden to my life for over ten years. Thanks to you, sirs, for your cure—"Carbolic Smoke Ball."

H. MAIRSON, 10 North Eighth Street.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 29th day of November, 1886.
(Seal.) WALTER C. CARR, Notary Public.

NOTICE!

That we are the only manufacturers of a remedy for Catarrh that back up all assertions by sworn statements of those who have been cured, and who live in your midst—not in some distant State. "Carbolic Smoke Ball" is guaranteed to cure Catarrh. One Ball, lasting from a month upward, generally sufficient. Price, $2.00.

Three doses nightly, just before retiring, cures snoring.

MAIL ORDERS

are filled the day received, with personal letter of instructions. State disease or symptoms in writing, addressing MAIN OFFICE. Sent securely packed on receipt of price ($2.00) and 4 cents in stamps.

Agents wanted in Every County of Missouri, Iowa & Southern Illinois.

"CARBOLIC SMOKE-BALL" CO. S.E. Cor. Broadway and Olive.

CITY BRANCHES—A. Szerenyi, 3342 Franklin Avenue.
Otto Claus, Corner Ninth and Montgomery.
EAST ST. LOUIS PARLORS—Rooms 2, 3 and 4, over Post Office.
BELLEVILLE, ILL.—Hartnagel & Harrison, Sole Agents.

ALL OFFICES OPEN SUNDAY.

CAPTURED BY THE BULLS.

Favorite California Mining Stocks Take an Upward Shoot.

SAN FRANCISCO, December 4.—At to-day's session of the Stock Exchange the bulls succeeded in completely capturing the market and a sharp and heavy advance took place all along the line. For a Saturday morning session the transactions were unusually large. Consolidated California and Virginia, which closed at noon yesterday, on the San Francisco Board, at $39, and at the afternoon informal session of the Pacific Board at $46, opened this morning at $53, and in a few minutes jumped under heavy sales to $55, closing at $54.50. Best and Belcher attracted less attention, but opened at $25, $2 better than yesterday, and closed at $24. Ophir was one of the favorites of this morning, opening under big sales at $13, being $3.10 better than yesterday's close. It steadily advanced to $14, and closed at $13.25. In Ophir the transactions for the single session were also heavy. It opened at $28, which were the closing figures of last night, then jumped to $30, then with a few small set backs, climbed to $33, to again go back to $32, to only recover the loss and go to $35. It finally closed at $34.50, being an advance of $6.50 over last night. All the other favorite Comstocks were equally strongly held. The bears, notwithstanding every effort, seemed powerless to arrest the upgo. Potosi closed at $14.25, an advance of $3.87½ over yesterday. Savage at $18.50 showed an advance of $2.50. Sierra Nevada closed at $16, being $3.50 better than yesterday, and Yellow Jack climbed steadily from $9 to $14.50, at which it closed strong.

LABOR AND PROPERTY.

The Views of a Practical Millionaire Employer.

Pierre Lorillard in the last North American Review.

When any one at the present day takes the side of labor in its struggle for existence he is called a "Socialist." To the superficial observer, to the untrained thinker, this word conveys the impression of arson, riot and the unbalancing of all old ideas of quiet and safety of property. It seems incredible, in this age of reason, that the friends and advocates of labor should be classed with Nihilists, Anarchists and dynamiters, and that murder and destruction of property should be considered a part of their mission. That such an opinion is general cannot be denied; but to reach the conclusion that the world is not yet coming to an end by the means of Socialism I think it is only necessary to give a little study to the relations of capital and labor.

In the first place, what is capital? Merely the accumulated tokens of past labor, saved by thrifty and prudent men, for the use of the present army of those who toil for their bread. Why should labor be jealous of capital? One might as well expect the earth to be jealous of the clouds, which hold condensed moisture, returning it in rain to enable the parched land to produce food for its famishing thousands. The capitalist is merely a laborer, who, by industry and judicious savings, has condensed some of labor's past wages to distribute them to his fellows that they may again produce a living and that some small portion may be recondensed to reproduce itself and enable suffering humanity to live. That labor should quarrel with capital seems as strange to an intelligent being as that young birds should be jealous of their mother's experience, which fits her to provide for their helpless daily wants.

The rights of labor at this time engage the attention of all intelligent persons, and the future of capital and labor makes old women and miserly capitalists shudder, for fear of parting with their dollars in acknowledging the rights of their co-laborers. They forget that they are merely the custodians of the condensed labor of poor workers, and cannot justly hold it except for the benefit of other workers who follow them. They cannot bury it, for it would produce no interest. They must necessarily lend it to the laborers of the time to enable such laborers to produce and live.

The rights of labor have been written about in many ways, none of which strike me as meeting the question.

For many years I have employed large numbers of persons, and have carefully considered their conditions and prospects. I have tried to devise some way of benefitting those hard-worked persons who thoroughly represent the side of labor. I have a plan, which I believe is original, for securing in their behalf perfect justice and political equality, so that they cannot say justice is all on the side of capital. The plan I will briefly describe:

In each Congressional district I would have the trades send delegates to a meeting, for the purpose of choosing representatives to a Labor Congress for one year. These chosen representatives should nominate two Senators to represent their State in a National Labor Senate—one Senator elected for two years, the other for five years. This body of Labor Senators and representatives should hold an annual Labor Congress one month in each year. The delegates from the Congressional districts would reflect the wishes of their constituents; i. e., the various trades of their districts. The Senate chosen by these representatives, but elected for a longer term, would, by its greater experience, control the more extreme radicals coming annually from the people. There might also be a small body of experienced men chos

...sworn !

Catarrh,
Granulated Eye-lids
Neuralgia,
Colds,
Asthma,
Bronchitis,
Catarrhal Deafness,
Snoring.

...fidavit

...DUIS, November 29, 1886.
...entirely cured me of nasal
...g in my life. My disease
...anks to you, sirs, for your
..., 10 North Eighth Street.
...ovember, 1886.
...C. CARR, Notary Public.

...medy for Catarrh that
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...3.00.
...cures snoring.

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...' CO. S.E. Cor. Broad-
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...e Avenue,
...er Ninth and Montgomery.
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...DAY.

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BY PERSONALS.

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Brooks Robertson have re-
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Geo. J. Hagaman have gone to
...y, Ill., to be present at the
...of Mr. Hagaman's parents.

...nents by the President.

D. C., December 4.—The
...e the following appoint-

George L. Johnson to
...of Internal Revenue for
...Districts of Ohio; Francis
...on to be Appraiser of
...n the District of Baltimore,
...S. Sharretts to be appraiser
...in the district of Baltimore,
...S. Tice to be Assistant Ap-
...ehandise in the District of New
...New York.

POSTMASTERS,
...Barney, at Waukesha, Wis.;
...an, Warsaw, Ill.

...ra Morris' Illness.

...ing the encouragement of her
...rday Clara Morris did not im-
...y as was expected, and was unable
...t the Olympic this afternoon
...ulous as announced. The
...presented "Camille" with
...Bierens in the title role. Mr.
...the husband of the actress,
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...t all over yesterday, and was
...ek. She had another attack
...ing which prostrated her.

...C. T. U. Resolutions.

...of the W. C. T. U. this after-
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...cial evil law as partial to the
...appointing a committee to con-
...of reforming erring women
...slation.

MARRIED MAN'S INDICATOR.

Ingenius Invention of a Marvelous Mind.

Washington Letter in St. Paul Dispatch.

The latest genius who has applied for a patent is the man who has invented what is known as "The Married Man's Indicator." It is a wonderful, sensitive arrangement of the ordinary thermometer in convenient pocket size, and is graded to a scale of cabalistic marks, which show the exact state of the domestic atmosphere at any hour of the night. The hard-worked and belated husband arrives home say about midnight. He takes out the indicator, thrusts it in the key-hole and lets it remain there a few seconds. Pulling it out quickly he scans the dial by the moonlight's fitful gleaming. If it marks "S. A." (sound asleep) the poor husband pulls off his boots noiselessly, uses the night-key with bated breath, gives the door a quick pull to keep it from creaking, steals trembling to bed, and when his dear wifey wakes up about two seconds afterward and wants to know how long he has been home, he is sound asleep. If the indicator scores "A. A. C. E. D. K. W. T." (awake, awful cross, but does not know what time it is), the husband puts a few more grains of coffee in his mouth, opens the door boldly and walks in with a slam-bang air, hits his boots intentionally against a chair, wants to know why the devil chairs don't keep out of his way, gets desperately mad on general principles, scares his wife clean out of her crossness and curtain lectures, refuses to let her get up and strike a match—never did like a light at night nohow—remarks gruffly in response to a timid query that "it's about twenty minutes after 10," and then turns into bed with such an apparent awful state of mind that the wife of his bosom is afraid to speak to him, at which he is very sad, of course.

There are other marks on the indicator showing just where it will do to play the "lodge dodge," or the "sick friend," or "been standing on the corner talking to so-and-so for more than an hour," or "General or Honorable this or that from you know where was in town and had to go away on the 2 o'clock train, and he insisted so strongly that the whole party stayed up to see him off, although he was a great bore, and we only did it through courtesy." But the most awful of all the cabalistic signs on the dial is the one at the top, about two marks above boiling point.

When the weary husband comes home about 4 a. m. from the direction of the butcher shop, with a roll of meat held high in the air so that every one who passes can not fail to see it, and sticks the indicator in the keyhole, he is almost too weak to draw it out. With hair on ends in remorse, by faint light streaming in upon him from over the Eastern hills and sweat breaks out upon his noble brow in drops as large as walnuts as he sees the bulb of the indicator jammed smack up against "R. H. S. W. F. Y. I. T. D.," (red hot, still waiting for you inside the door). The inventor of the instrument says that when a man has this terrific misfortune to overtake him, he feels that there is nothing in life worth living for.

He slings the meat out into the yard and braces himself for the coming fray, but says nothing, for nothing can be said. He he ever so gifted a liar, his accomplishment is more than valueless. No lodge, no sick friend, no talking on the corner, no sitting up to see the general off, no swearing that he will never do it again—in fact, nothing will prevail. It is an indefensible case.

He is caught. Even the ghastly gayety with which two hours previous he had said to the boys he guessed he would seek "rest, cuz," might as well be billed for a sheep as a lamb," had all vanished. The indicator having told him the exact state of things, he knows exactly what to do, and that is nothing but get in bed at once and wrap the drapery of his couch about him, pull the pillow over his ears, and wait for his wife's breath to give out. It's awful while it lasts, but it has its use in relieving the unfortunate husband of his great load of anxiety. The indicator is a great invention. Col. Montgomery will allow it to go through if possible.

A BUSINESS PREACHER.

Compelled by the Oleomargarine Tax Law to Give Up Large Profits.

From the Pittsburg Dispatch.

"I'll tell you a little story, but I can't give you any names," said a Pittsburg oleomargarine manufacturer yesterday. "In a little village a few miles from this city lives a pious Presbyterian preacher. His congregation is a poor one, and in order to make a decent living he started a dairy with three cows. He has a great many friends in Allegheny and Pittsburg, who were only too glad to patronize him, knowing that, coming from the old pastor, they would get the pure, genuine butter. All his customers were glad to pay 45 cents a pound all the year round. His patrons were so delighted with the butter that they told their friends about it, and they told others. The result was that the parson with his three little cows supplied ninety customers with about 500 pounds of butter in a week.

"How did he get 500 pounds of butter from three cows in one week?"

"Well, he just bought 500 pounds of oleomargarine from us every Thursday. He paid us 14 cents a pound and sold it for 45 cents. His profit was about $150 a week. Pretty good for a preacher? Well, I should say so. But he's given up the business. Last week was his last week, and he notified all his patrons two weeks ago."

"Why does he quit—pangs of conscience?" suggested the reporter.

"No; oleomargarine law," was the brief answer.

"How will it affect him any more now than heretofore?"

"Because the law requires every package of oleomargarine to be branded in plain letters, and imposes a penalty of $1,000 in every instance where a retail dealer doesn't brand it, and sell it for just what it is. He's afraid of that penalty. I'm sorry, because he'p been one of our best customers. Oh, yes, he's only one of 100. We've been selling butterine to farmers all over the State, who simply make it into rolls and sell it for pure country butter. There will be lots of people in Pittsburg who will notice a difference this week in the butter they've been buying from some innocent old farmer—and some of them won't show up at all next month either. Your paper will show them the reason."

FOR THANKSGIVING.

How an Old-Fashioned Plum-Pudding is Made.

From the Detroit Tribune.

A Detroit artist was found yesterday deep in the mysteries of Thanksgiving plum-pudding.

"How do you prepare it?" she was asked.

"Well," brushing a daub of flour off her nose, "the old English plum-pudding is 'a pound of raisins seeded, a pound of currants well washed, dried, and floured, a pound of citron cut into shreds, one pound of suet chopped fine, cinnamon, salt, allspice, and nutmeg, one cup of sweet milk, one pound of brown sugar, and one bowl of flour.'"

"A bowl of flour? What size bowl?"

"The old rule is 'a pint's a pound the world around,' so a pint bowl is a pound, you see. Mix the ingredients well together; take a thick piece of cotton—twilled cotton is the best—butter it well, dredge flour over it thickly, put the mass of fruit and flour into it, and tie up securely, leaving room for the pudding to swell or rise properly; put the bag or cloth into boiling water and keep it boiling for six or twelve hours—the longer the better."

"Is that all?"

"The next step is to eat it, but before taken a good sauce should be shaken up of butter, sugar, and brandy. Some prefer wine, but brandy is the best, and as plum-pudding time is only once or twice a year one can afford the best.

"I have another recipe more esthetic in its quality," continued Mrs. Congdon, "which I am making for my patrons—a well-tested recipe, for the 'goodness' of which many of our oldest inhabitants could vouch if they only knew whose it is, and this is: To the quantity of fruit which I have already given add an ounce of chopped sweet almonds, two ounces of chopped candied orange and lemon peel, one pound of stale bread crumbs soaked in milk and squeezed dry, eight eggs, cinnamon, cloves and allspice, a wine-glass of brandy, and a pound of sugar. Let the brandy stand awhile on the fruit; beat the eggs very light and add the sugar first, then all the rest of the ingredients, mixing thoroughly. Tie loosely in a bag or form of tin and steam for six or eight hours.

"By the way, good housekeepers prepare their plum-pudding a week or two before using them and hang them in a cool place where they can obtain a richness that no fresh-made pudding can acquire. I make them, you see, in all sizes, from one pound up to five. They are in great demand and save housekeepers a great deal of trouble in getting them all ready for the table."

"Is there anything new in the way of sauce?"

"French candied fruit well chopped are finding favor and I have heard that sugared crumpled rose-leaves are being used, but I think there is nothing better than a good rich brandy or wine sauce. Lighted candles placed around the pudding is a new fad and take the place of burning brandy."

The Favorite Food of Some Noted Men.

From the Pall Mall Gazette.

The meals of Charlemagne consisted never of more than four courses, and his favorite dishes were eggs and roast meat, particularly venison, which was served on long spits by his foresters. Luther preferred Torgau beer and hock to all other beverages. As a young man Melanchthon was very fond of barley soup, and he would often exchange a fillet of meat for a bowl of barley soup. Small fish, vegetables and all kinds of farinaceous food he liked, but large fish and meat he disliked, and he hated all public meals or drinking bouts. Torquato Tasso was very fond of preserved fruits and all kinds of fancy sweets.

Henry IV. was often ill from eating too much oysters or melons. His favorite drink was vin d'Arbois. Peter the Great liked nothing better than Limburg cheese. Charles XII., King of Sweden, preferred a piece of bread and butter to anything else. Voltaire, like Frederick the Great and Napoleon I., was very fond of coffee. His favorite food was oat cakes, but he preferred oranges to any other kind of food. The Duke of Weimar, lady scholar, Schurmann ate spiders as a delicacy, Lessing preferred lentils, and Klopstock, who was a real gourmand, fed on salmon, mushrooms, pastry and smoked meat. Of vegetables he liked peas best and grapes as dessert, together with a bottle of good claret or hock.

Kant retained till his old age a preference for pork, all kinds of pulse, and stewed fruit. He devoted three hours a day to his dinner. Schiller was in his youthful days very fond of ham. An old note-book belonging to a Stuttgart restaurant contains some items about "Meals for Dr. Schiller in 1782," from which it appears that, besides a bottle of wine, ham was every day among the dishes on Schiller's table. Matthisson confessed a preference for peas, beans and pork; Lord Byron for Chester cheese, with ale or porter; Pope was "greatly interested" in venison, Jonathan Swift in turbot, and Sir Walter Scott in roast goose.

A Big Frog.

From the Elmira Advertiser.

A strange object may be seen at the house of Roger Burns, Seventh Ward, this city. The men who were working in the East Hill quarry came upon a soft, shaly place in the rock, which is something new in that quarry. One of the men seized a pick and began to work out the decomposed rock, for such it seemed to be, when he uncovered something which caused him to make an exclamation that brought his fellow-workmen to his side in an instant. In the opening made by him they saw what seemed to them to be the head of an immense frog. They worked more carefully after that and soon had the reptile entirely uncovered. It proved to be a petrified frog, or something that looked very much like one, of prodigious size. It was carefully pried from its abode, and it was not until it was placed in full view that the workmen realized that they had found what must be the remains of one of the largest frogs ever in existence. Unlike frogs, the petrified reptile was covered with fine scales, and the head is narrower and the eyes larger in proportion than those of the common frog. Its position when petrified was that which is common to frogs, save that its head and body are flat upon the ground; indeed, it has a general flattened appearance, as though it had been subjected to a pressure between flat surfaces. In color it is gray, while the scales sparkle in the sun. One of the creature's front feet is upon its head, hiding one of its eyes from view. It was carefully measured and found to be 2 feet 8 1-2 inches in length, and is surprisingly heavy, probably weighing over one hundred pounds. Mr. Burns, who found the curiosity, refuses to allow the frog to be placed on exhibition in a store window, some one having told him that the Smithsonian Institute would probably pay him $500 for it, this being a small fortune to him. He thinks it is safer where it is, as it might be broken if moved.

MONEY.

NEW YORK, December 4, 11 a.m.—The stock market opened strong and very active this morning, advances over last evening's final figures ranging from ¼ to ⅝ per cent generally, while New England made an exceptional advance of ¾ per cent. The early dealings were marked by great activity, feverishness and irregularity, though prices were generally steady, the early movements in either direction being afterward neutralized. Special strength was displayed by Norfolk & Western preferred, Lackawanna & East Tennessee (new), but the principal activity was in Reading, Lackawanna, West Point, Erie & New England. The market became less active later, and at 11 o'clock is active and steady. West Point sold ex-rights, this morning, and was notably strong, gaining over 1 per cent.

NEW YORK, December 4.—Noon.—Money is quiet at 6 per cent. Bar silver, 96¾. The stock market after 11 o'clock moderately active, and prices while showing little animation were firm throughout the list. Richmond & West Point, however, was still very strong, gained an additional 1 per cent, and Oregon Transcontinental and New England became more prominent advancing ¾ each. At noon the market is active and firm. Government securities: 3s, 100¾; 4s, coupon 129¾; 4½s, coupons 110¾; Pacific 6s, of '95, 123.

NEW YORK, 3 p. m.—The stock market became firm and steady on a moderate business soon after noon and continued so until the close.

BOSTON, December 4.—Mexican bonds, 4s, 52¼@52¾; 7s, 55¼ bid; scrip, 80 offered; common, 15⅜@15½.

LONDON, December 4, 2 p. m.—Consols opened at 100 15-16 for money and 101 1-16 for the account, and closed at 100 15-16 for money and 101⅛ for the account.

New York Stock Quotations.

Corrected daily by Matthews & Whitaker, bankers and brokers, 121 North Third street, St. Louis, Mo.

STOCKS.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Canada Southern	67	67⅜	66⅞	67⅜
Canadian Pacific	69⅜	.....	.....	69⅜
Central New Jersey	53⅜	54	53⅜	53⅝
Central Pacific	50	50	49⅝	49⅝
C., St. P., M. & O.	53⅜	54	53⅜	53⅝
do pfd	115⅛	.....	.....	115⅛
C., R. I. & P	127⅛	.....	.....	127⅛
C., B. & Q.	.....	.....	.....	.....
C., M. & St. P	95⅜	95⅜	95	95⅜
C. & N. W. com	120¾	120⅝	120⅛	120⅝
Del., Lack. & West	143⅜	143⅜	143⅛	143½
Del. & Hudson	106	.....	.....	106
Denver & Rio Grande	34⅞	35⅛	34⅞	35⅛
East Tenn. com	95	95⅛	94⅝	94⅝
East Tenn. pfd	78⅜	78⅜	78	78
Erie com	37⅝	38⅛	37⅝	38
Erie pfd	78	78⅛	78	78
Erie 2d mtg. bond	101⅜	102⅛	101⅜	102
Houston & Texas	.....	.....	.....	.....
Illinois Central	134	.....	.....	134
Ind., B. & West	15⅝	15⅝	15⅜	15⅜
Lake Shore	100⅝	100⅝	100	100
Louisville & Nashville	63⅜	64⅛	63⅜	64⅛
Michigan Central	96⅜	96⅜	96	96
Missouri Pacific	115⅜	116⅛	115½	115⅝
Mobile & Ohio	17⅜	17⅜	17	17⅛
Manhattan Elevated	164	164	164	164
N. Y. & New Eng	63¾	64¼	63½	64
New York Central	117⅛	117⅜	116⅝	116⅝
N. Pacific com	31¼	31¼	30⅝	30⅞
do pfd	66⅜	66⅜	65⅝	66⅛
Ohio Southern	23⅝	24	.....	24
Oregon Trans	37⅜	37⅜	37⅛	37⅛
O. N. & Trans. Co	107⅜	107⅜	106⅝	107⅛
Ohio & M. com	148⅜	148⅜	145	145⅛
Pacific Mail	50⅝	50⅝	50	50⅛
Phila. & Reading	49⅝	50	49	49¼
Pullman Palace	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Paul & Duluth com	63¾	63¾	63	63
do pfd	112	.....	.....	112
St. L. & S. F. com	94	94⅜	94	94⅜
St. L. & S. F. 1st pfd	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. L. & S. F. 2d pfd	69¾	70	69¾	70
St. L., K. & N	.....	.....	.....	.....
Texas & Pacific	26⅝	26⅞	26⅛	26⅝
Texas & Pacific Income	.....	.....	.....	.....
Union Pacific	66⅛	66⅞	65⅞	66⅛
Wab., St. L. & P. com	23⅝	23⅝	23⅜	23½
do pfd	41⅜	41⅜	40⅝	40⅝
Western U. T. Co	78⅛	79⅛	78⅛	78⅝
West Shore Bonds	105¾	.....	.....	105¾

ENGLISH CONSOLS — Cash—Opening, 100 15-16; closing, 100 15-16.

ENGLISH CONSOLS — Account — Opening, 101⅛; closing, 101⅛.

Local Bonds.

Corrected daily by James Campbell, Banker and Broker, 307 Pine street.

U. S. BONDS.

	WHEN DUE.	INTEREST PAYABLE.	BID.	ASK.
3 ⅝ cent bonds		M. A. N. & F.	100⅜	100⅝
4½ ⅝ cent bonds	1891	J. S. D. & M.	111⅜	112
4 ⅝ cent bonds	1907	J. & J. O.	128½	128⅝

ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.

City 4s sterling, 10-20s	1902	May and Nov.	101⅛	103
City 4s sterling, 10-20s	1903	Jan. and July	102⅜	103⅜
City 5s sterling, 10-20s	1900	June and Dec	103⅜	104⅛
City 6s currency	1900	Jan. and July	109	113
City 6s currency	1886–87	Various	101⅛	102
City 6s gold	1892–93	Various	110¾	111
City 6s sterling	1892	June and Dec	101⅛	102
City 6s water	1887	June and Dec	101⅛	102
City 6s water	1890	June and Dec	107⅜	108½
City 6s water	1892	Apr. and Oct.	110¾	110
City 6s bridge approach	1892	June and Dec	110⅜	111⅛
County 6s gold	1892–93	Jan. and July	104⅜	106
County Park	1905	Apr. and Oct.	123	125

RAILWAY BONDS.

Mo. Pac. 1st m 6s	1888	Feb. and Aug	104⅛	104⅝
Mo. Pac. Consols	1920	May and Nov.	114	115
Mo. Pac. 2d m 7s	1891	Jan. and July	118	119
Mo. Pac. 3d	1906	May and Nov.	122¾	123
No. Mo. 1st m 7s	1895	Jan and July	117	117½
C., St. L. & N. O. 1st m 6s	1886	Feb. and Aug	104⅜	113⅜
K. C. P. 1st m 6s	1896	June and Dec	108	111½
K. C. P. D. Ex. 6s	1899	May and Nov.	104½	105½
K. C. P. Consols 6s	1910	May and Nov.	99	99
St. L. & M. 1st 7s	1892	Feb. and Aug	113	113⅝

CLEARING-HOUSE STATEMENT.

Clearings	$2,741,176
Balances	808,112

Mining Stocks.

Name.	Bid.	Asked.
Granite	$50 00	$51 00
Gould Hopes	8 00	8 75
Adams	6 25	6 50
Sheridan	2 85	3 00
Caucus	2 50	2 60
Yavapai	1 90	95
Mexican Improvement	1 90	2 00
Ideal	1 10	1 11
Laclede	.....	65
Quincy	05	10
West Granite	.....	1 20
Hope	46 00	.....

Weekly Bank Statement.

NEW YORK, December 4.—The weekly bank statement shows the following changes: Reserve, decrease, $2,701,800; loans, increase, $8,302,000; specie, decrease, $1,725,800; legal tenders, increase, $342,400; deposits, increase, $5,378,600; circulation, decrease, $19,300. The banks now hold $26,165,950 in excess of the 25 per cent rule.

COMMERCE.

LARGE REALIZING BY LONGS.

Wheat Declines, but Shows Great Strength as Does Corn and Pork.

By telegraph from Jones, McCormick & Kennett, Chicago, to the Post-Dispatch.

CHICAGO, December 4, 1 p. m.—The report of weaker cables broke the curb market this morning. This weakness brought out a great many selling orders at the opening of the regular board and May sold at 86c. The scalpers took hold at this price and, aided by scattered orders to buy on, gave the market a better tone. After the confusion attending the opening had subsided the early weak cables were contradicted and strong and higher cables followed. This fact, in addition to the large buying of Hutchinson, R. W. Clark and this firm, advanced the price rapidly. During the first hour the selling was principally by houses trading for Eastern accounts, and at the first indication of advancing prices the same houses recovered what wheat was sold. The realizing to-day above 86½c was large; in fact, all the morning bulls seemed willing to accept their profits and being Saturday many evened up for the week. The million wheat sold by W. S. Booth was supposed to be for Bloom. It was denied and is now credited to the Trega crowd. On the last break to 4c, Singer was the most conspicuous buyer. He got wheat from scalpers and the crowd who were playing for a break, but the break did not come, and just at close in attempting to cover caused a sudden reaction and ½c advance. Long wheat sold in past three days has been well taken by new bulls and operators who have been confident of higher prices. For that reason the market has generally looked bullish on. The transactions in wheat to-day have far exceeded any of recent date. Business has been so large that no one has yet made close estimates on the visible for next week. The guess is about 800,000 bu increase.

Corn opened steady and showed no inclination to sympathize with the easy opening in wheat. The sales were taken by Kammerer and this house, but for most of the morning the trading was light and confined to the scalpers. At times it followed the weakness in wheat, but at no time did it look heavy or was much offered for sale. The close is strong, and on all small declines we advise buying.

Pork has been neglected, and at no time have transactions been large. The opening was the lowest point of the day, and as with corn the nervous wheat market exerted no influence on it. The close is encouraging to the bulls and we predict higher markets.

Closing Prices—3 P. M.

Reported daily by S. W. COBB & CO., 317 and 319 Chamber of Commerce, St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS:

	Closing Yesterday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closing To-day.
WHEAT.				
Dec.	80⅜	81⅜	81⅛@80⅝	80⅝ b
Jan.	82¼	83⅜	83⅛	82⅝ a
Feb.	84	85⅜	84⅝	84⅛
May	85⅛	86⅝	86⅛	85⅝ a
CORN.				
Dec.	36½	36⅝	36⅝	36¼ b
Jan.	36⅝	36⅝	36⅝	36⅜@36⅝
Feb	37⅛	37½	37½	37⅜
May	41	40⅝	40⅝	40⅜
OATS.				
Dec.	27½	.....	.....	27⅜ b
May	31⅜	31½	31½	31½ a
CHICAGO:				
WHEAT.				
Jan.	79⅜	79⅝	78⅝	79⅛@78⅝
Feb	80⅜	80⅝	79⅝	80⅛
May	86⅝	87	85⅝@86	86⅛
CORN.				
Jan.	38⅝	38⅝	38⅛	38⅜@38½
Feb.	39⅛	39	38⅜	38⅝@38⅞
May	44	44	43½	43⅝@43⅞
OATS.				
Jan.	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛ b
May	31⅜	31⅜	31⅜	31½ a
PORK.				
Jan.	11.12	11.20	11.02	11.17@20
Feb	11.22	11.27	11.17	11.27 a
May	11.52	11.57	11.42	11.57 a
LARD.				
Jan.	6.20@22	6.25	6.24	6.22 b
Feb.	6.30	6.35	6.30	6.32
May	.....	6.55	6.55	6.55 a
SHORT RIBS.				
Jan.	5.62	5.65	5.60	5.65
Feb.	5.65	5.67	5.62	5.67
Mch.	5.75	5.75	5.70	5.75 a

NEW YORK—Wheat—December, 89c; January, 90¼c b; February, 91⅜c b; May, 96½c b. Corn, December, 42c; January, 42⅝@42½c; February, 50½c; May, 52½c. Oats—December, 34½c b; January, 35⅛c b; February, 35⅜c b; May, 37⅜c a.

TOLEDO—Wheat—December, 82½c; January, 83c; May, 90c a.

DULUTH—Wheat—December, 79c a; January, 80c a; May, 87½c.

Movements of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

PORTS.	RECEIPTS. Wheat.	RECEIPTS. Corn.	SHIPMENTS. Wheat.	SHIPMENTS. Corn.
St. Louis	19,725	16,945	21,094	576
Chicago	72,200	76,747	20,000	48,000
Milwaukee	21,945	480	14,395	200
Baltimore	85,499	11,948	47,600	.....
Toledo	17,473	13,692	2,000	5,011
New York	121,100	81,800	137,054	114,792
Detroit	22,825	24,508	5,220	4,059
Minneapolis	15,056	.....	66,300	.....
Duluth	93,552	.....	157,000	.....
Cleveland	10,000	6,500	13,000	26,000
Philadelphia	13,582	12,864	14,895	6,189

Stocks of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	Wheat bu.	Corn bu.	Oats bu.	Rye bu.	Barley bu.
To-day	4,553,296	807,346	531,806	24,870	114,369
Yes'dy	4,548,238	805,254	532,106	26,934	114,310
	No. 2 Red.	No. 2.	No. 2.	No 2	No. 2.
To-day	3,919,454	473,349	444,709	17,479	.....
Yes'dy	3,912,823	470,569	444,809	19,543	.....

St. Louis Markets.

FORENOON SESSION, CLOSING 1 P. M.

Minneapolis advises that millers advance prices on wheat 1c, and that receipts will continue light for a few days, as farmers' deliveries are nearly nothing.——The Ohio State Board of Agriculture report the area sown to wheat at 101 per cent and the estimated acreage as 2,741,000 acres; condition, 97. Condition live stock good, except hogs, as the cholera is prevalent.—Carruthers & New York estimates stocks of wheat in the United Kingdom are 10,000,000 bu, against 27,000,000 bu same time last year. This report is 5,000,000 bu less than the latest lowest estimates received.—Receipts of wheat at the eleven primary points for past week were 4,184,500 bu and shipments 2,462,500 bu. This is a decrease as compared with the previous week of 154,000 bu in receipts and 219,300 bu in shipments.—Duluth estimates that her stock of wheat Monday will show a decrease of 250,000 bu.

Wheat—The early Chicago curb and the public cables gave the bulls hopes of a still further elevation in prices, the former being up to 86¾c for May and the cables still strong, spot to higher, cargoes to arrive and off coast better for all classes of wheat and demand good. The first private cables confirmed the public ones, too, New York wiring that "London wheat market strong, 3d dearer asked, buyers hesitating. Indian wheat shade lower." "Liverpool harder, but less brisk." A later London read: "Wheat market decidedly weaker, and right after this a curb came down from Chicago that knocked off 86⅛. This rapid change surprised but did not demoralize or even depress buyers, and they went into the market stoutly and took in everything offered. It was a very good deal, too, as a large amount of long wheat came out for sale and the bears took advantage of the weak appearance of other markets to sling our own around in considerable amount in the way of short stuff. A decline of ½c was worked, but there was too much bull in the market for it to stay down, and the buyers now willing to take hold at the decline. Prices recovered stiffly and sales were finally made 4c above the bottom. Again they fell back only to recover again, this time going 4c above the first advance and the close was about the same as that of yesterday. Exports for the week ending Friday from four Atlantic ports were 217,350 bbls and sacks flour and 1,359,860 bu wheat, a large increase over last week's. Estimates for the next visible were from 500,000 to 750,000 decrease to 500,000 increase. There will probably be a small increase. Spot grades were higher, No. 2 red selling at 1c advance, with buyers and speculators buying. No. 2 red, 86c regular, 86¼c this side; No. 3 red, 76½c in E.; No. 4, 73c bid for C. and St. L.; No. 2 Mediterranean, 78c bid; No. 3 do, 75c bid. Rejected, ...

Corn was ¼c lower at the opening merely through sympathy with wheat, for the feeling was firm and the demand easily equalled the offerings. Receipts at principal points were no better than they have been of late and for the week amounted to 1,873,177 bu, while shipments were 1,499,442 bu, which indicates a good decrease in the next visible supply report. Cables were strong, though no higher, and demand good on the other side. There was no recovery from the first decline, but afterwards came a period of weakness, a decline in Chicago causing enough selling to put prices down 4c. Late the tone was better and the market improved, closing ¼@¾c below yesterday. Exports from four Atlantic ports were placed at 780,475 bu for week ending Friday. Spot grades were steady and in order demand, though most of the No. 2 sold to shorts. No. 2, 36¼@36⅜c regular, 36¼@36½c this side; No. 3, 34¾c E. side, 35c in C.; No. 4, 33½c bid for C.; No. 2 white, 36c in C.; No. 3 do, 35c bid this side and for U.; no grade, 34c bid for C.

Oats—Futures were strong early in the day and May sold at 32c advance, but it fell back ½c afterward. There was not much interest taken in the market and trading was small. Spot grades were steady, but quiet, as not much were offered or wanted. No. 2, 27½c regular, 28¼c bid for St. L.; 28¾c for M.; No. 3, 28c asked for St. L. and bid for M.

Rye—Higher, but bids of 53c for No. 2 regular and 53½c for St. L. failed to purchase; No. 3 held at 51c, bid 50c.

Flour firm and tending up, with a fair demand, but buyers not inclined to take hold freely as yet at the prices asked. Patents, $4.15@4.50; straights, $3.65@3.85; clears, $3.25@3.55; mediums, $2.40@2.85; low grades, $2@2.20. Quotations of the St. Louis Flour Dealers' Association were: XX, $2.20@2.30; XXX, $2.50@2.60; family, $2.70@2.85; choice, $3.20@3.30; fancy, $3.50@3.60; extra do, $3.80@4; patents at $4.15 @4.50. These prices are for lots on arrival at the depot or levee; order lots higher.

Rye Flour—Quiet at $3@3.10 per bbl.

Cornmeal—Active and firm at $2.05@2.10 for city on orders del.; pearl meal, $3.50; grits and hominy, $2.80@2.70.

Buckwheat Flour—New York—Pure, $3@3.25; patent, $4.50@4.45; Wisconsin, $4.25@4.50; Western, $4@4.25.

Bran strong. Sacked 60c at mill, 61c f. o. b. this side; bulk had 50c bid for country point.

Hay—Firm and demand good. Sales ranged as follows: This side — Prairie, $7@9 for lows and $9.50@10.50 for Kansas; mixed timothy, $8@10; prime to fancy timothy, $9.50@14. East track stock sells about $1@2 per ton below the above rates.

Provisions showed a little life, which was in part due to the fact that it was the first day of the week. This undoubtedly checked trading in up-country lots of dry salt, for which there was a good demand, but sales of only 75,000 lbs of ribs and shorts were made. Sales of pork were at $10.87½ bid. Lard worth 6c, and a sale of 100 tcs was made. Boxed dry salt shoulders sold at 4½c, longs at 5½c, c'ribs at 5.50c, shorts at 5¼@5½c, and pork strips at 5½c. Packed bacon shoulders sold at 5½c, longs at 6¾c, c'ribs at 6¾c and shorts at 7c. Country lard, 5@5½c per lb for small lots in irregular pkgs. C. s. c. hams, 9¾c @11½c. Breakfast bacon, 8½@9½c. Beef—Family, $6.50@8 per bbl; on orders higher, $4.25@4.75 per ½-bbl; dried, 11 @12c; selected, 14c per lb; smoked tongues, $4.25@5 per doz. Tallow—Prime summer rendered, 3¾@4c in oil bbls; No. 2, 3¼@3½c; in irregular packages, ¼c less. Grease—Brown and yellow, 2½@3¼c; white, 3½@4c; straight lots held higher. Salt—Domestic, 90c ₩ bbl. on east and 95c this side. Ground alum, $1.10 ₩ sack—small way higher.

Highwines steady at $1.18 in St. Louis and Cincinnati, $1.14 in Peoria and $1.18 in Chicago.

Lead—John Wahl & Co. review the market for the past week as follows: "In sympathy with strong and encouraging advices received from the sea-board, Western sellers of pig lead have offered their holdings rather scantily during the week just ending, and in spite of the prevailing tardiness on the part of buyers prices have been steady, with a few retail lots finding an outlet at a slight advance over previous weeks' quotations. We do not anticipate any of the situation before us, we should say lead is good property at going values and with anything like an increased demand from the hands of consumers we consider it not difficult to establish an advance. We know of no large blocks of pig led being held

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

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JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

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TERMS OF THE DAILY.

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Six months	4 00
Three months	2 00
One month	65
One month (delivered by carrier)	65
By the week (delivered by carrier)	15

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515 and 517 Market street.

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Business Office	458

TEN PAGES.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1886.

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

EXPOSITION BUILDING (Music Hall)—"Lohengrin."
GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—Downing in "Spartacus."
OLYMPIC—Clara Morris.
POPE'S—Carleton Opera Company.
PEOPLE'S—"Lights o' London."
STANDARD—"The Planter's Wife."
PALACE MUSEUM—Daily from 1 p. m. to 10 p. m.
MATINEES TO-MORROW.
PEOPLE'S—"Lights o' London."
STANDARD—"The Planter's Wife."

IT begins to look now as if the President would have to remove BENTON again and reinstate STONE.

OUR Municipal Assembly is wrestling with the question whether Spiritualism is a religion or an industry.

YESTERDAY was a cold day, but it was not cold enough to prevent the introduction of a new Elevated Railroad bill for St. Louis.

BOB TAYLOR declares that the Democratic party needs more harmony. It may be this idea that keeps BOB'S fiddle in such constant use.

THE Presidential succession bill adds a motive of interest to the unanimous wish that the President's rheumatism may prove to be only a passing ailment.

IF Mr. ELDER should suddenly decide to move his Literary Life to Duluth, the Venice of the Western Adriatic would be brought face to face with a melancholy outlook.

IT is rumored that the Czar is mad. The result of his Bulgarian investment is enough to stir his wrath to a pretty high pitch. Imperial rulers do not enjoy a divine right of successful speculation.

A BOGUS advance agent of PATTI sold to the people of the City of Mexico over $15,000 worth of tickets and then absconded. A patriotic spirit of revenge prompts the hope that the men who contributed to Mr. MANNING'S pneumonia were among the deluded purchasers of these bogus tickets.

A PARTY of Prohibitionists at Cartersville, Ga., recently closed up a wine-room by disguising themselves at night, wrecking the building in which it was located and warning the proprietor to give up the business. Kukluxism, as an auxiliary of moral suasion, may produce immediate results; but the reaction is bound to be hurtful.

CONGRESSMAN FREDERICKS of Iowa has resigned because he could not get a favorite appointed Postmaster at Iowa City. This incident may suggest a scheme to the President for getting rid of offensive Congressmen, but it would not often work successfully. The Congressman who resigns his seat out of revenge is not equipped with enough brain power to shine in politics or to inflict serious damage on his enemies.

THE new military bill introduced in the German Reichstag makes the peace-footing of the army one per cent of the entire population of the country. The champions of the bill point to the active military preparations of France as creating a necessity for its passage; while the members who oppose it declare themselves unwilling to increase the present tax rate which imposes such a grievous burden on the Nation.

Mr. JAMES CARMICHAEL will contest the election of Mr. THOMAS GRIMES in the Fourth Congressional District of Georgia. GRIMES received 2,909 votes and CARMICHAEL 330. The contest rests on the allegation that voters were persuaded that none but Democrats would be allowed to vote. CARMICHAEL'S candidacy was regarded as a joke, and he is probably influenced by the absurd example of THORNE, who insists upon contesting the election of Speaker CARLISLE.

THE disagreement which culminated in the resignation of the French Ministry began in opposition to the budget. The peace-loving instinct, the natural tendency of a Republic to attend to its own affairs, was not in accord with the tendency of the Ministry to cut a figure in European politics with a grander military establishment. A prospective connection of France with Russia in opposition to a combination of Germany, Austria and England was suspected to be the motive of the Ministry's policy, and the first fruit of this suspicion was the movement for a large increase of the German army. To be forced into a military expenditure competition with Germany, as a means of maintaining peace, was not exactly the French idea of peace. The fiscal burdens of France are already enormous, and her frugal and thrifty people are wise enough to see that the best thing for her, even if she meditates "revanche," is to attend to her own business and husband her resources till her opportunity comes without her seeking it in an unnatural alliance with Russia.

THE BENTON CASE.

"The individual who opposes the policy of an Administration has no business in office under it." This is the fundamental premise from which all the conclusions of the advocates of a partisan civil service are drawn. They assume its general acceptance by the common sense of the country as a self-evident, undebatable truth. And it is opposition to the Administration's policy, not opposition to the policy of the Administration's party, which is set up as a disqualification of the office-holder, and as a complete justification of his removal, no matter how faithfully and well he may discharge his official duties.

It is upon this ground they have justified the removal of District Attorney STONE for making Republican speeches, and the refusal to remove District Attorney BENTON for making Democratic speeches. But on the same ground they are bound to justify the removal of District Attorney BENTON, if it shall be found upon investigation that his Democratic speeches were, as is now charged, as full of "opposition to the policy of the Administration" as were the Republican speeches of District Attorney STONE. Now, note what follows as a matter of inexorable logic.

Mr. BENTON or any other Democratic office-holder under a Democratic Administration may find his party and his people overwhelmingly opposed to the Administration's policy on the coinage question, the bank question, the tariff question, the land question; but no matter how many nor how important the questions upon which the Administration and its party differ, the office-holder aforesaid must oppose the policy of the party and the people, not the policy of the Administration. If he finds himself sympathizing with the opposition to the latter it is his duty to resign; he has no business in office under an Administration whose policy he opposes, and as soon as any symptom of such opposition is discovered he should be removed!

Thus does partisan civil service run to seed in the very worst form of personal government possible under our system. The bossism of men in power would thus be substituted for party government, and for government by the people and for the people. Instead of a public servant, a free citizen and a patriot, the office-holder is required to become a mere Administration flunky, the political lackey of the appointing power.

PRIVATE BIAS.

If the Government's suit against the Bell Telephone monopoly can be brought only in Massachusetts, the company's local habitation, the public will take a good deal of interest in current statements about the invariable success with which the company has met all former suits brought against it in the United States Courts in that State. Nobody charges that the Judges themselves profited by the decisions they rendered in favor of the monopoly, but it is alleged that the company fortified itself by placing large amounts of its stock where great profits would accrue to the families, "the uncles and the cousins and the aunts," as well as the brothers and sisters, of the Judges, from their decisions.

When Judge LOWELL'S decision put the stock up from 146 to 154 in 1881, his father held 1,300 shares and his brother 300, while a smaller amount was held by a nephew. When Judges LOWELL and GRAY, in 1883, by another favorable decision jumped the stock from 200 to 228, Judge LOWELL'S brother was holding, in addition to his own 300 shares, an additional 1,300 as collateral, and a second nephew had gone into it, and 1,748 shares were owned by seventeen relatives of Judge GRAY, including two brothers, two sisters and ten cousins. Soon after this decision the stock, which was worth but 130 when first acquired by the LOWELL and GRAY families, had risen to 290, and the kindred of those eminent men were mightily strengthened.

But what of it? The coincidence of the decisions with the family investments is not conclusive proof of any improper bias or of any giving of "tips" in regard to forthcoming decisions. In such cases we have to trust to the tender conscience of the Judge and to his sensitiveness in regard to the appearance of things. There are men in Congress, on the bench and in other public offices, who can sacrifice their own direct personal interests in the discharge of a public duty, but their every decision or public act which tends to promote their private personal interest is credited to the sordid motive alone, and if we can trust nobody whose relatives have interests liable to be affected by his decisions or official acts, then we must distrust every judge and official in the land.

Doubtless there is more or less of bribery concealed under the form of family investment, and men who cannot be bribed may sometimes unconsciously yield to an improper influence from personal friendship or affection. But these are ills we must submit to from which we cannot eliminate them entirely from public affairs. All we can do is to keep the light of public opinion turned strongly on every position of public trust, and exalt stern integrity and fidelity to public duty above all other qualifications.

ENGLISH HIGH LIFE.

It is announced that the society papers of London lament the result of the Colin Campbell divorce case on the reputation of aristocrats among the people. It may be added that the evidence elicited may have some effect in readjusting the reputation of English aristocrats on this side of the Atlantic.

It has been the tendency of English fiction to present a conception of society in England in which the aristocracy and titled orders form a necessary and distinguishing element, a sort of preserving leaven in a composite social state. This view of English life has taken hold upon the popular mind in America, and it is the custom to look to the aristocracy for the highest standard of manners and morals; for while Americans exclude a titled aristocracy from their ideal of a perfect human society, they are profuse enough with incense and compliments when they encounter titled aristocrats in the concrete.

The evidence brought out in the Colin Campbell case is terribly significant, if it can be accepted as indicating any of the habitual tendencies of English high life. The aristocracy is sustained and buttressed with all the weight of tradition, prescription, and the conservative principle of the English nature; but in spite of such resources, it has to contend with certain inexorable tendencies of the times, among them being what Mr. LOWELL calls the "glacial drift of democratic sentiment." Now, if repeated scandalous developments create an impression that English high life is getting to be worse and more unclean than that of the common people, the aristocratic system will find itself confronted with a deep-seated and growing prejudice that will hasten the day of its downfall; for while the English are slow in making up their minds they cling to convictions once formed with all the more tenacity.

The drift of the times in which we live is towards the extinction of titled orders and a simplification of the perennial question of social precedence. This is made manifest in the ceaseless unsettling of the present social arrangement in the world's progress toward another and better adjustment of the social economy, in which error, shams, prejudice and absurdity will lose much of their prolonged dominion over human society.

GEORGIA has more distilleries than ever before, and the production of whisky is steadily increasing. Since nearly all this whisky is consumed in the State this increased production might be construed as signifying increased consumption, but a revenue official explains it as follows: Before there was prohibition in 115 counties of the State there were wholesale and retail dealers in every neighborhood from whom liquor could be bought in any desired quantity. Now it is impossible to do this. The distillers can sell in ten-gallon packages. In this way the increase may be accounted for. It thus appears that Prohibition, which prevails in nearly all the counties, has greatly lessened the amount of whisky imported into the State, but has increased the home production in a corresponding degree. It would be hard to ascertain the result of Prohibition on the amount of whisky consumed; but it is probable that the people drink about as much as they ever did.

IT is reported that Senator EDMUNDS went whimpering to Washington after being snubbed by BLAINE, and sent word to the latter that he "never at any "time said or believed that Mr. BLAINE "was intentionally guilty of a dishonor-"able act or dishonorable deed." It is said also that he added that, as his sands of life were nearly run, he did not want to be involved in any controversy or bitterness with any man. Mr. BLAINE'S friends therefore say through the press to Senator EDMUNDS that such a statement from him, made as openly and broadly as the letter which gave offense to Mr. BLAINE, would regain for him the privilege of shaking the hand that wrote the Mulligan letters. But Mr. EDMUNDS has not yet availed himself of the hint, and it is just possible that the story about his whimpering is a campaign lie.

NOT a single Democrat has yet been elected to office in Missouri who upholds the financial policy of the Administration. If all the Democrats who oppose that policy are disqualified for office under the Administration, the Missouri Democracy will be no better off under it, so far as office-holding is concerned, than they were under its Republican predecessors. And as for the civil-service reform exemplified in the appointment of LANCASTER, the election of GLOVER over a Republican nominee supported by Surveyor LANCASTER and Postmaster HYDE shows where the Democrats of the St. Louis Custom-house district stand. No man indorsing LANCASTER'S appointment could have been elected as a Democrat in LANCASTER'S own district.

AS CÆSAR folded his toga and ceased to resist when BRUTUS stabbed him, so should Mr. BLAINE shut up and fall gracefully at the foot of GARFIELD'S statue when Pig Iron KELLEY goes back to Pennsylvania telling his people that "the "negro laborers of Alabama and Tennes-"see are as well paid as white laborers "in Pennsylvania." Not only did the venerable protectionist's personal investigations compel him to contradict his party chief's statement about negro workers in the South only getting 60 cents a day, but a strike of negro stevedores at Norfolk the other day resulted in their places being immediately taken by a force of white men from New York, who were glad to work for the pay which the Southern negroes had refused to take.

A RECENT number of the Courier-Journal contains these two editorial utterances:

It is enough to make a cat howl to look about us and before us.

It is enough to make a horse laugh to look back and reflect.

The situation in Kentucky must be very favorable for stirring up the animal kingdom.

CHICAGO finds that her loss of trade is going against the grain.

A STATE of emptiness seems to agree admirably with the Austrian Mission.

THE Colin Campbell case gives Editor STEAD a chance for a few more innings.

IN Nebraska every man that moves in good society must have a settled opinion on the Van Wyck question.

IT is understood that Hector will keep under the sofa till the President gets over the knottiest parts of his message.

THEODORE TILTON now resides in Paris. He inadvertently forgot to call on BEECHER during the great preacher's visit to Europe.

THE St. Louis House of Delegates wants to tax the local Spiritualists. If the Spiritualists can locate JIM CUMMINGS and his boodle they should be exempt.

A KENTUCKIAN has been appointed Minister to Paraguay. If the statesmen of that country are rusty on their poker, they should go into training immediately.

FRANK LAWLER says that sixteen majority is as good as a million. Perhaps Mr. LAWLER means that such a majority may lead a man along the devious route to a million; but the journey is very uncertain.

CARTER HARRISON is mad with the papers for distorting his speech delivered before the Nineteenth Century Club. The time may come when some paper will lay CARTER out by giving verbatim reports of his speeches.

THUS writes Col. JAKE CHILDS from the dazzling Siamese court: "Again I waft you a missive over sunkissed seas from far Orient, land of legends." There is no whiff of pneumonia about such a literary style as this.

Mr. BLAINE says that if Senator EDMUNDS will make a suitable apology he will be willing to shake hands across the windy chasm. It is pleasant to find Mr. BLAINE just as easy to satisfy as he was in his anchor-casting days.

FOREIGN ECHOES.

BRITISH efforts to ameliorate the condition of Egypt are not altogether unappreciated in that unhappy country. English influence is making itself felt, especially among the Fellahs in Upper Egypt. Those having grievances frequently come long distances on foot to Cairo, saying they want to see the Englishman, meaning some English head of Administration, whom they seek, feeling sure that they will obtain justice. No less than seven petitions were received in one day from Fellaheen complaining of the oppression of the Pashas.

A FRENCH journalist while probing for some purpose of his own into the question of the feeling in India for Russia and England has discovered some startling facts relating to the iniquity of the latter. The English, he states, in order to establish their domination in India massacred all the descendants of Tamerlane. Russians, on the contrary, are a gentle race, and treat the Princes they dispossess with more generosity. The direct heir of Genghis Khan is now a colonel in the Russian army, and is to be made Prince of Bulgaria. To go back to the seventeenth century for examples of English barbarity over Russian mildness is a stroke of genius.

ACCORDING to a prominent society journal, which probably knows whereof it speaketh, the nobility of England have been slowly but surely casting off their exclusiveness, and now make no secret of the fact that half their princely revenues are derived through the channels of honest trade. Some are merely suspected; others are positively known. Only a whisper has gone abroad of the great Duke who is supposed to be the sleeping partner in one of the most colossal of London stores and it is not generally known that the wealth of another is largely dependent on the sale of heating waters, or that a third does a fine business as a house agent and keeps several hotels. But all the world can buy wine from one brother-in-law of a royal princess, and employ another as their broker in stocks and shares. A Marquis, now holding high office (Lord Londonderry, we learn from another journal), sells his coals on the open market, and his wagons, which bring the coal sacks, bear his august name upon their shafts. An Earl, whose peerage dates from the reign of the Plantagenets, boldly paints his coronet and initials on the improved hansome cabs which, with much enterprise, he has put upon the London streets. Nor is the movement confined to the Lords, either of creation or society. Many ladies of noble birth and acknowledged social position have boldly met misfortune and sought to conquer it by entering trade. The time is fast approaching when the nobility of England will exist only in name, and their present exclusiveness will be swallowed up in the growing universality of trade.

A RATHER singular method not altogether without a touch of pathos has been hit upon by the keeper of a London eating-house for feeding the hungry. Ranged along the pathway in front of the house was a line of men of all ages who had only this in common—that all seemed poor and very hungry. They passed in single file, quietly and without undue haste before a lad who bore a large tray filled with a number of separate packages wrapped in clean paper, one of which he handed to each man. These contained an abundant meal of broken victuals—meat of various kinds, bread and vegetables. When all but one or two packages were dispensed there were no more applicants, but one man lingered bashfully a little way off with longing looks, apparently ashamed to be seen accepting charity. The landlord, who had been looking quietly on to see fair play, stepped out and himself handed a package to the poor fellow and then the door was closed.

THE inhabitants of the New Hebrides are in a savage state of indignation at an outrage lately perpetrated upon them by France, which has just exported to New Caledonia 345 habitual criminals, who are described as weak, ill-formed, rickety and eaten up with disease. Twenty-eight women and forty-nine gendarmes sailed with them. The criminals were also exasperated at the novel addition of transportation to their sentences, and were in very bad humor at this great injustice. The advent of so dangerous a gang fills the British residents in the Pacific with great uneasiness, and they grow daily more anxious for the prompt evacuation of their premises, which France is pledged to execute and the British are pledged to insist on.

A PARIS journal has commenced a vigorous campaign against the nuisance of tall hats worn by ladies in the orchestra stalls of theaters. Formerly women were not admitted to that part of the house, but the rule was gradually broken through, and is now only rigorously applied at the Opera, Opera Comique and Francais. The journal in question points out what will be indorsed by theater-goers all over the civilized world, that, as ladies now enjoy the same privileges as men in theaters, they should be compelled to the same obligations—either to take off their hats or reduce them to the same level as masculine bare heads.

THE publication of Carlyle's early letters by Mr. Norton and some remarks reflecting upon Froude in the early pages, has reopened the painful controversy which took place at the time the "Reminiscences" were published. The correspondents are Mr. Froude and Miss Mary Carlyle, niece of the great writer. Mr. Froude writes to the Times defending himself against Mr. Norton's attack, and impugning the courtesy of Miss Mary, now Mrs. Alexander Carlyle, who, of course, promptly defends herself in the same journal and places Froude's conduct in a far from pleasant light. Mr. Froude charges the lady with discourtesy in not pointing out the blunders she discovered when he returned the original manuscript to her. He also states that she received the proceeds of the "Reminiscences" as a gift from him. While emphatically denying the latter statement Mrs. Carlyle deprecates the charge of discourtesy on the ground that the manuscripts were returned to her only seven days before Mr. Froude left England and eight before the volume appeared. She proves that one of Mr. Froude's fellow-trustees was strongly averse to the papers being placed in his hands and that Carlyle himself gave Mr. Froude "repeated and earnest injunctions" to use the utmost caution and reticence. As for the conversations, there is nothing but Mr. Froude's memory to trust to for them, and that, as Mrs. Carlyle almost too courteously says, "has hardly proved itself an infallible witness." Mr. Froude has so far made no reply to these statements, and it is to be supposed, and indeed hoped, that he will keep to the resolution expressed in his letter of never again either reading or writing a word referring to the subject.

THE BALLET.

I.

With his forehead corrugated
In a philosophic way,
Young Perkins pondered heavily
About the vile ballet,
And sought to find precisely
Where the best opinion lay.

II.

"The opera must not be missed,
For that would never do,"
Quoth Perkins, starting from his seat,
"I'll see the business through,
And shade my eyes securely
When the ballet comes in view."

III.

Young Perkins waited in his seat
To see the curtain rise,
With a bandage placed in easy reach
To put upon his eyes
When the ballet started briskly
Its electrical surprise.

IV.

Against unforeseen accidents
No mortal can provide;
From Perkins' closed and chastened lids
The bandage chanced to slide,
And the ballet with its limber work
Was instantly descried.

V.

Then Perkins, with a quicker pulse
And not a word to say,
Took in the show like other folks
In spite of the ballet,
With a lorgnette pointed tremblingly
To get a good survey.

VI.

When on the next night Perkins came,
Elate with buoyant hope,
He picked him out a better seat,
To give his fancy rope,
And surveyed the entertainment
With a leveled telescope.

Art in Chicago.

From the Chicago News.

It gratifies us to learn that a movement is on foot in proper circles in this city to extend a formal welcome to Mr. Munkacsy, the famous Austrian artist, who is now on his way hither. The West Side Co-operative Union of Sign Painters has delegated a committee of thirteen members to meet a committee of the Chicago Art School for draughtsmen for the purpose of paying royal attention to Mr. Munkacsy on his arrival and during his sojourn here. Local architects and picture dealers express sympathy with the movement, and the prospect is that the famous artist will receive an ovation at the hands of the fair queen of the western Adriatic. According to the present arrangement Mr. Munkacsy will be met at the railway by a large body of Chicago painters, and will be formally welcomed in a brief and eloquent address prepared especially for the occasion by our distinguished Congressional Representative, the Hon. Frank Lawler; upon being conducted to his hotel the honored guest will be made the hero of an informal reception; on the following morning he will be escorted to the stock-yards, the water-works, the lake-shore drive, the soap factories, the lard refineries and other conspicuous local points whose natural beauties would seem to commend them to the delicate appreciation of a truly refined artist.

A $10,000 Bedstead.

New York Correspondent Cincinnati Enquirer.

A bedstead which cost $10,000 would be a curiosity anywhere. Such was the price paid I am told, by Mr. and Mrs. Whitney for the bedstead at their house in New York, on which Col. Oliver Payne sleeps. Whitney's friends here say that after his father-in-law had made him a present of this house in New York he complained that he could not keep it; that it took more money than he could earn to pay taxes, keep servants and sustain the place. Thereupon Col. Oliver Payne, who was a bachelor, gave his sister $1,000,000 to go to housekeeping.

Work and Virtue.

From the New York World.

Such vice and debauchery as are revealed whenever the curtain is lifted before the fashionable circles in the Old World are and always have been the accompaniments of a life whose sole object is the pursuit of pleasure. In a country like ours, where the great majority marry for love and where almost everybody does some work, the virtues of domesticity are seen in their finest expression. The truth in the homely old adage, that "Satan finds some mischief still for idle hands to do," is exemplified in every "celebrated case" like that of the miserable Lord and wretched Lady Campbell. Americans should, as Emerson adjured them, cast out the worship of the Old World and exalt their own country.

Unprotected Carpenters.

From the New York WORLD.

Noting the fact that carpenters are paid $9.45 a week in London against $21 in New York, a Protectionist contemporary finds it "strong evidence in favor of a protective tariff." But what protection does our blessed tariff give to carpenters? Is there not free trade in workingmen in this industry? Surely there is nothing in the Republican legislation to prevent the carpenters from coming from London, where building is dull, to New York, where it is just now lively. Meanwhile, the carpenters are taxed on their tools, their clothing, their salt, their sugar, coal and pretty much every article they use, for the alleged benefit of other workmen, but really to add to the wealth of rings and monopolies.

Bayard's Bully Boys.

From the Chicago News.

The distinguished editor of the Louisville Courier-Journal vouchsafes the startling information that the Hon. Edward J. Phelps, our national representative at the Court of St. James, is a "dreadful little cad and toady." This may be true, but at the same time we're not going to find fault with him; on the contrary, we're disposed to thank our stars that he's no worse. With all his caddishness and toadyism he is a vast improvement over the large and conspicuous galaxy of hilarious inebriates with whom Secretary Bayard has adorned other branches and other stations of our diplomatic service.

MEN OF MARK.

GOV. JOHN B. GORDON'S father is seriously ill at Goodwater, Ala.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND is up and whistling every morning at 7:30.

"SUNSET" COX says it is like being in Paradise to get back to America.

SECRETARY LAMAR considers James Russell Lowell the best writer of pure English now living.

THERE are 1,071 Young Men's Christian Associations in the United States, with 140,000 members.

IN 1779, at the quarters of Gen. Greene, Washington and Mrs. Greene danced for upward of three hours without sitting down.

MR. GERALD MAXWELL is the stage name of a son of Miss Braddon, the celebrated novelist, and he is now a member of Mr. Wilson Barrett's company.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND'S fondness for boiled cabbage may not delight the fashionable people who flock to the White House on reception days, but it indicates his simplicity.

THE resemblance between Attorney-General Garland and First Comptroller Durham is said to be so great that they can be distinguished only by the different way in which they crease their hats.

SENATOR WADE HAMPTON went deer-hunting on his plantation, near Columbia, S. C., last Monday, and in riding through the thick woods his gun was discharged killing the horse, which fell on the rider, seriously injuring him.

THE Duke of Argyll, the father of Lord Colin Campbell, is a small man with a rather ignoble face and a lot of bushy white hair. He wears usually a rusty frock coat and his trousers are always about five inches too short for grace and for His Grace.

TWO years ago James Gleason of New Haven started for Ireland to get a large sum of money to which he had heard that he had fallen heir. He was shipwrecked, escaped, failed to get the money, came back, and recently died in New Haven. A few days after his death the money came.

SEVERAL weeks ago Jim Swan, a noted highwayman, escaped from a Montana Sheriff while handcuffed. The other day his body was found in the Big Horn Mountains. He was still manacled and had evidently died of starvation. A knife and an empty revolver were lying by his side.

THERE lives in Portland, Me., M. Francois Radoux, who was born in Brittany in 1790. He was a soldier of Napoleon for years, was captured by the English and given his freedom for saving an English officer from drowning. He came to this country the year after the battle of Waterloo. He married for his second wife, Susan Dingley, an aunt of Nathaniel Hawthorne. He is in good health and plays both the piano and violin.

WOMEN OF THE WORLD.

SECRETARY LAMAR'S daughter will make her debut on Yew Year's Day.

MME. JANISH considers the Baltimore women the most beautiful in the world.

CHATSWORTH, Ill., is proud of one of its citizens, who, at the age of 90, is cutting her third set of teeth.

LONDON has now seven homes for working girls, accommodating 345 persons and an eighth is in contemplation.

DURING her engagement at Valparaiso it is said Sarah Bernhardt has been playing to houses that averaged $4,000 a night.

IN his thanksgiving sermon Mr. Beecher said: "I have no sympathy with eight-hour men who have fourteen-hour wives.

AFTER a lapse of over twelve years women have again been admitted to the Medical College of Edinburgh. The class now numbers six.

NOW that Miss Sadie Allen has made the passage of the whirlpool rapids in a barrel, every girl in the country with any grit in her will at least go over some mill-dam in a wash-tub.

THE Emperor William receives about 200 begging letters per day, mostly from old women who dreamed that he sent them 100 marks and they opened a little store and got rich out of it.

MLLE. GILLERT, the first ballet dancer of the American Opera Company, is an accomplished linguist, it is said. She is a native of Russia, and speaks fluently in Polish, German, French, Italian, Spanish and English.

PHILADELPHIA girls have a new fad. It is of encircle their waist with a dog collar instead of an ordinary belt. The collar is the kind that is made for big English mastiffs and is furnished with a padlock and ring.

MRS. JAMES BROWN POTTER has written a letter to the London press denying the rumor that she had contracted with Mr. Abbey to go on the stage and stating definitely that she has no such plan for the future.

A NEW operatic star, Fraulein Anna Kirbel, is creating a great sensation in Norway. Ole Bull's son, Alexander, among other experts, is said to have predicted that Fraulein Kirbel will throw Jenny Lind into the shade. She is 22 years of age.

MRS. ELIZA WILCOX, the child of an adopted son of President Jackson, is now a clerk in the Treasury Department. She was born in the White House, and was a baby when the present Treasury Department building was dedicated. A lock of her hair was placed in the cornerstone.

MISS JESSIE BUCKNER, daughter of the famous Confederate General, made her debut at the St. Charles Theatre, in New Orleans, last week. She has just completed her musical education in Europe, and gives promise of becoming one of our leading operatic singers.

THE METROPOLITAN PRESS.

What the Editors of the New York Journals Are Saying this Morning.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, December 4.—The WORLD says: "If the President shall recommend the abolition of the tariff on sugar and the Republican Senators shall follow Mr. Sherman in favoring the same idea, it is not unlikely that $50,000,000 of the surplus will be cut off at a single stroke. This would not be an ideal adjustment of the revenue difficulty, but statesmanship is often compelled to accept the best practicable settlement of difficulties. There is no other tax so universally felt as is that upon sugar. It enhances the cost of an article consumed in some form by every man, woman and child in the country. We would therefore much rather see the tariff on sugar abolished than to have the extravagance-breeding surplus continued for another year."

THE SUN.

The Sun says: "What is Cleveland taking for his rheumatism? Acetate of potash with Vichy water, shall we say? It is a very good remedy. We hope that whatever he takes will agree with him and that he may be twinged no more. But if he wants to cure the rheumatism which prlexies in the articulations of the Democracy, there is just one medicine in the politician pharmacopoia which will do the business. It is an unadulterated Democratic policy, with all the mugwumps strained out. Purge the Administration of the Republican officeholders to begin with, and the Democratic rheumatism will be cured and the glorious old party will soon be as healthy as a catamount and as hearty as a moose."

THE TRIBUNE.

The Tribune says: "In view of the publication of Mr. Benton's speeches, a new letter from the President is now in order, reconciling his position in that case and in that of Mr. Stone. As it may be difficult to convince the public in homespun English that it is all in the line of civil service reform, the President will do well to write in Latin exclusively. Mr. Lowell will probably be pleased to lend him a dictionary of quotations."

THE TIMES.

The Times says: "There is one thing that Congress might do with the surplus revenue, which, though it would not relieve the country of the burden of protective tariff, would be of great and lasting advantage. It could pay the legal tender notes and destroy them. Of course we understand as well as any one can that there is not the shadow of a chance that Congress will do anything of the kind, or that a proposition to do it would receive a moment's attention from the majority of the members of either House. Yet it is not a bad thing now and again to point out that the greenbacks are a debt, payable on demand, and a vicious and demoralizing debt at that which can never be rightly disposed of until paid."

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

Retired from Literature.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Laying aside for one minute politics, elevated Railroad bills, the American Opera Company muddle, etc., I would like to know what has become of Jim Cummings. Yours,

ANNIE DUFFY.

St. Louis, December 3, 1886.

CHIP.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

SUBSCRIBER.—Goldsmith Maid is dead.

SEVERAL READERS.—The epizootic was prevalent here in 1872-3.

SUBSCRIBER.—R. B. Mantell never appeared in "Storm Beaten."

BASEBALL CRANK.—Robinson pitched against the Athletics last year.

INQUIRER.—The Royal gilding is to be had of the leading dealers in paints.

J. C. F.—The lake at Lafayette Park is not sufficiently frozen for skating.

OLD SUBSCRIBER.—Nothing is known of the whereabouts of the doctor you mention.

QUESTIONER.—Address Secretary Quincy Mining Company through the post-office.

X. Y. Z.—The bill passed last winter settled the Presidential succession in the Secretary of State.

X. Y. Z.—Wm. Muldoon, with Downing the tragedian, is the champion wrestler and not a pretender.

CONSTANT READER.—The Browns won 92 and lost 46 games; the Pittsburgs won 79 and lost 57; the Brooklyns won 76 and lost 61.

SUBSCRIBER.—Absinthe is manufactured by dissolving oil of wormwood in alcohol and flavoring with angelica, anise and majoram.

SUSE.—If you know a young gentleman well enough to make him a present, it is quite proper to give it to him when he calls, but more proper to send it to him.

SUBSCRIBERS.—1. A man in normal health can live seven days without sleep. 2. An American Indian paying tax can vote. 3. A Chinaman can became a naturalized citizen. 4. A note or document signed on Sunday is lawful in this State.

CONSTANT READER.—There is no evidence in the life of Meyerbeer that he was ever employed regularly as director of the Grand Opera-house in Paris, but during his residence in Paris "Robert Le Diable," his first French opera, was produced there under his direction.

A SUBSCRIBER.—The improved Pittman is the most generally used system of shorthand. (2) You can purchase the cards at any wholesale paper house, where you can also learn the name of the company which manufactures the scrap pictures marked "G. S. V. & Co."

A Copper-Lined Diplomate.

From the New York WORLD.

Mr. Samuel Walton of Lancaster, Ky., just appointed United States Minister to Paraguay, has qualified at Washington and will sail at once for his post of duty. It is satisfactory to see a copper-lined Kentucky man going forth to the high latitudes of a diplomatic station in the South.

Sensitive on Some Points.

From the Oshkosh Times.

Jay Gould is reported as saying that the duty on steel rails is excessive. It is remarks of this kind from such men as Mr. Gould that will bring the Republican party to time on the tariff question. Every time the barrel of a millionaire is touched it affects the tender heart of the Republican party.

Thanksgiving in Kansas.

From the Kansas City Times.

The two Kansas gentlemen who met in a place of worship yesterday and thanked God that their business of the year had prospered beyond their fondest hopes, and that their lives had been spared for the delectation of their fellow-men, were a probate judge and a druggist.

Having Fun in Mexico.

From the New York WORLD.

A curious mistake has been made in Mexico. The people of that country have mistaken a Frenchman named Thiers, who is visiting the republic, for the late President of France. The presiding officer of the Mexican Chamber made him an address and a dinner was given in his honor. The Jockey Club had fun with him also.

Confessions of a Married Man.

From the New Haven News.

The inconsistency of woman appears when she has 25 hairpins and the whole of her back hair grasped between her teeth and expects you to understand every word that she says to you.

Don't Mail Them to the Dear Demons.

From the New Haven News.

This is the happy season when the average young lady collects the Christmas cards she received last year and gets them ready to mail to her dear friends.

MR. W. C. STRIGERS

Will call on merchants wishing to contract for advertising in POST-DISPATCH. Telephone 458.

LADY COLIN'S CONDUCT.

DAMAGING EVIDENCE AGAINST THE PLAINTIFF IN THE CAMPBELL DIVORCE CASE.

O'Neill Stands a Severe Cross-Examination—Lady Colin Amuses Herself Drawing Portraits of Witnesses—Sensational Developments Promised—Probability that Lady Colin and Lady Miles Will Be Prosecuted for Perjury and Conspiracy—Dr. Bird and the Plaintiff to Be Charged with Malpractice—Unpopularity of the Parties to the Suit—To-Day's Proceedings.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

LONDON, December 4.—[Copyright, 1886.]—Lady Colin Campbell did not come into the court-room with her father and mother, but arrived with Lady Miles some time later. Lord Colin did not appear for an hour or more after the proceedings began. The Duke of Marlborough occupied the corner the whole day, the same as yesterday. Lady Colin amused herself most of the time in drawing portraits of the witnesses on paper. There were no dramatic incidents yesterday. Sir Charles Russell soon finished with the man servant, O'Neill, who was being cross-examined when the court adjourned Thursday night and utterly failed to confuse him. O'Neill turned out to be a match in all points for Sir Charles, who is somewhat of a bulldozer. He hammered at O'Neill from all directions in order to make him contradict himself. O'Neill's testimony was the most damning of any given. He swore to positive knowledge of the misconduct of Lady Colin with Capt. Shaw. He described what he saw through the keyhole with the most minute detail. He was made to repeat his story over and over again yesterday morning and not once did he diverge in any important particular from his original narrative. Nevertheless, I think there is ground for some suspicion as to his truthfulness. His manner was not quite that of an honest witness. It may be ultimately shown that his story was an entire fabrication. It was hinted by Sir Charles Russell that there were

METAL FLAPS OVER THE KETHOLE,

and these were always down when the key was out, and if the key was in the lock observation was impossible. In either event, he asserted one would not be able to see through the keyhole. Possibly the lock will be produced in court and if so the question will be settled. A maid-servant who lived with Lady Miles at Leigh Court in 1882 was thereupon put into the witness box and confirmed the story that Lady Colin and Lord Blandford occupied adjoining rooms at the Easter visit in April of that year. She swore that her suspicions were aroused by the appearance of the things in Lady Colin's room one morning, and that she had seen Lady Colin pull off her slipper and throw it at Lord Blandford in a playful sort of way. All this aroused her suspicions to such an extent that she spoke about it to one of the other women servants. In fact, the conduct of Lady Colin at Leigh Court on that occasion was a subject of common gossip among the servants.

ANNIE DUFFY'S DAMAGING EVIDENCE.

Annie Duffy, Lord Colin's nurse, was the most important witness of the day. She gave overwhelming evidence on the charge that an operation was performed on Lady Colin in the spring of 1883. Her account of the connection of Dr. Bird with this incident was highly discreditable to him. Dr. Bird remained with his patient during her convalescence longer than it was customary, and her suspicions were aroused thereby. On one occasion he remained from 4 until 11. In the meantime Lord Colin had returned home from the House of Commons, and when Dr. Bird came down stairs, he asked the latter if it was not a little late. Dr. Bird replied that it was late, but that he had fallen asleep. She next gave a detailed account of the reception of a note by Lady Colin at the hands of a cabman, in which Mr. The witness said: "I opened the door to the cabman and he gave me a note for Lady Colin, showing me at the same time one addressed, in the same hand writing, to Lady Miles."

"What did you do?"

"I took up the note for Lady Colin to her bedroom. She said, 'Who brought this note?' and I told her a cabman had brought it, and that he was waiting for an answer. She told me to bring her writing desk and when I had done so she wrote a note. During the time I was waiting some one entered the house and she asked me if it was his Lordship who had come. I replied that I did not know. Lady Colin thereupon said, 'I want to see the man who brought the note.' I said, 'The cabman, my lady?' and she replied, 'Yes, show him up.'"

The Judge: She was in bed then?

"Yes, my Lord."

"And did he go in?"

"He did, and I shut the door after him. He came out afterwards with a note addressed to Lord Blandford."

Mrs. Duffy also testified to the complete indifference Lady Colin to her husband, and that the latter had said that she "shunned him like a viper," and that he "could not imagine why she was so cold to him." The witness was warmly devoted to her master, in fact, the servants of Lord and Lady Colin have taken his side in the lawsuits, which have taken place. Mrs. Duffy had once found a book of a very disgusting nature in Lady Colin's bed-room. It was covered with white paper, but she could notice by the name.

Here Lady Colin turned around to Lady Miles and said, "The liar."

NURSE WRIGHT'S TESTIMONY.

Elizabeth Wright, another professional nurse, was then called and testified to a visit which Lord and Lady Colin paid to Argyle Lodge, the London residence of the Duke of Argyle, shortly after the marriage. Lady Colin asked for a latch key but was told nobody was allowed a latch key there except the Duke himself. The witness, basing her statement upon experience during a long period of fourteen years passed in the hospitals, asserted that Lady Colin, far from being the pure and innocent girl described by Sir Charles Russell, was suffering previously to her marriage from the very form of illness which her counsel had attributed to Lord Colin. It is impossible to conceive the sensation created by this announcement, which, it appears, also figures in certain sworn statements which have been in the possession of Lord Colin's solicitors for more than two years past.

THE SENSATIONAL DEVELOPMENTS.

At this point court adjourned. There is now great curiosity to know what Lady Colin's counsel will put in as rebutting evidence. It is said that there are some stealthy surprises to come, and that the trial has only commenced.

It must be admitted that even as far as the trial has gone there have been plenty of sensational developments. It is now understood why the great law officers of the crown, who had been specially retained in the case, should at the last moment have withdrawn from any connection therewith, for as matters stand now there is every probability that the present trial will result in two criminal prosecutions, one against Lady Miles and Lady Colin for perjury and conspiracy, and the other against Dr. Bird and Lady Colin for malpractice.

NO SYMPATHY FOR THE PARTIES CONCERNED.

It is a curious fact that the public appear to feel but little sympathy for any of the parties concerned in the case. Lord Colin, his brothers and father are all of them most unpopular, particularly the old Duke. He is a short man, with a florid face and thick, bushy hair of a sandy white color. His nose is the reverse of equiline, being perky rather than piquant. Nothing is more amusing than to watch him making a speech in the House of Lords. Disreputably dressed, he lectures the peers like a village pedagogue, always rivinr his listeners distinctly to understand he knows everything about the matter in question, and that they are an extremely ignorant lot. His inordinate vanity and conceit, together with his exaggerated notions as to them, are not of a nature to make him popular. An equally unlovable personage is the little, yellow-faced Duke of Marlborough, better known in the annals of the divorce court under the name of Lord Blandford. As spruce in his personal appearance as the Duke of Argyle is untidy, he has neither the unflinching honesty nor the deep-rooted religious principles of the latter. A faithless friend, a bad son, a brutal husband, a drunken libertine, who invariably abandons the women whom he has ruined to the direst distress, the Duke is probably the worst specimen of the British aristocracy in the House of Lords, and the extreme distavor which his misconduct has created in high places was shown, when on the death of his father she Queen declined to allow him the customary privilege of handing back to the sovereign in person, the Garter of the late Duke. There is hardly a capital in Europe nor in Asia, for that matter, where he has not left on record examples of drunkenness and debauchery. The scandal caused by his conduct at the court of the late Maharajah of Cashmere caused considerable annoyance to the authorities at Calcutta at the time.

CAPT. SHAW.

Capt. Shaw, C. B., the chief of the London Fire Brigade, is a man of about fifty, of considerable administrative talent, and has the credit of having been the principal organizer of the Metropolitan Fire Brigade, which, although it has not attained the standard of the New York fire department, is nevertheless immeasurably superior to anything of the kind in the other capitals of Europe. Married to a charming lady of Lisbon, Portugal, he has several grown up children, one of his sons being engaged in the administration of the brigade. Many acts of courage must be placed to the credit of the gallant captain whose only weakness is the anxiety to attain certain social successes, which are beyond his reach. It is probably to this that must be attributed his eagerness to associate with persons of title, and his somewhat pushing nature, which, on one more than one occasion, has called forth the severe animadversions of certain royal personages.

To-Day's Testimony.

LONDON, December 4.—On the opening of the Campbell divorce case to-day Mr. Finlay, plaintiff's counsel, stated that Lord Campbell believed the testimony of Amy Wright, the nurse, that Lady Colin was suffering from disease at the time of her marriage, was false.

Baker, a groom in the employ of Sir Charles Foster, deposed that in June and July, 1883, he saw Lady Colin several times entering the Duke of Marlborough's house.

Margaret Low, a housemaid in the service of the Duke of Argyll, testified to the lateness of Lady Colin's return home from her visits to the Duke of Marlborough. A number of other witnesses were then called to testify to the Duke of Marlborough's visits to Lady Colin.

Justice Butt begged of counsel not to prolong the case by the production of unnecessary evidence. "At the present rate the hearing of the testimony will last a month," said the justice.

Davis, a traveling servant, testified that he watched Lady Campbell in Paris and saw her at several hotels, where she received visits from the Duke of Marlborough. The hearing was then adjourned.

Ample Protection.

Those who wear Florence Silk Underwear are not subject to severe colds incident to sudden changes in the atmosphere. Descriptive catalogue can be obtained from the Corticelli Silk Agency, St. Louis.

MUNICIPAL ASSEMBLY.

Another Elevated Road Bill Before the Council—Municipal Notes.

At the meeting of the Council last night the Tucker bill was referred to the Committee on Railroads. Mr. Haines introduced a bill authorizing "The St. Louis Bridge, Fair Grounds and Forest Park Elevated Railroad Company," composed of Samuel Cupples, T. A. Russell, Joseph Specht, P. A. Pickel, B. F. Hammet, T. H. Jacobs, J. H. Clements, H. W. Kirchner, G. Chandler, and their associates, to construct an elevated railroad from the intersection of Washington avenue and Third street, along Third street to Lucas avenue, west on Lucas avenue to Thirteenth street, north on Thirteenth street to the alley between Lucas avenue and Morgan street, in block 528, west along said alley to Jefferson avenue, north along Jefferson avenue to Wash street, on Wash street to Elliot avenue, north on Elliot avenue to Hebert street, west on Hebert street to Grand avenue, thence across Grand avenue to Ashland avenue, west and along Ashland avenue to Vandeventer avenue, south on Vandeventer avenue to North Market street, west on North Market street to King's highway, and thence south on King's highway to Lindell avenue. The motive power is to be cable, steam or electricity, but no freight cars shall be carried. The time between the bridge and Grand avenue shall be ten minutes and between Grand avenue and King's highway fifteen minutes. Between the hours of 6 and 10 o'clock a. m., and 5 and 8 p. m., trains shall be run not more than five minutes apart each way, and between 10 a. m. and 5 p. m., and between 8 and 12 p. m., they shall be run not more than seven minutes apart. The franchise is to be for fifty years, for which the company is to pay the city in addition to taxes and licenses, $1,000 per annum for the first five years, $2,000 per annum for the next five years, and $5,000 per annum during the remaining years of the franchise.

The amendment to the appropriation bill giving the Recorder of Voters an additional $3,000, was passed with the bill. The next question to come up was the ferry rates. Mr. Cummings asked when the Council committee of thirteen would take the subject up. Mr. Haines said there was no hurry, as the river was full of ice, and intimated that there was no need until the flowers bloomed in the spring. Mr. Cummings deemed the humor untimely. The Council then adjourned without transacting any further business.

The House.

When the House of Delegates met last night Delegate O'Neill introduced an ordinance setting apart both sides of Twelfth street, between Locust and Market streets, for the use of farmers. The supplementary appropriation bill was amended and passed. Mr. Sullivan introduced a bill appropriating $700 for covering the heating apparatus in the basement of the Four Courts. A concurrent resolution providing that the House adjourn December 4 to reconvene January 4 was passed, and the house adjourned.

Property-Owners' Claims.

The House Committee on Claims met yesterday afternoon to hear arguments on the bill providing that the city shall pay one-half the cost of the granite reconstruction of Third street, between Morgan and Biddle streets. The owners of property stated that the assessment really amounts to a confiscation of the property, as it runs as high as $10 per front foot. Further consideration was postponed to hear the opinion of City Counselor Bell on the legality of the relief ordinance.

Good Kris Kringle, come right in,
And Strauss will photograph your grin.

FERNALD'S SEIZURE.

The Experts Sustain the Inspector and Condemn 170,000 Packages.

CHICAGO, December 4.—The tea experts appointed by Collector Seeberger to examine the tea imported by Frank C. Fernald, and condemned by Inspector Langley, have reported. The whole lot of 206,000 packages was condemned by Mr. Langley, and the Board of Experts sustained him as to 170,000 packages. There were thirty-three cases which were decided to be without adulteration and entitled to pass. The condemned lot cannot be sold or used in the United States. If the importer desires to ship it out of the country he will be permitted to do so, and will be given six months to take such action. At the end of that time, if the tea is still in the hands of the Appraisers, it will be destroyed.

Direct from Japan.

We have received at last our importation of Glove and Handkerchief Boxes. Just the thing for decorating for Christmas. Hopper Artists' Supply Company, 312 North Sixth street, opposite Barr's.

Rattling Cans.

At 5:45 this morning a team of horses attached to a milk wagon and owned by the Forest Park Dairy, took fright at a passing fire engine at Sixth and Wash streets and ran away. They ran to Chestnut street, south on Sixth and turned towards Broadway, rattling the cans and spilling the milk. On Chestnut street the horses ran over the sidewalk breaking the axle. About $35 damage was done.

FURNISHED HOUSE FOR SALE.

Parties going housekeeping can buy the household effects of 13 North Cardinal avenue, cheap.

A Pioneer Gone.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

JERSEYVILLE, Ill., December 4.—C. B. Fisher, one of Jersey County's oldest residents, and one of the wealthiest, died at his residence, one mile north of town, this morning at 3 o'clock. He was nearly 80 years of age.

A "NOBLE" BRUTE.

LADY AYLMER'S SUIT FOR DIVORCE FROM HER HUSBAND.

The Wretched Existence of a Pretty American Girl Who Married an English Nobleman—Miss Anna Reid of Utica—Brutally Beaten Two Days After Her Wedding by Sir Arthur Percy Fitzgerald Aylmer—The Decree Nisi.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, December 4.—A recent cable dispatch to the Post-Dispatch announced that a decree nisi, with costs, had been rendered in the English divorce court in favor of Lady Aylmer, who, in August of this year, made application for an absolute divorce from her husband, Sir Arthur Percy Fitzgerald Aylmer, Bart., upon the grounds of extreme cruelty and unfaithfulness. Lady Aylmer was before her marriage Miss Anna Reid of Utica, daughter of J. D. Reid, then Superintendent of the New York, Albany and Buffalo Telegraph Company, and now attached to the Western Union Telegraph Company in this city. While traveling in Europe she met her husband, who had not then succeeded to the title, and whose chances for ever doing so seemed extremely remote, inasmuch as it was then vested in a young man, a grandson of the present baronet's great uncle. Mr. Aylmer was handsome, well educated, and, although of exceeding moderate means, after an acquaintance of over a year won the consent of the pretty American girl to be his wife. The ceremony took place at Kensington, August 16, 1884. Shortly after the wedding the baronet was fatally injured, and the title and estates passed to the grandfather of Sir Arthur, who was old and blind. The newly married pair, upon invitation, went to live with the grandfather at Donadea Castle, the young husband undertaking the management of the property, which, with the title, passed to him a few months later by the death of the grandfather. The brightest future seemed opening before the young people, and Lady Aylmer was showered with the congratulations of her girlhood friends. The estates, located in County Kildare, Ireland, included a yearly revenue of $70,000. The entail, a grant conferring them upon the family is one of

THE OLDEST IN IRELAND.

By the marriage contract the husband settled $5,000 upon his wife, and assured her an allowance of £150 per year for pin-money. The young wife soon found ample reason to regret her marriage, for, as she told upon the witness stand in the divorce court, within two days after the wedding Sir Arthur, while recovering from a drunken spree, attempted to strangle her. Then Sir Arthur and Lady Aylmer travelled on the Continent, and in September last year came to America to visit Lady Aylmer's parents at Stockbridge, Conn. Here they remained for some weeks and the secret of the Baronet's abuse of his wife became known to Mr. and Mrs. Reid. They urged their daughter to leave her husband, but she clung to him, expressing the hope that in time she might wean him from his habits of intemperance. Leaving Stockbridge, Sir Arthur and wife visited relatives in Buffalo, and then returned to England. Despairing of ever working the desired change in her husband's habits, Lady Aylmer last August applied for a legal separation and, at the trial of the case, the whole story of the brutality of her husband was spread upon the records of the court. From this it appears that while Lady Aylmer was ill at a hydropathic establishment at Combe in the spring of 1885, her husband, enraged at some trivial occurrence, struck her a severe blow over the head with a walking stick. In July of the same year he left his wife at Deal, and going to London, was joined by a flower girl called "Rocky," who accompanied him to Dublin where they remained for a month. When asked by the justice how she knew this to be a fact, Lady Aylmer said her husband had told her of it. He returned to Deal in August and was taken ill, and after being nursed back to health by his wife, repaired again to London where he was joined by "Rocky." While waiting to take a ship for Quebec he struck her in the face and assaulted her. The evidence further relates that while staying at No. [illegible] Queen road, Bayswater, he struck her in the face with his fist. Sir Arthur was violently drunk at the time. The house by the landlord on account of the assault. The Baronet did not take the stand in his own defense, but pleaded through his counsel that he had committed the acts while drunk. The decree entitled Lady Aylmer to alimony, and at the expiration of the six months which, according to English law, must elapse between the decree and the granting of an absolute divorce, the amount will be fixed by the court in proportion to the means of the husband. Lady Aylmer is still in London. Her mother is with her, having gone to her daughter when the latter found it impossible to longer live with her husband.

A Pointer on Silk Underwear.

If you desire the best possible underwear, inform yourself by procuring an illustrated price list of Florence silk underwear, manufactured at the Corticelli Silk Mills.

C. H. SAMPSON, Agent, St. Louis.

WASHINGTON EXCITED.

The W. C. T. U. Resolutions and Mrs. Cleveland's Letter on Temperance.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 4.—The resolutions adopted yesterday by the Woman's Christian Temperance Union at St. Louis criticizing Mrs. Cleveland and the wife of Secretary Whitney for indulging in the use of wines at the latter's reception a few days ago, where only ladies were present, has caused no little comment here in high society circles. Mrs. Cleveland has not yet returned from New York —but will do so this evening—consequently it is impossible to get a statement from the lady herself. At the White House, however, reference is made to the letter written last July to a lady inquirer at Lancaster, Pa. In the letter Mrs. Cleveland took the ground that temperance societies were all right, but the proper and most effective practice was for women to exercise the necessary home influences and make, the fireside the temple of temperance ideas. The thought of a wife or mother could do more good in her own family, and the cause of temperance in general by exercising her power in what she termed her proper sphere. Malicious people say the entire letter was inspired and even dictated by the President himself, and, of course, it likewise expressed his own views.

Heating Street Cars.

The problem of heating cars in winter weather has finally been solved by the Michigan Stove Company of Detroit, Mich., which is now manufacturing the improved Garland car-heater. It is an artistically designed stove, finished elegantly enough to suit the most elaborately decorated street car in use. The stove is put up according to the orders of the patrons, and if desired is furnished with a polished hard-wood box, encased in a beautiful nickel-plated frame. The stoves have been designed and manufactured on scientific principles, and will burn either anthracite or bituminous coal. Its success is beyond question, but the particular point which recommends it to street car companies is its economy. The stove is in use by the Detroit street car companies, the managers of which have ascertained that it can be run for 10 cents per day. The company will furnish the stove separate from the casing and forms, or they will furnish the stoves and frames so that the patrons may design their own casings.

Go to Baltimore and Washington via the Vandalia Line, the only Pullman Sleeping Car line from St. Louis to those cities without change.

Crime in Arkansas.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., December 4.—Three inches of snow fell here last night. The weather is very cold.

William Gray, who killed Washington Jacobs, was to-day found guilty of manslaughter and sentenced to three years in the penitentiary.

Coughs. BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES are used with advantage to alleviate Coughs, Sore Throat and Bronchial Affections. Sold only in Boxes.

CHRISTMAS GIFTS FOR EVERYBODY

AT UNHEARD-OF PRICES.

We are closing out our stock of Fancy Goods, of which we have the finest assortment ever brought to St. Louis. These goods were ordered from Europe for our Holiday Trade before the collapse of our Retail Building, and have just been opened. We shall sell them out REGARDLESS OF COST. Don't buy any Christmas Gifts until you have examined our stock.

SIMMONS HARDWARE CO.'S ANNEX,

512 LOCUST STREET.

CLEVELAND'S CHANCES.

JONES OF TEXAS DISCUSSES HIS OWN AND OTHER CONGRESSMEN'S DEFEATS.

Presidential Possibilities for 1888—Dissatisfaction Among the Party Leaders Delicately Handled—The Working Element in Politics — Cleveland's Claws Showing Through the Velvet—Carlisle's Chances.

James H. Jones of Henderson, Tex., Member of Congress from the Third District, which comprises the counties of Camp, Gregg, Harrison, Hunt, Panola, Rains, Rusk, Shelby, Smith, Upshur, Van Zandt and Wood, is at the Planters' House with his son. He was on his way to Washington and this morning missed his train. The gentleman belongs to that company of Democratic Congressmen whose defeat at the recent elections was a surprise to the country at large. "When I passed through here last August, after the adjournment, in company with a number of Congressmen, I was congratulated by many on being the one whose re-election was positively assured."

He is going back now to serve the unexpired portion of his term and will in March retire to allow Capt. Kilgore, his "dark horse" opponent, the seat. He was in the Confederate army, was always a Democrat, was born in Georgia and so was thoroughly acceptable to the constituency of his district. The first civil office he aspired to was a seat in the Forty-eighth Congress, was given him, and he was elected to the Forty-ninth Congress by a vote of 23,504 against 529 for Conley, Republican, and 140 votes scattering. It was then reasonable to suppose his re-election would be a purely formal affair. At the time mentioned the primaries had been held and most of the counties had instructed for Jones, while those that did not instruct were held to have sent Jones delegations because the feeling of the people was that way. As was the case with Fox in the Raleigh District of North Carolina, Carlisle in the Sixth District of Kentucky, Willis in the Fifth District of the same State, and Morrison, over the river, the tables were unexpectedly turned.

"In every community," said Mr. Jones, "there is a minority of office seekers and they are workers. Suppose you take a community of 50,000 people. In that there will be probably

A DOZEN SEEKERS AFTER OFFICE,

while the remainder would hardly have an office if it was given them. But this dozen are the hustlers. If they apply to their Representative for recommendation to an important Federal position and he does not give it they become his enemies. They find other enemies or people who do not like him for some private reason and combine them against him. They do this quietly, and before he or the conservative element of the party know it a mine has been dug beneath him. I refused to recommend men for important Federal positions when I did not think they possessed the necessary qualifications. In those refusals I made enemies. At times there were sometimes a dozen applicants for one position you can imagine the effect. The patronage issue was the feature of the campaign against me. My district is so Democratic that the nomination means election. In the convention my opponents found they had a little over a third against me and secured the adoption of a two-thirds rule. After long wrangling and innumerable ballots without coming to any conclusion, I saw I could not be nominated and withdrew. I had to withdraw with the majority in my favor.

"It was the patronage issue that defeated Morrison, you'll find. The protectionists' agents went into his district, found the disaffected elements and so combined them as to defeat him. Willis in Louisville advocated the appointment of Mrs. Thompson to be postmistress there. The Courier-Journal advocated another candidate. Mrs. Thompson was appointed. When the election came 'round the Courier-Journal opposed Willis for that reason only, but they brought into the campaign his advocacy of the Blair bill, and combining the influences against him, defeated him."

"Will not

THE 'PATRONAGE ISSUE'

affect Cleveland's chances for renomination in 1888?"

"I do not know. He has held to his construction of the civil-service law and that is not the construction all of us would put upon it. He found that infernal law upon the statute books when he became President and he had pledged himself to its enforcement. He is a Democrat, I think—a thorough Democrat—and believes that Democrats ought to occupy the offices. But this is a big country, and it would not do to disarrange the business of the Government by wholesale removals. He has been conservative in that, perhaps too conservative, but he has two years more to make a record for himself, and those years may change entirely the complexion of his chances. The fighting Democrats should read his letter to Stone the Republican suspended for disobeying the order with reference to the participation in politics of Federal office holders. It contains some comfort for them I think. The claws seem to show themselves through the velvet. He said he could not understand how a man could hope to retain an office and then make speeches against the government he served. The cases of Stone and Benton are not identical, and so Benton could be reinstated without any similar action being taken in Stone's case."

"How about Carlisle's Presidential chances?"

"It is doubtful if Carlisle had any chance of being elected to the Presidency. There is a strong prejudice in the North against a man who comes from south of Mason & Dixon's line. It is a great crime even with Northern Democrats sometimes, to favor the South too much, and col. Bill Morrison, with bullet holes through his body received in the Federal army, has to be defended against the charge of being a Southern sympathizer. He was elected to Congress during the war when he was in the army. He resigned his commission, but Grant refused to accept it, saying he was too valuable a man to be relieved from duty in the army. Morrison's friends have to show that indorsement of Grant's to relieve him from the charge of too much Southern sympathy. Carlisle is a good man, thoroughly orthodox; he is a big-brained man and a great man. He is worthy of any office in the gift of the people, but I very much doubt that he will ever be President."

MOST PERFECT MADE

Prepared with strict regard to Purity, Strength, and Healthfulness. Dr. Price's Baking Powder contains no Ammonia, Lime or Alum. Dr. Price's Extracts, Vanilla, Lemon, Orange, etc., flavor delicately and deliciously.

The finest BREAD in the World!!

OUR VIENNA

Every Loaf has this Trade-Mark Label Attached.

DIED.

CHAPMAN—On Thursday, December 2, 1886, at Belleville, Ill., after a short illness, W. CHAPMAN, a member of Court Adven, Foresters, No. 6455, aged 42 years.

Funeral will take place from residence, 915 Clinton street, on Sunday, December 5, 1886, at 2 p. m., thence to Bellefontaine Cemetery.

Friends of the family respectfully invited to attend.

HARTY—December 4, 1886, JAMES E., beloved son of Michael and Mary Harty, aged 31 years, 1 month and 6 days.

Funeral Monday, December 6, at 2 p. m., from family residence, 1217 Blair avenue, to Lawrence O'Toole Church, thence to Calvary Cemetary. Friends of the family invited to attend.

HAWLEY—At the residence of her son, Dr. Thos. S. Hawley, on Friday, 3d inst., after a short illness, Mrs. ELIZABETH P., widow of Reed Nelson Hawley, aged 72 years.

Due notice of the funeral will be given.

Columbus (O.) papers please copy.

THOMAS—Friday afternoon, December, 3, at the residence of her son, ELIZA JANE THOMAS, aged 76 years.

Funeral from the Church of the Holy Communion, Sunday afternoon, 2:30 o'clock, December 5.

WHITSETT, UNDERTAKER.

Satisfaction or no pay. 1304 Olive st. Opposite Exposition. Reasonable charges. Telephone 473.

Cor. Cor. Cor. 4th & LOCUST.

CHRISTMAS CARDS,

5 Cts. to $5.00 Each!

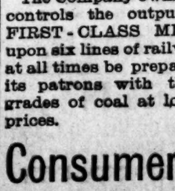
Finest and Largest Stock Ever Shown.

Make Your Selections Early.

Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Company,

Cor. 4th and Locust.

See Our Silk Umbrellas, $2.50 to $12.00.



Windsor Umbrellas

Resembling closely fine silk, are recommended for their great durability, and, unlike Union silk generally, will not change color. Samples of "Windsor Silk" mailed free to any address. Umbrellas may be ordered from all best dealers. None genuine unless stamped on tie, as above.

BELKNAP, JOHNSON & POWELL,

New York and Philadelphia.

REMOVAL!

Wm. Freudenau has removed his office from 213 N. SIXTH ST. to the general office of the

CONSUMERS' COAL COMP'Y,

204 N. EIGHTH ST.,

Who succeed Wm. Freudenau as miners and wholesale and retail dealers in BITUMINOUS and ANTHRACITE COAL.

The Company owns, operates and controls the output of EIGHT FIRST-CLASS MINES, located upon six lines of railways, and will at all times be prepared to supply its patrons with the very best grades of coal at lowest possible prices.

Consumers' Coal COMPANY,

Bell Telephone, 481. Pan Telephone, 435.

General Office, - - - 204 N. Eighth St.

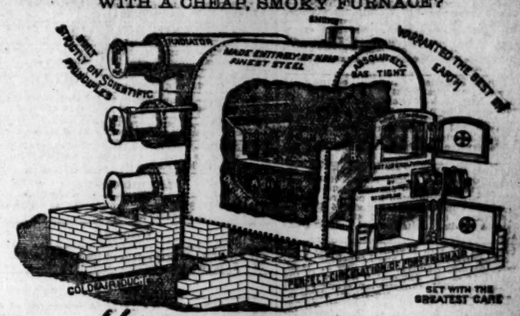
Yards: 221 S. 17th and Levee and North Market streets, where prompt paying dealers may at all times find a full supply.

WM. FREUDENAU, President.

E. S. CLAUSS, Sec. and Treas.

Why Build a Fine House and Ruin It

WITH A CHEAP, SMOKY FURNACE?



The "Home Comfort"

STEEL HOT-AIR FURNACES are guaranteed to be Gas, Smoke and Dust Tight and to HEAT YOUR HOUSE COMFORTABLY IN THE COLDEST WEATHER.

WROUGHT-IRON RANGE COMPANY.

Salesroom, 1008 Olive St.; Office and Factory, 1901-1918 Washington Av., ST LOUIS.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE LAST DAY OF AMERICAN OPERA, 1/3 FARE ROUND TRIP.

Reduced Railroad Fare. Music Hall, Exposition Building.

Seats at Box Office, Exposition Building, and at Balmer & Weber's, 311 N. Broadway.

THEODORE THOMAS.....Musical Director
CHARLES E. LOOKE.....General Manager

LAST PERFORMANCE of AMERICAN OPERA TO-NIGHT, AT 8, CLOSE OF AMERICAN OPERA SEASON,

LOHENGRIN!

Grand Opera, in Three Acts, by Wagner.

HENRY THE FOWLER.....MYRON WHITNEY
LOHENGRIN.....WILLIAM CANDIDUS
ELSA OF BRABANT.....BERTHA PIERSON
FREDERICK TELRAMUND.....WM. LUDWIG
THE KING'S HERALD.....WILLIAM MERTON
ORTRUD.....CORNELIA VAN ZANTEN

BROADWAY & TREYSER'S PALACE MUSEUM.

North Sixth Street, near Franklin avenue.
JAMES A. BARNES.....SOLE MANAGER.
Open Daily from 1 to 10 p. m.
To-Day, Sunday, December 5.
ENTIRE CHANGE OF BILL.
Last Day of P. T. Barnum's Tribe of Genuine ZULUS.

Bring the Children to see PROF. MCNULTY'S FAMOUS PUNCH AND JUDY.

First time here of the beautiful STRATA SISTERS. White Haired Natives of Guadaloupe.

Fred. Howe the Giant Mastodon.

OUR GREAT STAGE SHOW.

Musical Dale—King of Musical Artists. J. M. Waddy—Famous Colored Basso. Conners and Adams Musical Artists. Queen Four Famous Four Famous Singers. Vinnie Cross—Vocal Queen. The Woods—Sketch Artists.

10C. ONE LITTLE DIME ADMITS YOU TO ALL. 10C.

OLYMPIC.

MISS CLARA MORRIS.

EVENING AT 8.

"CAMILLE."

Miss Charlotte Behrens as.....Camille
Mr. Henry Miller as.....Armand

Saturday, Dec. 5—The Main Line.

POPE'S CARLETON OPERA COMPANY. LAST PERFORMANCE OF THE

This Evening at 8,

"NANON."

Sunday—Hicks & Sawyer's Minstrels.

THE LAST ANNUAL

SCOTT RECITALS

Entertainment Hall, Exposition Building,

TUESDAY EVENING, DEC. 14.

A choice programme of Recitals and Sir Charles Young's Comedietta,

"DRIFTED APART."

Tickets, including reserved seat, 75 cents. Diagram at Balmer & Weber's Tuesday, Dec 7.

PICKWICK THEATER.

Thursday Eve., December 9,

Berry Mitchell as Claude Melnotte,

In Bulwer's Beautiful Play,

"THE LADY OF LYONS."

Supported by Miss Ada Bryant and a First-Class Company. Tickets now on sale at Balmer & Weber's Music Store.

People's Theater.

TO-NIGHT AT 8.

Great Success of the Realistic Drama,

★LIGHTS O' LONDON.★

Sunday night, December 5—Dan'l Sully in his new play, "Daddy Nolan."

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE

EVERY EVENING.

America's Brilliant Young Tragedian,

ROBT. DOWNING!

As Spartacus, the Gladiator.

Under the management of Mr. Jas. H. Mack. Historical scenery, gorgeous costumes, strong company, and the world's famous athlete, WM. MULDOON, as the FIGHTING GAUL. December 6—Robson and Crane.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE—EXTRA.

Commencing MONDAY, DEC. 6.

The Comedians,

ROBSON AND CRANE.

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday Nights and at the Saturday Matinee,

MERRY WIVES OF WINDSOR.

Thursday and Friday Nights,

COUSIN [illegible]

Box sheet now open.

OLYMPIC

TO-MORROW NIGHT, TO-MORROW NIGHT,

The Main Line
The Main Line
The Main Line

With the Most Novel and Realistic Scenery Ever Seen on the Modern Stage.

Buy Your Tickets in Time Over the Main Line

Fare—25c, 50c, 75c and $1.

Private Drawing Rooms, $8 and $12.

STANDARD.

To-night, Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday Matinees, Mr. HARRY LACY, supported by Miss Edna Carey and a strong dramatic company, in

THE PLANTER'S WIFE.

Next week—Hielly and Wood's Comedy Company.

CASINO THEATER,

Fourth street, opposite Southern Hotel.

A. C. PECKHAM, Jr.....Proprietor
JAS. R. CHMOND.....Manager

The only first-class sensational and novelty theater in the city. Monday, Nov. 29, one week only,

May Adams' Burlesque Company and Japanese Minstrels, 20 STARS.

Admission—Evenings, 25c and 50c. Matinees, Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday, admission only 25c.

SIEGE OF PARIS

Open Daily, Sunday Included, from 8 a. m. till 10 p. m. Admission, 25 Cts. - Children, 15 Cts.

FAY GAS FIXTURE CO.,

No. 1126 Olive Street,

Have the largest and best selected assortment of

GAS FIXTURES

AND GAS FITTERS' SUPPLIES.

Will be glad to see their old patrons at their new store,

No. 1126 OLIVE STREET.

No Trouble to Show Goods.

WOOD ENGRAVING

EVERY DESCRIPTION FOR PRINTING PURPOSES.

AMERICAN ENGRAVING CO.

Parlor Cabinet (Upright Folding BED,

With Cable Spring Mattress. Three Styles. No Noise. No Lumps. Made A 1st Class Bed.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

Centenary Methodist Episcopal (South) Sixteenth and Pine.—Rev. John Matthews will preach morning and evening.

St. George's Church, corner of Beaumont and Chestnut sts., Rev. E. A. Hibbard, S. T. D., rector. Morning prayer and Holy communion at 10:45 a. m. Evening prayer and sermon at 7:30 p. m.

Dr. Rhodes of St. Mark's Lutheran Church will occupy his pulpit on Lord's Day, as usual. In the evening he will deliver the thirteenth sermon in the series on prayer. Subject: "The Church and Prayer."

St. John's M. E. Church, South, Twenty-ninth and Locust sts.—Rev. R. M. Mesick, pastor. Services will be held in this church Sunday, 5th inst., commencing 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday-school, 9:15 a. m. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

First Congregational Church, Delmar av., near Grand. Rev. J. G. Merrill, D. D., pastor. Preaching every Sabbath at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Sunday-school at 12 m. Public cordially invited to all services. Pastor's residence 3079 Delmar av.

Grand Avenue Presbyterian Church.—Grand avenue head of Washington avenue. Rev. J. Nelson Hollifield, D. D., pastor. Residence 3620 Washington avenue. Services every Sabbath at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Young people's prayer meeting at 7:30 p. m. Sabbath-school at 9:30 a. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Welcome.

Second Baptist Church, corner of Locust and Beaumont (27th) streets. At 11 o'clock a. m. Rev. C. A. Stakely of Charleston, S. C., will preach. At 7:45 p. m. the pastor, Rev. W. W. Boyd will preach on "The Christian, a Temple of God." Sunday-school at 9:30 a. m., with pastor's class. Midweek service on Wednesday evening. Young people's service on Friday evening. All are welcome.

Second Presbyterian Church, n. w. cor. 17th st. and Lucas place. Rev. S. S. Nicoll, D. D., pastor. Divine service, Sunday, December 5, at 11 a. m., conducted by pastor. Sacrament of the Lord's Supper administered at 4:15 p. m. No evening service. Sunday-school at 9:30 a. m. In the chapel. A cordial invitation and welcome extended to all.

Church of the Messiah (Unitarian), corner Garrison av. and Locust st. Rev. John Snyder, pastor. Sunday, December 5, 1886, preaching at 10:45 a. m. Subject: "Where is the Church of Jesus Christ?" Communion service at 4 p. m.; no evening service. Sunday-school at 12 m. Mission Sunday school at Mission Chapel, corner Ninth and Wash sts. at 2:45 p. m. Everybody invited.

Lafayette Park Presbyterian Church (opposite western gate of the park). The Pastor, Rev. George E. Wilson, will preach on Sunday, at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sabbath school meets at 9 p. m. Young people's meeting Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at the same hour. Teachers meet for study of the lesson on Sabbath morning at 10 o'clock. All are cordially invited to all meetings.

First Presbyterian Church, corner of Locust and 14th sts.—Preaching by the Pastor, Rev. George E. Martin, Sunday, December 5, at 11 o'clock a. m., and at 7:45 o'clock p. m. Subject of morning sermon: "The Unchangeableness of a Christian's Life." Subject of evening sermon: "The Old and New Creation." The music will include the principal arias of Haydn's oratorio, "The Creation." All are cordially invited.

Pilgrim Congregational Church, corner Washington and Ewing avs., Rev. Henry A. Stimson, D. D., pastor. Preaching the pastor at 10:30 a. m. and at 7:30 p. m., the usual afternoon following the evening service. Bible-school at 12 m. Young people's meeting of the Society of Christian Endeavor at 6:30 p. m. Pastor's Bible class Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7:45. Welcome.

LODGE NOTICES.

$8.00.....XMAS GIFT.....$8.00

A life-size crayon portrait and 12 elegant cabinets, all guaranteed this week, at Parsons, 1407 Market st. Open on Sundays. 33

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—By a young man of varied experience any position of any kind, in or out of the city; willing to go to any part of the world; good penman, quick and accurate at figures, etc.; best of city references. Address A 31, this office. 37

Stenographers.

COLD roast turkey with jelly, 25c. Wm. G. Milford's, 209 N. 6th st. 41

Coachmen.

WANTED—Situation by an experienced driver and hostler. Ad. H. Frederick, 1423 Blair av. 39

Boys.

WANTED—Situation by a boy to attend furnace and do general housework. 2620 Hickory st. 42

WANTED—A strong boy, age 18, wishes a situation of any kind; is willing to work. Call at 821 N. 8th st.; rear. 42

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—A party to address envelopes. Address, stating price per 1,000, P 30, this office. 54

WANTED—An experienced dry goods salesman with good references; permanent position for the right man; must speak English and German. Address B 31, this office. 54

WANTED—A good notion salesman to travel in Missouri and Kansas; must be experienced in the goods and know the trade thoroughly. Address with reference, Notions, Globe-Democrat office. 54

EAT turkey, venison, etc., for Sunday dinner at the new Olive Restaurant, 915 Olive st. 54

GAEBLER'S shorthand and type-writing school, 919 Olive st.; day and evening sessions. 54

TRY a Fulton Market Stew, 25c. Wm. G. Milford's Oyster Parlor, 209 N. 6th st. 54

THE Bryant & Stratton BUSINESS, SHORTHAND AND ENGLISH TRAINING SCHOOL, corner Broadway and Market, St. Louis, Mo. This institution offers the best facilities for giving practical instruction in the commercial and kindred branches, machine and pencil shorthand, type-writing, etc. Graduates are successful in getting employment. For circulars, address Dr. W. M. Carpenter, President. 54

The Trades.

WANTED—A white barber at 408 Spruce st., between 4th and S. Broadway. 58

WANTED—Railroad contractors, miners, coal and quarrymen to know that the St. Louis Shovel Company (formerly Groom Shovel Company), manufacturers, for their special uses the highest grades of shovels, spades and scoops, and that they are warranted to give more service for the money paid than any other similar goods produced in this country. All goods guaranteed against defect or breakage. Works, Depot and Vandeventer avs. Office and salesroom, 207 N. 2d st. 59

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A florist and man of all work. Apply at office, 910 Olive st. 62

WANTED—Colored man to make himself generally useful about place. Apply 2909 Washington av. 62

WANTED—Dec. 13, on our lines, four young men to learn telegraphing, to qualify for situations paying $75 to $100. Apply immediately to Union Telegraph Superintendent, 102 N. 3d st.; take elevator.

BLUE Points and Little Neck Clams, 25c per dozen, any style. Wm. G. Milford's, 209 N. 6th st. 62

EAT turkey, venison, etc., for Sunday dinner at the new Olive Restaurant, 915 Olive st. 62

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

WANTED—By an intelligent young lady, a position as saleslady. Address B 31, this office. 44

Housekeepers.

WANTED—A lady wishes a situation as housekeeper in city or out of the city; hotel or private family. Call from 6 to 9 in the evening, 1514 Chestnut st. 47

General Housework.

WANTED—Situation to do general housework in a small family, or to work in store. Call or address 1604 Carr st. 48

WANTED—A first-class German girl wants a place to do general housework in small family. Call at 1418 Chestnut st. 49

WANTED—Ladies in city and country to know they will find best help at 2344 Pine st.; also, first-class girls accommodated with board and lodging at reasonable rates. 48

FAMILIES will be provided with good servants; only such will be recommended. 1610 Park av. 58

STOVE REPAIRS! For every stove or range made in the United States go to 507 to 511 A. B. Ender's. 210 Locust st.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Cooks, Etc.

WANTED—Situation as cook, or general work in a small family, in the vicinity of West End. Apply at 901 Christy av. 49

Nurses.

WANTED—Situation by German widow in small family or children's nurse. Ad. M 31, this office.

Laundresses.

WANTED—Washing and ironing to take home at 2620 Mill street; good reference given. 51

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

WANTED—Two experienced sales ladies in notion store; must speak German. 1608 S. Broadway.

Housekeepers.

WANTED—A girl to do general housework. Apply at 2522 N. Garrison av.

WANTED—A neat girl for general housework in a small family. At 622 N. 23d st. 66

WANTED—A steady, middle-aged woman to do general housework. 2329 Eugenia st. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework; German preferred. Apply at once, 813 Walnut st. 66

WANTED—A housemaid at 2710 Locust st., no washing or ironing. Apply this evening. 66

WANTED—A good German girl for general housework in small family; ref. req. 2810 Dickson st.

WANTED—A good German girl for general housework for small family; good wages; references required. 2834 Dickson st. 66

Laundresses.

WANTED—First-class laundress at Mercantile Club, 708 Locust st. 67

Cooks.

WANTED—An experienced restaurant cook. 1820 S. Broadway; female. Call at once. 68

Nurses.

WANTED—A nurse with good references at 4128 Washington av. 70

WANTED—Nurse girl to assist in housekeeping; no washing. 1516 Lafayette av. 70

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A good girl at 2705 Clark av. 71

WANTED—A girl 10 to 12 years old at 815 S. 6th st. 71

WANTED—At Lafayette Park Hotel experienced chambermaids. 71

WANTED—At 202 S. Broadway, two good girls to make themselves generally useful in restaurant.

WANTED—Dec. 13, on our lines, four young ladies to learn telegraphing, to qualify for situations paying $60 to $90. Apply immediately to Union Telegraph Superintendent, 102 N. 3d st.; take elevator.

WANTED—Ladies to work for us at their own homes; $7 to $10 per week can be quietly made; no photo. painting; no canvassing. For full particulars, please address at once, Crescent Art Co., 19 Central st., Boston, Mass., Box 5170. 71

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen in city or country to take light work at their homes; $1 to $3 a day easily made; work sent by mail, no canvassing. We have a good demand for our work, and furnish steady employment. Address, with stamp, CROWN M'F'G CO., 294 Vine st., Cincinnati, O. 71

BLUE Points and Little Neck Clams, 25c per dozen, any style. Wm. G. Milford's, 209 N. 6th st. 71

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—Agents for Dunlap's Improved Electric Belt, the most valuable curative agent known; great inducement to active agents, male or female; Dunlap Electric Co., Oskaloosa, Io.; mention this paper. 73

WANTED—PARTNERS.

WANTED—Partner in silver mine; $30,000 required in slow payments. J. F. DePew, Idaho Springs, Col. 23

WANTED—Lady partner with $200, of proper age, fine appearance, without incumbrance, to travel, assist business man of honor in the office, throughout United States. Ad. O 31, this office. 23

BUSINESS WANTED.

A FEW LADIES desiring to join a mining syndicate of ladies can obtain prospectus by addressing J 28, this office. 8

INFORMATION WANTED.

MRS. ANNIE McGERRY, maiden name Milburn, will see a friend by calling on Mrs. Thompson, 1828 N. 9th st.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

WANTED—First-class order cook at new Olive st. restaurant, 915 Olive. 56

WANTED—Stove and machine scrap iron. St. Louis Malleable Iron Company. 26

WANTED—Laboring man wants to buy a suit of cast-off clothes, cheap. Address R 31, this office. 26

TRY an oyster omelette, something fine. Wm. G. Milford's, 209 N. 6th st. 26

ALL SORTS.

COLD roast turkey with jelly, 25c. Wm. G. Milford's, 209 N. 6th st. 32

EAT turkey, venison, etc., for Sunday dinner at the new Olive Restaurant, 915 Olive st. 32

H. J. MILLER, BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY, Coffee and Ice Cream Saloon. Sign of the Big Coffee Cup. Southwest corner Fourth st. and Clark av. 32

PATENTS Patent Laws. Solicitors and Experts. KNIGHT BROS., 3d floor, S.E. Cor. 5th and Olive sts., Mention this paper. 832

Chas. T. Fitzpatrick & Co.,

Commission Merchants and dealers in butter, cheese, eggs, poultry, game, etc. Orders by mail or telephone promptly attended to. Depot 903 N. Fourth st., corner Franklin av. Telephone No. 3147 32

The St. Louis Mutual House Building Co. 513 Walnut St. Loans large and small amounts and builds houses on city real estate. Payments monthly. Terms greatly reduced. 32

SOMETHING NEW!

A real country dairy, in the heart of the city. The following company have been producing a very rich quality of milk at Shipman, Ill., for years, but having no opportunity of introducing it before the people at Shipman (Ill.) Milk. We have now succeeded in making a permanent location at 816 N. Jefferson av., St. Louis, Mo., where will be found at all times after September 1, in quantities to suit the customers, Shipman (Ill.) Milk and Cream in its rich and pure state, as it comes from our dairies at Shipman, Ill. We handle only Shipman, (Ill.) Milk and our patrons can depend on getting such at all times. A trial of our milk is kindly solicited. Respectfully, Shipman (Ill.) Milk Company, 816 N. Jefferson av., wholesale and retail dealers in milk and dairy products. 32

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Seal skin glove near 3d and Olive. Return to Room 5, 3d st., and receive reward. 30

LOST—A yellow shepherd dog, with silver-plated collar on. Return to 1826 Morgan st. and receive reward. 30

LOST—An Irish setter dog, with city license No. 620; liberal reward given at Atlantic House, 3617 N. Broadway. 30

LOST—Lady's gold watch and chain between Hickory st., crossing Jefferson av. to Laclede av.; return to 512 and 514 St. Charles st. or 3504 Laclede av. 30

LOST—Red cow, 5 years old, with strap around horns; white spot on forehead; white spots on four feet. Return same to 1813 Coleman st. and get liberal reward. 30

LOST—Somewhere between the Exposition Building and 23d st., on Olive, a pocket-book containing valuable papers. Finder will please return the papers to 2221 Olive st.; no questions asked. 30

LOST—A lady's gold watch, 14 karat, 4 size, from Union Depot to Pine and 4th, Walnut to Swope's, and Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney's. Finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving at J. W. Andrews & Co., 8th and Locust sts. 30

LOST—Tuesday afternoon in Union Depot Line car, or on the street, a copy-book containing a list of subscribers' names, of no value or use to any one but the owner. Finder will be rewarded by leaving it at Nixon-Jones Pub. Co., 210-212 Pine st. 30

LOST—A child's hunting-case silver watch, on one side the initials "E. F. M." on the other "Oct. 1, 1884." on Friday; supposed to have been between 2414 Washington av. and 613 Ware av.; a suitable reward will be paid. Edgar Miller, 716 Chestnut. 30

LOST—$50 REWARD

For return of diamond pin lost at the opera, Exposition Hall, Thursday night. 528 N. Main st. 30

FOUND—Taken up, cow. Call on Edwin Ward, corner Talcott and Powder st. 30

FOUND—Was brought by mistake to the Franklin Kindergarten from Olive street car on Tuesday morning, a lady's gossamer waterproof, which the owner can have on identification and paying for this ad. 30

PERSONAL.

Advertisements under the head of "Personal" are received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for rejected advertisements will be refunded when address is given, or by calling at this office with ticket. All personals not of a business nature, ten cents a line; nothing less than two lines.

PERSONAL—E. C. E: Refer you to conversation on Thanksgiving morn; please call. 1

PERSONAL—A gentleman, age 25, wishes the acquaintance of a companionable young lady, brunette preferred; object social amusement. Address J 31, this office. 1

PERSONAL—Two gentlemen, strangers, would like to hear from two young ladies of lively disposition and a share of good looks; object, social amusement. Address S 31, this office. 1

PERSONAL—Two young gents who expect to spend the winter in this city would like to meet two lively young ladies; object, fun, theaters, sleigh-rides, etc., etc. Address E 31, this office. 1

PERSONAL—A fascinating young lady of education and refinement, no money, would like to correspond with a few German gentlemen; object, matrimony; none but those of good family need write. Address N 29, this office. 1

PERSONAL—A gentleman of good social and business standing is sincerely desirous to meet a young, pretty and accomplished little lady with a matrimonial turn of mind, and who wishes to increase her number of true friends by one. Address in confidence, L 31, this office. 1

PERSONAL—Rebecca L. Ady, M. D., 1422 Olive st., Electro-magnetic hand baths, and baths of all kinds for ladies and gentlemen. Baths are a necessity and a luxury. Patrons can have choice of male or female assistants. 1

BOARDING.

700 S. EWING AV.—A nice furnished room suitable for two gents with or without board. 18

906 MORGAN ST.—One front room, with board, cheap, for two gentlemen. 18

1005½ PINE ST.—Good board for gentlemen at low rates by day or week. 18

1110 LOCUST ST.—Front and back parlors furnished, with or without board; also second story front room suitable for man and wife or single gents. 18

1306 CLARK AV.—Opposite Park—Pleasant rooms; good board; also family rooms. 18

1500 WASHINGTON AV.—Good board; first-class cook and comfortable rooms. 18

1520 LUCAS PLACE—Nicely furnished second-story front room; also single room; with board. 18

2026 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished room and board; reference exchanged. 18

2344 PINE ST.—Handsomely furnished second-story front room to respectable parties, with or without board. 18

2602 PINE ST.—Handsomely furnished second story front rooms to rent with board; terms very reasonable. 18

2717 WASHINGTON AV.—Second-story front room with board for rent. 18

3539 PAGE AV.—Second-story front; southern exposure; with board, in private family. 18

EAT turkey, venison, etc., for Sunday dinner at the new Olive Restaurant, 915 Olive st. 18

FOR RENT—A club of four or six gentlemen can be accommodated with rooms and first-class board; house in good condition and first-class in every particular; heated by furnace. Address F 31 this office.

ST. JAMES HOTEL will furnish board and room for from $30 to $40 per month; for two in a room, from $60 to $70 per month; four in a room at lower rates. Call and see rooms. 18

WANTED—Boarders a nicely furnished front room, bath, fire and gas, for one or two gentlemen. 39 S. Channing av. 18

WANTED—A lady who can assist a young miss with her music; can get room and board with her for $12 per month. Ad. H 31, this office. 18

WANTED—One or two young men or one or two young ladies to room and board in private family convenient to street cars of North St. Louis. Address S 29, this office. 18

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

WANTED—Reliable poor old man wants free lodging for two hours' work daily. 713 N. 6th st. 29

WANTED—Young gentleman and wife desire a pleasant home with a small private family; for the right accommodations expect to pay about $100 per month; desire convenient bath-room and evening dinners; location between 14th st., Market st. and Lucas av.; are well-known in St. Louis and will give good references, but must have an attractive and homelike location where can receive our friends. Address J 29, this office. 20

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

25 S. 4TH ST., between Market and Walnut sts., A nice four-story store, With cemented cellar, hydraulic elevator and all improvements. A choice store. FARRAR & CO., 17 624 Chestnut st.

423 CHESTNUT ST.—Elegant store-room. Apply next door. 17

FOR RENT OR SALE—One large three-story factory, brick building, with boiler, engine and main shafting in good condition, on reasonable terms. Inquire of H. Krembs, 622 Park av. 17

FOR RENT—The Cheapest stores in the city, Nos. 2816 and 2818 Easton av.; only two left; rent, only $15 each. MEAGHER & NAGLE. 17 S. E. cor. 9th and Chestnut sts.

FOR RENT—For manufacturing purposes, with steam power, first and second floors and basement of building s. e. cor. 5th and Walnut sts., now occupied by my paper bag factory. Apply on premises to James West, Supt. Sam Cupples. 17

FOR LEASE—Hotel Bristol, containing 125 rooms; Washington av., between 13th and 14th; rent, reasonable. FARRAR & CO., 17 624 Chestnut st.

EIGHTH STREET.

No. 208 N. 8th st., 11 rooms on 1st, 2d and 3d floors, suitable for family or business purposes. 17 M. A. WOLFF & CO., 105 N. 8th st.

FOR RENT—STORES.

810 S. 4th st., restaurant; $35.
719 Franklin av., 2d and 3d floors of new glass and iron front.
1024 Washington av., shop and 1 room; $15.
621 Poplar st., cor. 6th st.; $20.
110 S. Main st., two floors, fronting also Commercial st. 17

100 S. Main st., opposite Cotton Exchange.
20 S. 2d st., 3-story building; $40.
16 S. 2d st., ground floor, 20x146.
22 S. 2d st., under Tarnun's Hotel.
Also other stores, offices, etc. JOHN MAGUIRE, 17 519 Walnut st.

Increase Your Business,

By getting the best location in St. Louis—Broadway, between Olive and Pine streets—No. 205. We offer three floors at reasonable rents. TERRY & SCOTT. 17

TO HOTEL MEN.

We have a rare opportunity to offer you in an established business, widely known and in a prominent location in this city. The good will is worth more than we ask for the entire business.

Rutledge & Horton, 17 801 Locust st.

OFFICES FOR RENT.

We have first-class offices for rent in the following eligible buildings:
Mechanics' Bank Building.
Southeast corner of Fourth and Pine sts.
Emilie Building.
Southwest corner of Ninth and Olive sts.
Turner Building, thoroughly fire-proof, opposite Post-office, on Eighth st.
Bank of Commerce Building.
Northwest corner of Fourth and Olive sts.
Also have well-lighted and well-ventilated offices in the stone-front block on Fourth st., opposite the Planters' House.

Chas. H. Turner & Co., 706 Pine s

FOR RENT,

For the HOLIDAY SEASON, the Elegant Store, No.

513 OLIVE STREET,

Formerly occupied by the

PROVIDENT SAVINGS.

Apply at Office of

Post-Dispatch,

515 and 517 Market St.

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. J. L. FITZPORTER—Office and residence No. 205 S. 14th st. Female complaints a specialty.

WANTED—An operative, incurable preferred. Address P. O. Box 2, Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

12 N. 7TH ST.—Neatly furnished front or back room for light housekeeping; also single rooms for gents. 13

121 N. 7TH ST.—Nicely furnished second-story corner rooms; gas and fire; moderate price. 13

206 S. 16TH ST.—Two rooms, furnished or unfurnished, for light housekeeping. 13

234 S. BEAUMONT.—A nice second-story front room furnished; fire, gas and bath; $10; cars pass the door. 13

502 CARR ST.—One, two or three handsomely furnished rooms, second floor; southwest corner; terms reasonable. 13

504 MARKET ST.—Large furnished room, with fire, $12 a month; small furnished, $5. 13

618 BEAUMONT ST.—Nicely furnished front or back rooms for light housekeeping; references exchanged. 13

700 MARKET ST.—One large front room over store. J. H. Gibson. 13

702 N. 4TH ST.—People's House, nicely furnished rooms from 25c to $1 per day; all night. 13

705 CHESTNUT ST.—Neatly furnished front room; also other rooms; rent low. 13

719 CHESTNUT ST.—Small furnished rooms with fire; $1.50 per week. 13

736 S. 6TH ST.—Three rooms, first floor, $10. Apply 709 Pine st. 13

906 N. 21ST ST.—Newly furnished front room; private family. 13

906 MORGAN ST.—One back parlor, for family or two gentlemen, with or without board. 13

908 CHOUTEAU AV.—Elegantly furnished room, without board; fire, gas, etc. 13

926 MORRISON AV.—One or two nicely furnished rooms; second floor, gas, bath, all conveniences; rent low to nice parties. 13

932 N. 14TH ST.—Nicely furnished rooms for light housekeeping; private family. 13

1002 CHESTNUT ST.—Fur. front, first floor; also one for light housekeeping; one hall room 13

1006 N. 6TH ST.—Furnished room for two gentlemen, with board. 13

1006 MISSISSIPPI AV.—(Near Chouteau av.)—Two furnished rooms for housekeeping; water in kitchen; cheap rent. 13

1011 LEFFINGWELL AV.—Nicely furnished room for man and wife, or two gents; rent cheap; ½ block from cable. 13

1103 CHESTNUT ST.—Second story front and back rooms for gents or ladies; also unfurnished rooms. 13

1113 PINE ST.—Front rooms, nicely furnished on first, second and third floors. 13

1121 PINE ST.—Rooms for light housekeeping; furnished front room in first story for light housekeeping. 13

1126 PINE ST.—Large and small rooms; gas and fire; finished basement; one floor separate. 13

1236 CLARK AV.—One furnished room, second floor, for gents or light housekeeping. 13

1238 FRANKLIN AV.—One nicely furnished front room. 13

1321 PINE ST.—Furnished back parlor; one unfurnished second story room; refs. req. 13

1416 PAPIN ST.—Second floor. 13

1500 PINE ST.—Large, well furnished front room, second story, for one or two gents. 13

1513 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished front room, suitable for two or four gents. 13

1521 OLIVE ST.—Wanted, a lady room-mate; one employed during the day preferred. 13

1531 SINGLETON ST.—Three large rooms, laundry and cellar; water; with or without gas; keys up-stairs; terms reasonable. 13

1605 CHESTNUT ST.—Room-mate wanted by a young druggist. 13

1606 N. 18TH ST.—Three rooms and stable. 13

1618 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished rooms to gents; first-class location; attention and all conveniences. 13

1622 PINE ST.—Neatly furnished rooms, singly or en suite; also unfurnished rooms; all conveniences. 13

1800 WASH ST.—Large rooms, furnished completely for light housekeeping; also, small rooms, with stove, suitable for two guests. 13

1927 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished room with board; terms reasonable. 13

2028 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished second story back room; all conveniences; terms reas. 13

2205 OLIVE ST.—Handsomely furnished front room and others for rent. 13

2222 CLARK AV.—Nicely furnished front room, with or without board. 13

2223 RANDOLPH ST. (new number)—Four large rooms and closets, unfurnished; first floor; good location; in nice order; to small family. 13

2225 CHESTNUT ST.—Two unfurnished rooms; southern exposure; terms reasonable. 13

2307 WASHINGTON AV.—Two unfurnished rooms and one furnished room. 13

2310 EUGENIA ST.—Six rooms; second and third floor; $20. Key next door. 13

2323 OLIVE—Furnished or unfur. rooms for gents or housekeeping: small family; no children. 13

2618 STODDARD ST.—Second-story front room, furnished, in a private family. 13

2624 OLIVE ST.—Large, elegant front room; newly furnished throughout; handsome carpets and furniture; rent cheap. 13

2634 RUTGER ST.—Three rooms, first floor, with water, $8.50. Apply to H. Hiemenz, Jr., 507 Chestnut st., or on premises. 13

2635 CHESTNUT ST.—Second-story front and room connecting furnished; very choice, single or en suite. Also large third-story front for gentleman, with breakfast and supper and Sunday dinner. 13

2727 WALNUT ST.—Four rooms on second floor to party without children; private entrance, marble mantels, bath and water; $15. 13

2735 OLIVE ST.—Elegantly fur. rooms en suite or single, with every home com., priv. fam. 13

2811 WASH ST.—Four nice rooms cheap to permanent tenant. 13

2827 FRANKLIN AV.—A handsome front room, cheap, to one or two gentlemen; small private family. 13

FOR RENT—Rooms and hall in Foster Academy, Pine and 16th sts. 13

FOR RENT—To quiet parties handsomely furnished rooms by the month. Ad. P 31, this office. 13

FOR RENT—Two basement rooms and dining-room to party who will assist in housework for the rent. Address T 31, this office. 13

FOR RENT—The second and third stories of 1519 Washington av.; in perfect repair; bath-room and water on each floor; also a finished basement. Call at 1517. M. W. Wills. 13

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—A flat of three rooms on second floor of house No. 522 S. 23d st., near Broadway st.; in neat order; $16. H. L. CORNET & CO., 17 110 N. 8th st.

FOR RENT—Clemens Flats, northwest corner 11th and Howard sts., suite of four rooms on first or second floor, in nice order; water, etc., all paid; at $15. H. L. CORNET & CO., 110 N. 8th st. 13

ONLY $13 per month, No. 1219 Armstrong av.; near Lafayette Park; 6 rooms first floor; rent includes water license. M. A. WOLFF & CO., 105 N. 8th st.

VERY CHEAP ROOMS IN SPLENDID ORDER.

Nos. 1715 and 1715½ North Broadway, first floor, rear, 4 rooms each; water in kitchen, etc.; front entrance from Broadway. Rent, $9 per month.
M. A. WOLFF & CO., 105 North Eighth st.

It Is Now Very Cold To Move,

but you will move after reading this. We offer four rooms of second floors of the buildings Nos. 1713 and 1715½ North Broadway, newly papered, whitened and painted, and we will rent each suite for the very low rent of $10 per month, including water and taking away ashes.
M. A. WOLFF & CO., 105 N. 8th st.

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—Room—Quiet young lady wishes a furnished room where no other lady roomers; terms must be reasonable; no reference. C 31, this office. 21

WANTED—I wish to buy a house of from 6 to 8 rooms, with large lot, in western part of city or suburbs; must be a bargain. Address W. S., care Samuel C. Davis & Co., city. 21

FARMS FOR SALE.

FOR LEASE—Farm—23 acres in St. Louis County, near Bridgeton, on Wabash railroad; $100 per year. FARRAR & CO., 17 624 Chestnut st.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

Wanted.

WANTED—Hauling for new top, spring wagon and good horse; cheap. 3103 S. 7th st. 11

WANTED—Box sleigh or cutter; strong and cheap. Address, giving price and where can be seen, P 27, this office. 11

WANTED—Horses stabled, fed twice a day, $8 per month. Apply to or address M. J. Wash, cor. Page and Goodfellow avs., two and one-half miles from Grand av. 11

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—One of the best United States patents ever invented; every school child must have it; good investment; good reasons given for selling. Address S 30, this office. 2

WANTED—A party that can invest from $1,500 to $2,000 cash in a business that will produce large increasing monthly dividends. Address, with reference, Z 30, this office. 3

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

504 N. 15TH ST.—5-room brick; $22.50. FARRAR & CO., 14 624 Chestnut st.

909 BECKWITH ST. and 2834 Stoddard st. at your own price. C. H. TURNER, & CO., 706 Pine st. 14

1018 MISSISSIPPI AV.—Two-story stone front house, mansard roof, containing eight rooms. Inquire at Jos. Schnaider's Brewing Co., office 2000 Chouteau av. 14

1022 MISSISSIPPI AV.—Two-story stone front house, mansard roof, containing eight rooms. Inquire at Jos. Schnaider's Brewing Co., office, 2000 Chouteau av. 14

1222 VANDEVENTER AV.—6-room house, all conveniences. Cavender & Bowes, 218 N. 8th.

1630 S. COMPTON AV.—Half a block north of Lafayette Park, a nice 2-story brick, has 7 rooms, hall, bath, gas, nice yard, etc; in perfect order; $25 per month. TAAFFE, EMERSON & CO., 14 710 Chestnut st.

1818 HICKORY ST.—New two-story stone-front house; mansard roof, ten rooms, laundry, bath, etc.; finished, in first-class order. Home Comfort furnace; rent, $60 to good tenant. JOHN BYRNE, JR., & CO., 14 618 Chestnut st.

2110 OLIVE ST.—Elegant stone-front, 8-room dwelling; all conveniences and in perfect order. Apply to CHAS. H. TURNER & CO., 710 Pine st. 14

3202 OLIVE ST.—10-room house; large yard; cor. Compton av. ..... $45.00. FARRAR & CO., 14 624 Chestnut st.

3304 LACLEDE AV.—Two-story, 6 rooms, With all improvements; Front and rear yard; rent very low. FARRAR & CO., 14 624 Chestnut st.

$30 PER month will rent a nice 2-story, 9-room brick, 3298 Chestnut av.; has hall, gas, bath, etc., in good order. Apply to TAAFFE, EMERSON & CO., 14 710 Chestnut st.

A NICE 7-room dwelling in the West End, (2-story brick) for $30 per month; All conveniences; also yard front and rear. FARRAR & CO., 14 624 Chestnut st.

FOR RENT—Good 10-room house with furnace; one block from cable cars; $35. TERRY & SCOTT, 621 Chestnut st. 14

FOR RENT—Cheap, 413 Montrose av., six room houses; all conveniences. Apply to J. RYAN, 14 605 Chestnut st.

FOR RENT—Dwelling house of eight rooms, only $22.50, 917 La Baume st.; in good condition. MEAGHER & NAGLE, 14 S. E. cor. 9th and Chestnut sts.

FOR RENT—No. 622 Morgan st., 7 rooms, hall, gas and water on second floor, now in perfect order. Rent, $20 per month. M. A. WOLFF & CO., 14 105 N. 8th st.

FOR RENT—Dousman House—This elegant residence, No. 2930 Locust st., with Art gallery. Barn, large yard, etc. FARRAR & CO., 14 624 Chestnut st.

FOR RENT—The cheapest 6-room house in the city, No. 4210 N. 9th st., just been put in first-class order inside and out; rent $14 per month. M. A. WOLFF & CO., 14 105 N. 8th st.

FOR RENT—Dwellings—3304 Laclede av., 3309 N. 9th st., 2930 Locust st., Dousman house, 3202 Olive st., 500 N. 15th st. FARRAR & CO., 14 624 Chestnut st.

FOR RENT,

House No. 2327 Lafayette Av.

10 rooms, all modern improvements; good repair. CARR & GREENWOOD, 14 16 N. 8th st.

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

2137 Randolph st., corner, 6 rooms; $22.50.
1105 S. Cardinal av. (31st st.), 4-room house, with water; $9.
1032 S. 13th st., 6 rooms; $20.
1628 Ohio av., 6 rooms, just west of Lafayette Park; all conveniences; $20.
1915 Belleglade av., 4-room brick, hydrant water in kitchen; front yard; side entrance; two blocks north of Easton av., five blocks west of Grand av; $13.
1421 Chambers st., 5 rooms; $15.
Todd av., e. s. cor. of Henrietta st., new 8-room dwelling; every convenience.
1542 Chouteau av., 10 rooms, front yard; $40.
1621 Texas av., 7 rooms, near Lafayette Park; $30.
1219 S. Compton av., 6 rooms, bath; $25.
10 S. 22d st., 6 rooms, hall; $25.
2218 Chestnut st., 8 rooms, hall; $30.
Also other dwellings, stores and rooms. JOHN MAGUIRE, 14 519 Walnut st.

FOR RENT.

1217 Pine st.; 8 rooms; $30.
1817 Preston place; 6 rooms; $30.
2519 S. Jefferson av.; second floor; $10.
4023 Fairfax av.; $14.
STORES.
617 N. Main.

Rutledge & Horton, 801 Locust st.

FINANCIAL.

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan $25 and upward on household furniture and other security; parties wishing advances will be treated fairly and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1015 N. Morgan st.

FINANCIAL—We have Eastern fund to loan on city real estate at lowest rates. FARRAR & CO., 31 624 Chestnut st.

LOANS on furniture in residence, city real estate and all good securities; fair and reasonable terms. Porter & Williams, room 2, 904 Olive st. 31

MONEY loaned on furniture without removal; any amt; lowest rates; bus. conf. 613 Morgan st. 31

MONEY TO LOAN—$50,000, $10,000, $15,000, $5,000 at 6 per cent on city real estate; 305 Olive st. John Lady. 31

MONEY loaned on clothing, diamonds, watches, pistols, guns, plated musical instruments, etc., at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av. 31

MONEY LOANED on furniture in residence; business confidential; no charge for making loan. Brolaski & Voorhis, 111 N. 6th st. 31

$25 TO $500 loaned on furniture, pianos, without removal; also on horses and wagons; weekly payments taken and interest reduced in proportion; no commission. F. W. Peters & Co., 813 Chestnut st.

MONEY TO LOAN on real estate at lowest rates of interest E. H. PONATH & CO., Real Estate and Financial Agents, 515 Chestnut st.

FURNITURE LOANS.

$25 and upward to loan on furniture at residence without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. C. F. Betts, 208 N. 8th st. 31

$10,000 WANTED

For five years on central business corner, renting for $4,000 per annum, and worth over four times amount of loan. DAVID BAILEY, 31 809 Chestnut st.

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

TRY an oyster omelette, something fine. Wm. G. Milford's, 209 N. 6th st. 4

FOR SALE—A first-class restaurant, well furnished. Address Box 1045, Springfield, Mo. 4

FOR SALE—A well located saloon. Inquire Hyde Park Brewery Co., 16th and Salisbury sts. 4

FOR SALE—Cigar store, well located; good business; price $350. R. N. Wardlow, 709 Pine st. 4

FOR SALE—Furnished-room house, full of rooms; central; price $350. R. N. Wardlow, 709 Pine st. 4

FOR SALE—Confectionery and oyster saloon on Olive st., with living rooms. R. N. Wardlow, 709 Pine st. 4

FOR SALE—Laundry netting $35 a week. Apply to Rechtern's store, corner 4th and Broadway, East St. Louis. 4

FOR SALE—A bargain—Saloon, stock and fixtures;

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

CHEAP HOMES.

Investments.

Sold at Bargains, Own- Realize at Once. Title Every Case.

	ROOMS.	PRICE.
STER ROAD—25 ft sell 50 feet and im- ts at $5,200.	4	1,700
ER PLACE.	6	1,900
T.—Will rent for onth.	6	2,000
AV.— 240; 8 rooms; stable. n Gay and Clara ave.)		2,100
ST.—Will rent	7	2,200
AV.—Lot 80x	6	2,250
R AV.—Cor. place; fine location.	7	2,600
AV.— ew house; owner wants n days.	5	3,300
T ST.	7	3,700
AV.— 36; will rent for $40.	7	3,900
UT ST.— rors, chandeliers, etc.; twelve months at $42.50	8	4,200
AV.—50 feet.	6	4,200
—B-story; lot 25x109.		4,500
T ST.—8 stories, 0); brick stable.	12	4,500
AV.— Cook and Page; 45 feet.	7	5,000
AV.— well built; owner wishes to	7	5,100
AV.— t; lot 25x125.	7	5,100
E ST.— ew, modern.	10	5,600
E AV.— 28; stone-front; 8 rooms.	9	6,000
UT ST.—	9	6,500
VE.—50 feet.	10	6,250
AVE.—	10	7,000
N ST.—New; 9 rooms; one front.		7,000
AV.—Double 2- 56x134.	12	12,000
NGTON AV.— 50.	12	12,000

BAUSMAN PROPERTY.

and Taylor, lot 173x565; esidence; 12 rooms, brick ete Choicest central sub- operty in the market.

INVESTMENTS!

Per Cent Int. Net.

ners Have Instructed to Sell.

MONTHLY RENT.	PRICE.
ST.,6 rooms.	$16 $1,600
AV., 5 rooms ; new; water, etc.	28 2,300
—S. E. Cor. 8th— urch; lot 38x74.	3,800
CENTER ST.— 40, through to 14th st.	55 4,500
604 N. ELLIOT r, for four families.	49 4,900
S. TWELFTH 31x120; build- ar.	46 5,000
N ST.—30x200; ns; modern.	45 5,000
TH ST.—2-story d; 14 rooms.	54 5,700
ST.—65 e fronts; modern.	6,500
737 PRESTON —6 rooms each.	70 7,200
S. THIRD ST.— ding in rear.	90 7,800
3230 CHEST.— —8-room house; modern.	120 12,000
—22x74.	95 24,000
orner of Jef- ve.(and Walnut st., stores, s, hall, etc.; will sell at a pay 10 per cent net.	320	

ENCE LOTS.

north side, 158 feet east of av.; lot 100x150.	22
south side, 50 feet east of on, 122x150.	25
south side, 130 feet east of well av., 25x134; block 981.	65
., south side, 300 feet west eventer; 50x213.	70
., southwest corner Lel- av.; lot 81x131.	73
, south side, 189 feet east av.; 350x213.	75

ER & CO., Chestnut St.

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

A. L. SCHAFFER'S Gallery, 1630 Franklin av., for fine cabinet photos at $2 per doz. All work guaranteed. Other work moderate prices. 74

EAT turkey, venison, etc., for Sunday dinner at the new Olive Restaurant, 915 Olive st. 74

G. E. VAN WAGONER, Attorney-at-Law, Roe Building, S. W. Cor. Broadway and Pine sts., rooms 407 and 408, 510 Pine st., St. Louis. 74

SELL your cast-off clothing to N. Jacobs. Address postal cards, 918 Locust st. 74

TAKE home to your wife an oyster loaf—25c. W. G. Milford, 209 N. 6th. 74

$1 WILL buy Strait's sewing-machine lamp. Strait Mfg. Works, Ashland and Newstead avs. 74

DR. D. I. JOCELYN of Colton Dental Association, who introduced the use of gas in St. Louis for the painless extraction of teeth, gives it his personal attention. Gas always pure, operations safe and sure. All branches of dentistry practiced at lowest prices. Office 517 Olive st. 74

SHEET MUSIC, 10c per copy; Ermine Selection, Mikado, Nanon, Bartholdi Gallop, Pizzicati, Gipsy Baron Lancers, Myosotis Waltzes, Jeunesse Doree, Jeunesse Polka, Angelo Waltzes, Jack Shephard Waltz, Seesaw, Beggar Student, Don Cesar, Tell Her I Love Her So, Lovely Woman; catalogue of 2,000 pieces sent free. Address Jett's Book Store, 802 Olive st.

Santa Claus AND masquerade costumes, wigs and beards for rent. A. Fueger, 606, 621 Walnut st., People's Theater.

A Handsome Present

With every dozen cabinet photos, until January 1, 1887, at C. W. Casilly's gallery, 1 Franklin av., opposite Crawford's. Fine cabinets $2 per dozen. 74

TAPE-WORM.

Dr. Ramey, specialist, 919 Olive st., guarantees to expel Tapeworm, head and all, or no pay. Thousands of references in the city. Write. 74

CHRISTMAS GIFTS

At Parsons, 1407 Market st. A handsome life-size crayon portrait, with 12 elegant cabinets, for $8.00. Call and see. 74

P. I. STEPHENS, 914 N. 5th St.,

Wishes to announce to his customers that he has, in connection with an excellent stock of paper-hangings and general indoor decorations, a splendid line of engravings, picture cards, paintings, etc. Just the tone for Xmas presents.

CHAPPED HANDS

Face and Lips, cure with Addington's

"CHAPS."

Made only at 700 OLIVE STREET.

PRICE, 25 CENTS. NO GREASE.

EMPIRE!

1231 Franklin Av., Cor. High St.

The lowest priced dry goods house in St. Louis. We guarantee an actual saving of from 10 to 20 per cent by purchasing of us. Strictly one price. Don't fail to pay us a visit.

1,000 BUSINESS CARDS, $1.

H. B. Crole & Co., printers, 925 Olive st.

AN ANCIENT ORATOR ONCE SAID:

"My son, ven you sells a man a coat vot wants a coat don't vs nothing; aber, ven you sells a man a coat dot wants no coat, dot's bisness."

Just so. We have been advertising a little lately, we are not doing this for people that are regular buyers of literature. No, they know where to get what they want and can do for them. We want to reach that class of people that have abstained from reading. Perhaps thinking prices too high for them. They do not blame them. The old forties in the business have been getting good prices. We used to get them too, but find we can do better by the people and so we have put prices down a little (see last week's papers).

St. Louis never had much of a reputation as a literary town. Its high priced advertising is to blame with this. Dealers here want to get rich too fast. Literary St. Louis is booming now, though. Low prices told what was necessary.

We were in in Chicago on a visit lately. Ever heard of Chicago? We walked through all the principal (?) streets and visited a few book stores. Couldn't see one. At last we took courage and asked a native where such places could be found. He informed us that such stores were on the outskirts of the city. Can't make a living down town, he said. It is true that he told us some of the rag shops kept books.

Talking about this reminds us that certain rag shops in this city are advertising books for sale at what they call wonderfully low prices. They advertised Franklin edition of 12mos. for 59 cents. We have been selling them for years for 45 cents. Star Edition for 25; and don't want 45 cents each; we never asked more than 35 cents; Household Edition of Red Line Poets, we have sold for more than 50 cents; they want 29 cents. If you want books come to a book store.

LANG & CO.,

700 OLIVE STREET.

Live St. Louis Booksellers and Newsdealers.

Christmas Puck ready; 25 cents. 74

MRS. HATFIELD, clairvoyant, business and developing medium. 121 N. 7th st. 74

MADAME SILVA gives magnetic treatment and medical rubbing and massage. 1420 Pine st. 74

MRS. LOUISA MASSOCK, ladies' physician, takes ladies to board during confinement. 1319 Chouteau.

MRS. PESEL, the highly celebrated fortune teller of the West. 208 Channing av., between Olive and Pine. 74

MME. LULU, reliable clairvoyant and magnetic healer and massage, 709 Chestnut st.; open evenings; call. 74

MRS. REINER, ladies' physician and midwife, receives ladies in house during confinement; charges reasonable; business confidential. 108 S. 14th st. 74

MRS. ROSINE SABINE, the great and unequalled fortune-teller, clairvoyant and astrologer, gives positively successful advice in all matters of love, matrimony, business, lucky numbers, journeys, lawsuits, contested wills, divorce, speculations, etc. She unites friends and lovers; causes speedy marriages, removes family troubles, recovers stolen, lost, hidden or buried property; treats spiritually all diseases; female complaints a specialty; positive cure of drunkenness guaranteed. 811 N. 15th st., near Franklin av. 74

PERSONAL—Mrs. Dossen, practical and competent midwife; business strictly confidential; attended to with board; charges reasonable. 115 S. 14th st.

PERSONAL—We offer $1,000 reward for a cough or throat trouble (last stages of disease excepted) which cannot be relieved by a prompt use of Dr. Sage's Bronchial Wafers. Sample free. Address Medical Co., Quincy, Ill. 74

DROP, LAREDO, the great astrologer and fortune-teller, is located in this city and in his advice insures success in all private or business affairs; gives luck in speculations, lottery, races, stocks, option-dealing, lawsuits, divorces, contested wills, journeys, etc.; unites those separated, causes speedy marriages, finds lost, stolen or buried property, prevents all accidents. Treats all diseases spiritually. Send for his infallible cure for drunkenness and morphium-habit healing balm and Complexion solution. Numerous medals from the crowned heads of Europe. 915 N. 16th, bet. Franklin av. and Wash.

$5,000 CHALLENGE!

Mrs. Dr. Eddy, the world renowned and highly celebrated queen trance Clairvoyant of the Atlantic Coast. Mrs. Eddy was born with a double veil and is a seventh daughter. Has the power of any two clairvoyants you ever met. Tells your entire life, past, present and future, in a DEAD TRANCE. Every hidden mystery revealed. Tells FULL NAMES of her callers and the FULL name of your future HUSBAND or WIFE, with AGE and DATE of MARRIAGE, and tells whether the one you love is TRUE or FALSE. Tells all your business affairs without trouble. In tests she tells your mother's full name before marriage; the names of all your family, their ages and description. Clairvoyantly all your future will be told or written in an honest, clear, plain manner in a dead trance. Gives winning horses and numbers (Mrs. Eddy gave the lucky number that drew the $25,000 prize in the Louisiana Lottery). Gives advice on divorces, contested wills, speculations, etc. Tells whether stocks will rise or fall. Tells your life from cradle to grave; by her advice those to be separated and causes speedy and happy marriages. Removes evil influences, and by her advice gives good luck. Come to the lady first and be convinced. If she can't tell you nobody can. Positively no impositions. Reveals everything. $5,000 CHALLENGE to any medium who can excel her in clear, startling revelations of the PAST, PRESENT and FUTURE of one's life. All who are in trouble and who have been humbugged by fortune tellers are requested to call without delay and be convinced that Mrs. Dr. Eddy can tell you true. Truth will save time and disappointment by calling on this GENUINE trance clairvoyant the first before going to others. Read what daily papers say of her: Mrs. Dr. Eddy is the Clairvoyant who predicted the election of President Cleveland in this paper nine weeks before the election.—Globe. There is no doubt but what Mrs. Eddy is the greatest clairvoyant wonder now living.—Herald. An elegant gold watch was presented to Mrs. Dr. Eddy by one of her callers last night, on account of her many predictions being verified.—Post. Fee, $1 and upwards. Letters answered. Hours 9 a. m. to 6 p. m. Parlors at 1423 Morgan st., near 14th. Cut this out. 74

FOUND AT LAST!

One who is above all challenged fortune-tellers, the greatest of all fortune-tellers, Mrs. C. Wilcus of 1400 Olive, can be consulted daily (Sundays excepted) on matters of business, love and matrimony. Separated lovers brought together in nine days. Mrs. Wilcus has positive information to wait upon her patrons, and once her customer the patron never desires to go elsewhere. If you wish to see the truest and to secure the services of the adjest fortune-teller go direct to Mrs. C. Wilcus. These facts are worthy of the utmost consideration by all thoughtful people, and to demonstrate the above facts for the visitor of her excellence, give her a call and be convinced. Mrs. Wilcus uses no cards. Send for her new 32-page book, as also her medicine catalogue prepared by 24 years. Send free.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

COAL—10 bushels, $1; 21 bushels, $2; by the load, 2 tons, $7. P. Carroll, 2021 Franklin av. Send postal. 5

COAL—10 bushels, $1; 21 bushels, $2; by the load, 2 tons. Jas. F. Dockery, 513 N. 8th st.; send postal. 5

CARPETS, furniture, stoves and everything needed for housekeeping, sold on easy payments. Staley, 807 Franklin av. 5

CALL at Anderson's place, 1427 Franklin av., for bargains in red plush parlor set, new, $25; also, black hair cloth, trimmed with red plush, $35; new sofa lounges, $15; one Garland base-burner, No. 60, at $20, cost $60; book-case $25, cost $100, 1427 Franklin av. 5

FOR SALE—Fire-wood, good oak or hickory. 1306 Madison st. 5

FOR SALE—A new No. 8 $55 sewing machine for $30 cash. 2827 Franklin av. 5

FOR SALE—Furniture—Breaking up housekeeping. Mike Dauer, 1330 N. 8th st. 5

FOR SALE—A handsome sealskin sacque, 50 inches long, latest style, at half its value. Call at 2024 N. 8th st. 5

FOR SALE—An almost new Domestic sewing-machine with all the attachments; in perfect order. 1204 St. Ange av. 5

FOR SALE—Furniture—Breaking up housekeeping. Mike Dauer, 1330 N. 8th st. 5

FOR SALE—Fine stock—25 head Jersey red hogs, 10 head Berkshire hogs, 1 registered Jersey bull; all at about half price. See Reid, 915 Olive st. 5

FOR SALE—Or Exchange—Furniture and carpets for two rooms; housekeeping; would sell for cash or trade for gold watch. Address D 31, this office. 5

FOR SALE—I have on hand a large assortment of new and second-h nd heating and cooking stoves which I will sell cheap. Ph. Reinhardt, 1614 Franklin av. 5

HALL'S Reliable Coal Market, 2137 Morgan st.; sold in quantities to suit from $1 up. Send postal.

TRY an oyster omelette, something fine. Wm. G. Milford's, 209 N. 6th st. 5

THE Portable Steam Heater; no coal, no ashes, no dirt, no stove-pipe; on payments. Staley, 807 Franklin av. 5

$1.75 TO $8.00—Lace Curtains, also Smyrna Rugs, Carpets, Parlor furniture on payments. Staley, 807 Franklin av. 74

$26 TO $100—Folding beds; we now have some of the cheaper patterns; also handsome wardrobe styles; easy payments. Staley, 807 Franklin av.

THE Portable Steam Heater is guaranteed to heat a room 15 feet square; sold on payments. 807 Franklin av. 5

1,000 UNREDEEMED gold and silver watches, 2,000 rings, 500 clocks and large quantities of gold and silver chains, bracelets, jewelry, etc., for sale cheap at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av. 5

Stoves, Stoves.

A complete line latest styles hard and soft coal heating and cook stoves; also 1 second-hand No. 58 Radiant Home, and 1 No. 23 Boaz stove, in perfect order, to be sold at a bargain; all kinds of castings furnished and stoves repaired.

L. F. BORNTRAEGER, 5 1818 Franklin av.

ON TIME PAYMENTS,

At cash prices; no charges, no interest; everything to furnish a house. People's Furniture, Carpet and Stove Co., 208, 210 and 212 N. 7th st., near Olive. 5

CHEAP SIDEBOARDS.

Fifteen sideboards at from $7 to $20. Dining-room and kitchen furniture. People's Furniture, Carpet and Stove Co., 208, 210 and 212 N. Seventh st. 5

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Telephone 810. J. H. SIEGRIST, 813 Olive.

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A full line of Brussels, Extra Supers, Ingrains, Mattings, Oil Cloths and Smyrna Rugs from Eastern manufacturers. People's, 208, 210 and 212 N. 7th st. 5

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new and second-hand; Brussels and ingrain carpets; household goods of all description; second-hand furniture in exchange. B. N. Mitchell, 609 Morgan. 5

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FURNITURE, STOVE AND CARPET CO.

Parlor Suit, bedroom sets, bed lounges, springs, mattresses, tables and stands, hanging lamps, lamps, oil cloths, rugs, curtains, oil paintings and everything to housekeeping in great varieties always on hand. Goods delivered to parties going to housekeeping. Largest stock and lowest prices. Give us a call and don't forget the Nos.

1509 to 1515 S. Broadway.

OUR $9.50 NO. 7 COOK STOVE

"Takes the cake" and "bakes it" as well as any stove in St. Louis. Cook stoves, ranges and heating stoves. People's, 208, 210 and 212 N. Seventh st. 5

FOLDING BEDS,

Cheffoniers and wardrobe styles. People's, 208, 210 and 212 N. 7th st., near Olive. 5

O. K. COAL dealer delivers nine bushels of good coal, there are like 9 pounds in a ton; for $1; 4-bushel and 6-bushel loads at lowest market price. Office, 922 N. 12th st., C. F. Wuestenery, Prop. 5

ON TIME PAYMENTS.

I will furnish your house with good or medium furniture cheaper than any other furniture house in the city. Call and be convinced for yourself. H. Walker, 206 N. 12th, between Olive and Pine. 5

PARLOR AND CHAMBER

Sets, a full line of new and second-hand at from $10 to $125. Bed lounges, People's, 208, 210 and 212 N. 7th st., near Olive. E. A. Skeele, President. 5

FINE MASTIFF DOGS,

A whole kennel of them for sale cheap from the well-known Flora. Apply forthwith. 1205 Chouteau av.

EDUCATIONAL.

ABBOTT'S Day and Night School. Individual instruction in all English branches. 1111 Chambers st. 29

FRENCH and German taught by all methods, conversationally, grammatically and by the "Meisterschaft" system. Evening classes; terms moderate. Address Miss Lemcke, 2328 Pine st. 29

Short-hand.

THE MACHINE AND PENCIL SYSTEMS of short-hand are both taught by practical short-hand writers at the BRYANT & STRATTON COLLEGE, corner of Broadway and Market st. Either methods of teaching will save from one-third to one-half the usual time and expense of learning short-hand.

Typewriting, business penmanship and correspondence, book keeping, arithmetic, English branches, etc., are also taught by thorough and accomplished teachers. Students are successful in getting employment. For circulars, address DR. W. M. CARPENTER, proprietor Bryant & Stratton College, corner Market st. and Broadway. 29

BOOKS.

WANTED—Books—All kinds bought for cash. Call or send address. Book Exchange, 309 N. 9th. 28

TRY a Fulton Market Stew, 25c. Wm. G. Milford's Oyster Parlor, 209 N. 6th st. 28

5 CENTS—Holiday Present. Scholar's Companion. Contains ruler, pen-holder, pencil. Mailed postpaid on receipt of the price. International Book and News Company, 501 N. 4th st. 28

STORAGE.

BEST storage for furniture; clean, dry and lowest rates. Brokaki & Voorhis, 111 N. 6th st. 8

FURNITURE, pianos, etc., stored, money advanced when desired; packing and shipping a specialty; moving with care. C. F. Betts, 208 N. 8th st. 84

STORAGE—For furniture, pianos, carriages, trunks, etc.; inspection solicited; reduced rates; careful moving, packing and shipping, etc. R. U. Leonori, Jr., & Co., 1005 Olive st. 81

MUSICAL.

INSTRUCTIONS on piano; terms quite reasonable. Call or address Miss Wilson, 2908 Pine st. 27

DIANOS perfectly tuned, $1. E. A. Benson's music-house, 621 Olive st. 27

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Selling them out. Upright and square pianos at lowest prices. Guitars from $3 upward. Large assortment of violins, accordions and banjos. We are the sole manufacturer and patentee of the celebrated Holtz zither, which is the easiest instrument to learn. C. E. Holtz, 1517 Franklin av. 27

ELECTION NOTICE.

ELECTION NOTICE—Office St. Louis Agricultural and Mechanical Association, No. 718 Chestnut st., St. Louis, December 3, 1886.—The regular annual election for thirteen directors of this association, to serve during the ensuing year, will be held on Saturday, the 11th day of December, 1886, at the office of this association, 718 Chestnut st. Polls open from 9 o'clock a. m. to 1 o'clock p. m.

CHAS. H. GRIEN, President.
FESTUS J. WADE, Secretary.

A Dear Window.

Thomas Heany amused himself yesterday at other people's expense, but had to pay this morning in the Police Court for his fun. He went into Parata's shoe store on Market, between Eighth and Ninth streets, and "raised a racket" winding up by breaking a window. Then he went into a saloon next door and was about to break another window when a police officer put in an appearance and arrested him. This morning Judge Cady fined Heany $10.

"FLYING DUTCHMAN."

SPLENDID PERFORMANCE OF WAGNER'S OPERA LAST NIGHT.

Receipts of the Opera Week—What it Cost to Produce the Individual Operas—Operatic Stage Management—Bartley Campbell—Announcements for Next Week—Robson and Crane and "The Main Line"—Coulisse Chat.

Those who love Wagner's music for its own sake are still the select few, and his operas outside of "Lohengrin," which is familiar to all, are not as yet drawing cards, so that although last night had its distinctive character as society night to help it, Music Hall was not packed. The audience, however, was large and brilliant. The boxes and circles formed masses of delicate tints. Full dress was the rule and some exquisite toilets were worn by the ladies.

"The Flying Dutchman" is an example of Wagner in his transition state, when he was just throwing off the traditions of the Italian school and was giving scope to his own ideas. It is not, therefore, as heavy as some of his later works and contains several concessions to the melodic spirit. The theme, however, is legendary and weird and the treatment of it partakes largely of the composer's own ideas. There are several airs which are melodious and bright in the best sense. The Steersman's songs, some of Daland's music, the duet between Daland and the Dutchman, the spinning chorus, the duet between the Dutchman and Senta and nearly all of Senta's airs are the finest types of musical composition. The opera altogether is somber, despite the attempts to relieve it by two or three bright choruses, and the music is permeated with the spirit of sadness.

The view of the Norwegian coast and the storm at sea afford the only opportunities for scenic beauty and mechanical ingenuity. They are admirably treated. The ships swinging into port and leaving port are wonderfully realistic, while the clouds scudding over the sky, with flashes of lightning illumining the scene, and the storm in the last act, were perfections of scenic art.

The opera was presented in better style than last year. The cast sang better and the choruses were rendered with more spirit and correctness.

Miss Emma Juch was in splendid voice and gave a charming rendering of the role of Senta. It is a part for which she is admirably adapted in person and voice, and she treated it with intelligence and skill.

Mr. Ludwig gave a finely artistic and impressive rendering of the Dutchman. His strong cultivated voice and excellent method and phrasing placed his work among the best of the week.

Mr. Whitney's powerful basso was heard to splendid advantage as Daland. Mr. Bassett was in better voice than he has been at any performance this week. It showed more power and was pleasant to hear. His acting and his vocal work was really enjoyable, while there was decided improvement in his dramatic efforts. Mr. C. M. Leumane sang rather sweetly, but with scarcely enough power for the hall.

"Lohengrin" To-Night.

The engagement of the American Opera Company will close with the grand production of "Lohengrin," which was so much admired last season. In the cast will be Bertha Pierson as Elsa, William Candidus as Lohengrin, Cornelia Van Zanten as Ortrud and Whitney as the King.

AMERICAN OPERA RECEIPTS.

Indications that the Full Amount Will Reach About $25,000.

The engagement of the American Opera Company financially has exceeded the expectations of the management, and is far in advance of last year's season in receipts. The total receipts of the engagement last year amounted to $17,200 for the week. The receipts this year if the indications for to-night are realized will be at least $7,000 over this sum. The figures show that "Faust" on Monday night was the favorite, with "Aida" next, "Lakme" next and the "Huguenots" and "Flying Dutchman" close together. That is of the operas already given. "Lohengrin" promises to be a prime favorite, according to the advanced sale. The receipts so far in round numbers are: Monday, $3,950; Tuesday, $3,275; Wednesday, $3,490; Thursday, $3,510; Friday, $3,175. After the announcement of the change in the bill for this afternoon the advance sale was brisk and a fine audience gathered in the hall to hear Masse's opera and see the ballet. The receipts were not summed up in time to be published, but the figures will surely not fall much below $3,500, and to-night's receipts will be equal to this or more so that an addition of $7,000 may be anticipated on the two performances. The total receipts up to and including last night amounted to $17,400, and this addition will place the grand total for the week at between $24,000 and $25,000. This sum will cover the expenses of the opposition management and opera management and the result is gratifying, particularly to the local gentlemen who have interested themselves in the enterprise.

WHAT IT COST.

Some Figures Showing the Expense of American Opera.

Perhaps no production of opera ever given in this country has been so expensive as that of the American Opera Company; that is, the expense of the production exclusive of salaries to great artists. The following figures, which are given by Mr. Locke, the general manager of the company, will give an idea of the enormous outlay by the company:

The organization, up to the beginning of the season on the 15th of November, has expended $450,000. This is represented by the mise en scene of fifteen grand works, the electric plant, elaborate packing paraphernalia, musical library and raw material in work-shops valued in all at $300,000. The remaining $150,000 was the cost of organizing, which embraces the expenses of testing 2,000 voices from nearly every city of the Union and many abroad, agents abroad and here, rehearsals, preparation, printing and distribution of information regarding the project and enlightening the public and forming public opinion and in awaking interest, and for expert assistance in each department retained in many cases months before the beginning of the season.

The most expensive production of the company is Lohengrin which represents an actual expense in scenery, costumes and properties of $40,000. "Faust," "Aida," "Orpheus and Eurydice," each represents a similar expenditure. "Lakme," "Huguenots" and the "Flying Dutchman" follow at a cost of about $30,000 each. The "Taming of the Shrew," "Magic Flute," "Bal Costume," "Sylvia" and "Merry Wives" follow with respectively decreasing costs.

The $60,000 cost of "Lohengrin" is scheduled as follows: Scenery, $7,000; properties, $3,000, and costumes, $30,000. The costumes worn by the Knights in the second act of this opera have in the entire cast no two alike excepting those of the pages. They are the finest ever made for an armored opera and cost from $50 to $200 each. Lohengrin's costumes alone cost $1,200. Elsa's bridal dress worn in the third act cost $700. The jewels worn by the King, Lohengrin, Elsa and Ortrud represent a total expense of $2,000.

In "Aida" the scenery cost $19,000. The costumes are by no means as expensive as those of "Lohengrin," the richest being those of Amneris, one of which cost $500. Rhadames' jewels, worn in the third act, where he returns in triumph, cost $2,500 alone.

The "Flying Dutchman," which was given last night, is not remarkable for its costumes. The expense is in its effects. The electric plant used for producing the lightning on the ships and in the clouds cost $5,000 and each of the ships, which are marvels of intricate work, coming apart in three pieces so as to pack in a freight car, represents $1,500.

As a manis of the enormous outlay the company is building the reputation it hopes for and is now upon a paying basis—that is, its receipts equal its current expenses. This fact makes the company a property the good will of which is of great marketable value.

NOT A HAPPY ONE.

The Life of a Stage Manager as Told by Mr. Hock.

"It was in 1850 that I first went into the theatrical business," said Stage Manager Wm. Hock of the American Opera Company, in a conversation with a POST-DISPATCH reporter this morning. Then a man was required to be not only an actor, but a singer, as operas and the drama alternated often in the same week. I have sung the Burgomaster in "Czar and Zimmerma" in one evening and the next night played Iago in Shakspeare's "Othello," as they often is not in vogue now. The drama and the opera are as separate in Europe as they are in this country. But both have greater advantages in the way of a stage presentation there than they have here. The stage is more complete. I don't know of a theater in the United States where the mechanical arrangements and opportunities for effects are what they are in a first-class German theater. There the visible height of the stage opening is but one-fifth the actual working height of stage department. Above that to the roof of the rigging loft is three times the visible distance, and under the stage is a space just the equal of the opening. A drop scene giving a sky effect can be painted three times the height of the stage opening and the upper portion of it exposed to view showing a daylight sky. This cloud drop can gradually be drawn up, and as it rises the scene changes to a ruddy sunset and then to azure night. When this is done there is still room in the loft to draw the drop up and out of sight. There is room under the stage too to lower a set scene clear out of view. With these facilities at his command a stage manager can produce wonderful effects."

"The scenic effects are by no means all of a stage manager's difficulties, are they?"

"Oh no," laughed Mr. Hock. "They are perhaps the least. A drama is of course, not so difficult to produce as an opera. Take an opera for example. A score is handed me by the management. I read it through and discover what are the best possible scenic effects to secure. I call the scenic artist and give him my ideas and in a week or two he submits me his water color sketches for them. We make mutual suggestions and he goes to work on the scenes. Then comes the question of casting the opera. On that subject I consult with the director. He says for this part I would suggest Mr. A. He has a voice that just suits the role. Well perhaps Mr. A is a little sawed-off fellow, with a good enough voice. Yes, but I say to the director, this part is of a warrior. A will not look it and we make other selections. Often the part is intensely dramatic and an artist with a less attractive voice, but good ability as an actor is put in the part. When the cast is decided upon, I take the score and go carefully through the libretto marking the stage positions of the principals and chorus, seeing where it is possible to produce a picture by their grouping and getting the best effect of both, always of course taking into consideration the musical blending, too. Then the historical period of the opera must be considered, the dress and customs reviewed and every care taken to make its production consistent. The rehearsals are called and the work begins. Often an artist will have ideas that are very good individually, but if allowed would be inharmonious with the general action. Sometimes it is the case that the ideas can be adopted and then it is of course a pleasure for the stage manager to accept them. If a ballet is wanted, the ballet master is called in. The music fixes the length of the ballet desired. Its character I tell him and the story it is desired to convey. In one opera now is the ballet in the Temple in "Aida." The opera calls for the presence of priestesses. Now it is an historical fact that the Egyptians had no women in their temples. Here then was a difficulty that the composer had presented. To overcome this we introduced the ballet with the tall plumes worshipping in the Temple. They impersonate boys. The ballet master drilled them in the slow and devotional poses they assumed. The female chorus sang on the outside.

"Then when the opera is ready to be played there are a thousand things for the stage manager to do. He must study the effects of his lights; how by lowering this or that row of border lights and putting here or there a calcium he can make the stage weird or brilliant. He must see that the properties are placed, the artists in position, the bells rung to take up the curtains at the proper time, signal bells must be ready to lower traps and a thousand things, as I said before, which the audience do not see, are on the stage manager's mind.

"As de from these technical parts of his business, there are the personal caupers and eccentricities of the company to consider. Each has trouble, and the manager feels the effect of them all."

Leave To-Morrow.

The American Opera Company will leave for Chicago to-morrow on a special train via the Wabash. This train will carry the first of the four new Gilfillan Reclining Chair cars, which are in process of completion for the Wabash people. The novel feature of the Gilfillan chair car is the seats, which are more compact, capable of more change of position and more comfortable than any other.

POOR BARTLEY CAMPBELL.

The Demented Playwright Removed from Bloomingdale to Middletown.

NEW YORK, December 4.—Bartley Campbell was removed on Thursday from the Bloomingdale Insane Asylum to the Homeopathic Asylum for Insanity at Middletown. Harrison Grey Fiske and Edward Aronson took Mr. Campbell to Jersey City on Thursday and delivered him to his wife and Joseph Caven, a former attendant at the Middletown Asylum. Mr. Campbell arrived safely at Middletown in a couple of hours, and was pronounced by that he hated to be taken to such a poor show town. Mr. Aronson and Mr. Fiske say that the ride to Jersey City with Mr. Campbell was exciting. After they were seated in the carriage, Campbell said to Aronson: "Why, Ed, I remember you. The last time I saw you was on the shore of the Sea of Gallica. You were a shepherd and made me pay cash for a sheep. You remember?" As the carriage rolled past a church, Campbell said: "Boys, do you know I'm St. Paul? I built that church and hired Billy Florence to preach in it every Sunday." Then he cried out: "I am Robespierre. I come from the public tribunal from drinking red-hot blood. To-morrow twelve more taste death on the guillotine." He also imagined himself to be U. S. Grant, Charles Dickens, Richard Cœur de Lion, Napoleon, Frederick the Great, Hannibal and George Francis Train. He was noisy, but not violent, and was perfectly manageable. In Middletown he has the quarters lately vacated by the ex-Mayor of Elmira, who has gone to Florida for the winter.

John W. Norton Worse.

Mr. Joseph Brooks, manager for Robson and Crane, writes from Chicago under date of yesterday that he had received a letter from Mrs. John W. Norton stating that Mr. Norton was worse. Mr. Brooks says that he thinks Mr. and Mrs. Norton would probably leave New York for St. Louis on Sunday or at an early date if he is able to leave.

Amusements of the Week.

The event of the week, of course, has been the engagement of the American Opera Company at Music Hall. It has been notable in every way for the large attendance and magnificent productions. The company has shown not only a spirit of progress in presenting new operas, but in mounting them has expended a wealth of money, labor and skill which mark a new era in operatic enterprise. The success of the company has proven that an excellent ensemble is far preferable to two or three stars with poor surroundings. All that could be furnished in the way of staging, orchestra, chorus and ballet has been done, and the chief imperfections to be found in the company arise from a lack of vocal material competent to sing grand opera in English.

This is not from lack of effort to obtain it, but from the present condition of music in this country. We have looked to foreign countries solely for great singers and have had opera only in some foreign tongue, so that material in English speaking singers is not available. The work and aim of the company are tending toward better things. With the National Conservatory of Music working in harmony with the organization and with the means at command to secure talent wherever it may be, results in grand opera for Americans supported by the public may be expected which will equal if not surpass the results attained in foreign countries where the aid of the Government is invoked to support arts.

There have been good singers and poor singers presented this week. The performances have therefore been uneven, with enough mum and almost minimum of enjoyment in the same opera. The only thoroughly satisfactory cast was that of "Aida," but with uneven casts no one could fail to enjoy any performance from the richness and brilliance of costumes, of scenery, of properties, everything that goes to make up a superb mise en scene. The productions have been marvels of magnificence and correctness of detail. The orchestra is unequaled and the chorus is large in numbers and admirably trained. All the elements of success are present, and with still further additions and changes in the list of singers criticism will be disarmed.

The theaters have necessarily suffered from the success of the opera, and the business has been bad at nearly all of them. "Nanon" at Pope's suffered naturally, and was, perhaps, injured still farther by an increase in prices for the week. The illness of Clara Morris made the business of the Olympic very poor, and Downing at the Grand fared little better. It has been a good week for opera only.

Announcements.

"MERRY WIVES OF WINDSOR."

Robson and Crane commence their annual engagement Monday evening at the Grand Opera-house, presenting during the week Shakspeare's "Merry Wives of Windsor" and "Comedy of Errors," and Goldsmith's "She Stoops to Conquer." Monday evening "The Merry Wives of Windsor" will be presented, with the following cast: Sir John Falstaff, Mr. Wm. H. Crane; Fenton, Mr. Edward McWade; Ford, Mr. Wm. Harris; Page, Mr. Clarence Handyside; Justice Shallow, Mr. George H. Griffith; Dr. Caius, Mr. Louis M. Carpenter; Sir Hugh Evans, Charles Riegel; Master Abraham Slender, Mr. Stuart Robson; Host of the Garter, Mr. Harry A. Langdon; Mrs. Ford, Miss Selena Fetter; Mrs. Page, Miss Mary Waldron; Ann Page, Miss Alice Brown; Mrs. Quickly, Mrs. George Dickson, and others. This event has not only been looked forward to by the friends of these two clever actors in this city, but throughout the country. It has created a profound impression and made a great hit, the press of Boston, New York, Chicago and other cities being united in praise of the production. Mr. Crane's Sir John Falstaff is said to be a splendid piece of work, comparing favorably with the best work done in the character. His humor is rich, unctuous and oily, and his make up is said to be perfect, entirely sinking his own identity. They say, and all who understand the scope of Mr. Crane's ability will readily believe it, that as Falstaff he does the finest artistic work he has ever done. Mr. Robson's Slender, slight as the part is, receives the warmest praise also from the critics, and as to Tony Lumpkin in "She Stoops to Conquer" there appears to be perfect unanimity of opinion, that he presents one of the richest bits of pure comedy now before the public. The company is made up mostly of the people who gave the comedias such excellent support last season.

"THE MAIN LINE."

The "Main Line," which is said to be a beautiful and romantic drama of the telegraph and railroad, will be at the Olympic next week, opening Monday evening. The play has had fine success at the Lyceum Theater, New York, and will be given here with the same scenery, cast and effects. The authors are Mr. Chas. Barras of the Country and Mr. H. C. De Mille. The theme is the history of an artist's flirtation with his model, a wild little Western girl, the daughter of a station agent living remote quarter of Colorado. The flirtation deepens and ends in love as the artist studies his model, and, after some misunderstandings, ends in matrimony. The cast contains the following people: Miss Rita Hawkins, Miss Dora Stewart, Miss Agnes Latham, Mr. Nelson Decker, Mr. Fredric B. Conaway, Mr. J. W. Hague, Mr. Harry Mills, Mr. Harry Allen, Mr. H. C. De Mille and others.

POPE'S THEATER.

Hicks & Sawyer's Consolidated Colored Minstrels hold the boards at this house the coming week, commencing to-morrow evening. They number all the well-known minstrels. Among them are Tom McIntosh with his mammoth mouth, Ben Hunn, the grotesque; Billy Speed, the motto-sayer; Eaton and Williams, the team of their songs and dances with banjo accompaniment; Jack

F. W. GUERIN, PHOTOGRAPHER,
Twelfth and Washington Avenue.
Highest prize awarded at National Photographic Exhibition, Cincinnati, 1884; medal awarded at Paris Exposition, and gold medal awarded at the World's Exposition, New Orleans, La., 1885. Special attention paid to Crayon and Pastel work.

CITY NEWS.

GENTLEMEN who desire to be comfortably clad should now avail themselves of the advantages of D. Crawford & Co.'s popular tailoring department, where they may have their clothes made up from the largest selection of woolens in the city, and at prices just about half of what they have been in the habit of paying for them. Remember this house has a fine line of Irish friezes, their own importation, for overcoats.

Dr. E. C. Chase,
922 Olive street. Set of teeth, $8.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated, and medicines furnished. Dr. Dinsmeer, 814 Pine street.

DR. WHITTIER, 617 St. Charles, cures diseases of indiscretion, indulgences. Call or write.

THE CIVIL COURTS.

A Second Dividend for the Provident Bank Depositors—Close of the Term.

The depositors of the defunct Provident Bank will learn with satisfaction that the receiver will pay a second dividend before the close of the present month. It will probably be a dividend of 25 per cent, and arrangements will be made for payment before the expiration of the holiday season. The receiver will file a report in court early in the December term, which commences on Monday morning, and the order for distribution of the second payment will be granted by Judge Lubke as soon as that report is entered. There seems to be little doubt that the expectations of Receiver Thompson and Judge Elmer B. Adams, counsel in the matter, for the ultimate payment of dollar for dollar of the indebtedness to the depositors, will be fulfilled and the estate closed out early in the ensuing year. The system of collection and prompt realization of the assets has been thorough and complete, showing the wisdom of placing the estate in the hands of a bank official.

Suits in Special Tax-Bills.

The City Counselor to-day in the name of the city instituted suits in the Circuit Court against the following parties for the recovery of special tax-bills: John Harold, John Mo-Manus, Clara E. Root, Margaret Colleton, G. B. Adrevina, John McFarland, Michael Bridgots, Frederick C. Smith, James Morrissey, Kate O'Sullivan, John Meyerscough, Mary Wagner, Clara Root and Caroline Sweetzer, Margaret and Adolph Dueber, James M. Ming, James H. Hammett, Joseph Ward, James Cannon, William Dwyer, Ann Cavanaugh, Celia Dougherty, John Toole, Timothy Glynn, John Shanahan, Lawrence S. Miller, John Arse and William R. Miles et al., Elizabeth Easton, Wm. Cary, J. and Agnes Scott, Joseph Yabonti, Mary Sloberell, Henry Luke, Thomas McHarnett, John Cursey, Wilhelmine and Valentine Bentzinger and John Barry.

Mrs. Guerin's Grievance.

Annie E. Guerin has applied to the Circuit Court for a decree of divorce from Albert E. Guerin. They were married August 29, 1879. Mrs. Guerin alleges that her husband subjected her to repeated indignities. In June, 1881, he left her without any means of support, and proved that time he had rendered her condition intolerable by constant abuse. He spent nearly all of his earnings in drink and dissipation and made no provision for the household expenses. On one occasion the landlord ejected them for failing to pay the rent. After a long-continued absence Mrs. Guerin received her husband back again in June, 1885, but the final separation soon took place, as she could not tolerate his ill-treatment and neglect. On the ground of her husband's absence alone Mrs. Guerin claims that a decree should be granted and she asks for restoration of her maiden name, Annie McLaughlin.

Matters in Court.

Letters of administration were granted today to Chas. C. Nicholls on the estate of Eleazer J. Beard. The estate is valued at $110,000.

Letters of administration were granted today to Geo. J. Cochran on the estate of Harriet J. Cochran. The estate is valued at $10,000.

Notes in Court.

The jury in the damage suit of Horstmanschoff against the Hoffner Planing Mill Company, an employe's claim for an injured hand and loss of fingers, returned a verdict this morning in Judge Dillon's court for the plaintiff in the sum of $250. The amount was far below the expectations of counsel.

The N. O. Nelson Manufacturing Company entered suit to-day against Messrs. Cronin & Hilliard, J. H. Perkins, the Famous Mutual Savings Fund, Loan and Building Association, and George A. Baker to recover $348.52 on account of plumbing materials furnished for a house on Forest and Glade avenues.

The Circuit Judges sat to-day in their respective divisions of the Court to perfect appeals to the higher courts. The December term will be opened on Monday.

ONLY $5.00 per set for
Pure solid silver teaspoons,
Four different beautiful patterns.
We show one of the greatest stocks in America of solid silver spoons, and ask you if you *wish to buy, and buy the finest goods, at the lowest* prices, to come to the
COR. FOURTH AND LOCUST.
☞Christmas is coming. Buy soon.

A MILLERS' MONOPOLY.

The Millers of Minneapolis Considering a Great Consolidation Scheme.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., December 4.—The millers of Minneapolis are discussing a stupendous scheme to consolidate all the mills under one management. It is a matter which has been talked of more or less for the past three years, but lately it has been considered seriously. Active steps have been taken which are expected to result in consolidation. The scheme possesses many advantages. The cost of buying wheat and selling flour would of course amount to very little. Such a combination would make as much or as little flour as desired and it would control such product as it placed upon the market. Its effect on the trade would be enormous and it would be an institution as powerful as the Standard Oil Company. There are, however, many difficulties to overcome in forming the company, among which are arriving at the proper valuation of each piece of property, value of brands, trade, etc. If the combination was formed the company would have a capital of $10,000,000. It would take in all the mills except the Washburn mills, which, under the will of the late Gov. Washburn, cannot become a party to such an organization. At a meeting of the millers held several days ago a committee was appointed to consider and report on a feasible plan for making the consolidation. The committee has not yet made a report.

Only 25 Cents
for pure Solid Silver Thimbles.
Buy early for Christmas.
MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
COR. FOURTH AND LOCUST.

Railroad Earnings.

NEW YORK, December 4.—The statement of the St. Louis & San Francisco's earnings for the month of November, 1886, shows, $473,000; 1885, $468,300; increase, $4,600.

The statement of the Chicago & Alton's earnings for the month of November, 1886, shows, $767,653; 1885, $733,617; increase, $34,036.

The Canadian Pacific's earnings for the month of November, 1886, $1,073,000; 1885, $815,000; increase, $258,000.

433 OPERA GLASSES $3.50 TO $35.
Most beautiful collection ever shown.
Come and see our splendid stock and very low prices.
CORNER 4TH AND LOCUST.
☞The opera is coming.—BUY NOW.

IN GAY ATTIRE.

SPLENDID COSTUMES WORN AT THE OPERA LAST EVENING.

A Fashionable Audience in Full Dress Witnesses Wagner's "Flying Dutchman"—Opera Wraps Which Are Both Pretty and Costly.

A fashionable Friday night audience was promptly on hand last night to witness the performance of "The Flying Dutchman." There were more full dress toilets than upon any previous occasion. The lower boxes were all filled, Mrs. J. L. D. Morrison and daughter, Miss Mimi Morrison, with their escorts occupied the stage box on the left. Mrs. Morrison wore black satin, cut decollete and sleeveless, with pardessus of Chantilly lace, with handsome diamonds. Miss Mimi Morrison wore pale blue satin and brocade combined, corsage square cut and filled with lace, no bonnet and a corsage bouquet of pink roses.

The second box contained quite a party among whom, was Miss Laura Perry who wore a gown of pink faille and white lace, the corsage cut in deep points, back and front, and sleeveless, with garniture of white lace. She wore her hair coiled high on top of her head. Miss Lucy Wickham occupied the same box. She wore a toilet of pure white faille, decollete and without sleeves, her hair arranged in soft pouts.

Miss Georgie McKenzie and party occupied the next box. Miss McKenzie in a pure white costume of white faille, the corsage cut decollete and without sleeves. Her hair was worn a la pompadour.

The next box, which had been taken by Mrs. and Mrs. Mullanphy Cates for the season, was occupied by them, with Misses Mimi Flanagan and Ziebig as guests. Mrs. Cates wore a gown of pure white faille, with corsage cut Modjeska and filled with duchess lace, handsome diamonds; no bonnet. Miss Ziebig also wore pure white, with corsage cut square, and without sleeves. Miss Mimi Flanagan wore a stylish all black toilet of tulle over black satin, the corsage cut square and without sleeves.

On the other side Mrs. Moses Fraley and daughters occupied the stage box, Mrs. Fraley wearing a black velvet robe, decollete and sleeveless, a superb diamond necklace about her throat, the precious stones besprinkling her corsage and glittering in her ears and hair. Her two daughters, Misses Sadie and Ray Fraley, wore pure white faille combined with lace.

The next box was occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Charles Clark, who have had it for the week and filled with guests each night. Mrs. Clark wore white faille, combined with white striped plush, the corsage cut square and sleeveless and filled with duchess lace; handsome diamonds. Her guests were Miss May Alice McLaran, who wore black faille, cut square and filled with pink crepe lisse, and Miss Dameron, one of this winter's debutantes. Her dress was of white faille, covered with fleecy draperies of tulle, the corsage cut in deep points back and front, and finished with folds. She carried an immense bunch of red roses. Miss Lulu Scott were a toilet of black faille, decollete and without sleeves.

Another box was occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Thomson and guests. Mrs. Thomson wore pale blue floriated china silk, made pompadour and finished with folds; a corsage bouquet of roses.

The last box was occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Lackland and party. Mrs. Lackland wore black satin covered with embroidered tulle, the bodice cut square and without sleeves. She wore no bonnet and carried a bunch of white roses.

Miss Stella Hartnett wore pale blue faille made with pompadour corsage, filled with lace and a large corsage bouquet of pink roses. Her hair was worn very high, crowned by an aigrette of pale blue ostrich tips.

Miss Ada Brown were black grosgrain, cut in deep points back and front, with garniture of jet.

Miss Alexander wore pure white, with corsage cut in deep points and finished with folds a la Greek; no sleeves.

Miss Belle Billingsley wore a costume of golden brown with hat to match.

Miss Susie Turner wore a gown of pure white which seemed very popular on this occasion.

Mrs. James L. Patterson wore a gown of black faille, the tablier and gilet richly trimmed with cut steel; no bonnet. She had with her sister, Miss Catharine Dickson, who wore white moire-striped satin, with square cut corsage, filled with lace; hair puffed high.

Mrs. Dr. Broaddus wore black satin covered with lace and trimmed in jet, no bonnets.

Miss Franciscus wore white faille with deep pointed corsage, trimmed with Greek folds, no sleeves, and long gloves; no bonnet.

Mrs. E. C. Simmons wore Bordeaux faille, combined with plush of the same shade, striped with gold filagree; small bonnet to match.

Miss Glenn, peacock-blue faille, combined with plush; opera bonnet trimmed with roses of different colors.

Miss Clemmie Garnean wore a very unique dress of brown faille with corsage square cut and filled with tulle, drawn close to the throat under a band; large puffed sleeves of the tulle drawn close to the elbow; no bonnet.

Mrs. J. P. Miller wore black guipure lace, over black satin brightened by ornaments of cut jet; a bonnet of black lace and jet was worn with it.

Mrs. George S. McGrew wore a gown of faille, the tablier formed of all the different shades, arranged in rainbow effects in deep pleats extending from the waist to the hem. The corsage, cut in deep points back and front, was bordered by Greek folds of the different colors. She wore no bonnet, her rich auburn-tinted hair confined by a high shell comb.

Miss Luna Garrison wore a toilet of black tulle, the corsage cut heart-shaped, and filled with tulle drawn under a band about the throat.

Miss Dorcas Carr wore a costume of pure white cloth, tailor made, no hat.

Mrs. Lyne S. Metcalf wore a gown of pale blue brocade with square cut corsage filled with lace; no bonnet.

Mrs. John Moffett wore a gown of black satin, covered with jet, and garniture of duchess lace.

Miss Nellie Schuyler wore a carriage dress of seal brown silk, with bonnet to match.

Miss Nancy Rex wore a gown of white nun's veiling, trimmed with bands of maize-tinted moire, the corsage cut square, with sleeves; small bonnet trimmed with yellow roses.

Mrs. Theodore De Fores wore a gown of black satin rhadames richly embroidered in jet, with pendants flashing in the light; the corsage was cut square and filled with duchess lace, caught by a diamond bar; she wore no bonnet, her hair coiled high upon her head.

Mrs. Overstolz wore full-dress white faille, with corsage decollete and sleeveless, long gants de Suede and a collet of diamonds encircling her throat. She wore no bonnet, and her hair was worn in poufs high upon her head, a diamond aigrette sparkling in the midst.

Miss Joe P. Carr wore a toilet of black satin, glittering with cut jet passementerie and pendants. The corsage was cut in deep points back and filled with tulle, with cut jet clasped tight about her throat with a dog collar of jet.

Mrs. Samuel Gaylord wore a toilet of peacock blue satin rhadames made with a deep pleated skirt, with scarf draperies drawn tight over the hips. The corsage was cut surplice and bordered with passementerie in the same shade; small bonnet to match the dress in shades.

Miss Daisy Billon wore cardinal satin made short, with corsage decollete and sleeveless, over which was worn a pardessus of black chantilly lace. She wore no bonnet, but her hair was puffed high upon her head, and in her hand she carried a large bunch of roses.

Mrs. Nat Garland wore ruby tinted velvet, made short, the front covered with a network of jet, and thickly studded with pendants. The corsage was cut in deep points back and front, a shoulder strap of jet passing over the arms; hair coiled high upon her head.

Mrs. Howard Mason, pink faille made carriage length, with full draperies, combined with black velvet; the pompadour corsage was combined with velvet and filled with duchess lace; demi sleeves, with cuffs of velvet; she wore no bonnet.

Mrs. Helen Powers wore a peacock blue satin rhadames, with corsage square cut and filled with black Chantilly lace and sleeves of the lace, corsage bouquet of red roses. She wore no bonnet, but her fair hair was arranged in high poufs, caught by a diamond aigrette.

Mrs. Mortimer L. Taylor wore a dress of black satin de Lyons, glittering with jet, the low pointed bodice and shoulder straps covered with jet in rich designs. Her pretty blond hair was worn high and caught by large jet pins; her corsage bouquet was of pink roses.

Mrs. A. J. Rogers wore a cerise satin covered with a pardessus of black chantilly lace. The corsage was cut montant, and fastened close at the throat with a diamond bar. Her lovely black hair was worn in fluffy poufs and bangs, without a bonnet.

Mrs. Archer Anderson wore moire striped satin, old gold, made with narrow frills and pleatings of black lace and satin at the bottom, and covered completely by draperies of black thread lace, the corsage cut high and sleeveless and worn with long black gloves, no bonnet, corsage bouquet of yellow chrysanthemums.

Miss Katie Pittman of Sherman, Tex., wore dahlia tinted faille, the tablier formed of Roman striped plush, which also formed the high valois collar, which finished the square cut corsage which was filled with point lace, caught by a diamond brooch. Hair coiled high and supported by a rhinestone crescent.

Miss Mabel Brown of Louisville, Ky., wore rose pink satin with draperies of white lace, the corsage decollete and sleeveless, finished with the lace. She carried a bunch of pink roses, and wore no bonnet.

Miss Gordon, one of this winter's debutantes, wore poppy red faille, made carriage length with full draperies, and corsage montant, with demi-sleeves. Her fair hair was coiled high, and worn without a bonnet.

Miss Ridgely wore pure white faille made decollete and sleeveless and covered with fleecy draperies of tulle, which also filled the low bodice and was confined close about the throat. She wore no bonnet and carried white roses.

Miss Julia Valle wore pure white with pompadour corsage trimmed with lace; no bonnet.

Miss Hopkins wore black satin cut square and sleeveless and covered with black chantilly lace; no bonnet.

Miss Georgie Anderson wore maize-tinted satin, made short and covered with flounces of pompadour lace; the corsage, decollete and sleeveless, was finished with a bertha of lace; her hair was dressed and she wore a wreath of corn flowers tied in front with maize-tinted ribbons.

Miss Ann Carter Wickham wore pale pink faille made short, with corsage montant and long sleeves. She wore no bonnet.

Miss Fanita Hayward wore a toilette of pure white, with surplice corsage and demi-sleeves; no bonnet.

Mrs. Ellis Wainwright wore Bordeaux satin rhadames made carriage length, with full draperies, the corsage cut square and ornamented with rich passementerie of the same shade, and filled with duchess lace caught by a superb diamond brooch.

Mrs. Ellis Pepper, a toilet of lavender faille, combined with plush of a deeper tone; corsage cut square and filled with duchess lace; handsome diamonds and no bonnet; her hair worn high.

THE WRAPS.

The brief seasons of opera to which St. Louis has been treated in past years was hardly sufficient to justify the magnificent opera wraps in which ladies indulge in the Eastern cities, full-dress occasions being so few and far between. The performances of the American Opera Company last spring developed a taste for full-dress toilets to such an extent, that a handsome, or at least showy wrap became as indispensible as the carriages and flowers which pertain to the opera season, and one fact specially worthy of mention is that bonnets were dispensed with by at least one-half the audience, whether they wore decollete toilettes or not, and whether they had carriages or not. This is a move in the right direction, and when the ladies once make up their minds that they can dispense with bonnets at the theater and public places of amusement, the comfort and pleasure of everyone will be greatly enhanced.

Among the handsome wraps observed at the opera this week was a "Sarah Bernhardt" of long, soft fur, pure white, which served as a lining for a heavy white brocade, which was worn by Mrs. Moses Fraley. Her daughters also wore very elegant wraps trimmed with fur.

Mrs. Charles Clark had also a garment of old gold plush, lined and trimmed with fur.

Miss Mimi Morrison has two wraps, one of pale blue plush, lined and trimmed with lynx, the other a superb Bernhardt of dark blue plush brocade, lined with long white fur.

Miss Laura Perry wore an opera cloak of rose pink cloth lined with quilted satin and reaching to the hem of her dress.

Miss Speck wears a pure white astrachan trimmed with white fur.

Mrs. Filley wears white velvet brocade lined with white quilted satin and trimmed with white fur.

Mrs. Henry Overstolz wears a wrap made entirely of white ermine, flecked with black and lined with white quilted satin.

Mrs. Helen Powers wears a dolman of white satin and gold brocade trimmed with passementere and fringe of white and gold, and lined with white quilted satin.

Miss Georgie Anderson wore a peacock blue plush lined with quilted satin and trimmed with dark fur, the back and front richly ornamented with Persian passementerie.

Miss Ruby Turnbull wore a dress of wine-colored plush trimmed with marabout feathers of the same shade.

Mrs. W. L. B. Allen wore a circular-covering her dress entirely, of gold and brown brocade, lined and trimmed with gray lynx fur.

Miss Mary Ames wears a white wrap lined and trimmed with white fur.

Miss Belle Billingsly wears a pale pink velvet brocade trimmed with light Lynx fur.

Miss Mattie Thompson has a dolman of dark red plush richly trimmed with cut jet.

Miss Dorcas Carr wears a very stylish garment, a long white cloth Newmarket, with hood lined with white silk.

A CARD.

On next Tuesday morning there will appear in the "Republican" our annual mammoth four-page announcement of many of the special and extraordinary inducements that we will offer to buyers of Christmas presents.

We have provided for this season a stock truly marvellous in extent, variety, usefulness, beauty and quality, and we will, in order to dispose of this enormous collection, offer it at such low prices as should induce every buyer of holiday presents to come direct to our house and purchase.

It will pay you, if you are not a regular reader of the "Republican," to invest 5 cents for the paper next Tuesday morning, for its perusal will doubtless save you many dollars in the purchase of your holiday gifts, and we trust you will.

MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
CORNER 4TH AND LOCUST.
☞*Please remember next Tuesday's "Republican."*

PACIFIC COAST TRAFFIC.

Roads Interested in Passenger Business Form a Temporary Pool.

CHICAGO, December 4.—The various roads interested in the Pacific coast passenger traffic have at last succeeded in forming a temporary pool on such business from the Pacific coast to through Eastern points, and the opinion is expressed that the new agreement will prove so satisfactory to the lines in interest that at its expiration no further difficulty will be found in bringing about a permanent pooling arrangement that will prevent the further cutting of agreed rates. The agreement goes into effect December 6 and is to continue in force four months from that date with the provision that thereafter any road may withdraw from it after having given thirty days notice of withdrawal. The principal features of the agreement are that no more street commissions will be paid in San Francisco. The general agents of the Eastern lines are allowed to pay a commission of $3 on each ticket via Chicago and via St. Louis of $7.50. It is also provided that under the operation of this agreement the commission by all lines on tickets of the same denomination may be the same. No commission shall be paid by, for, or in behalf of any line or lines between San Francisco and New Orleans. It is further agreed that the commission above provided for shall be paid only to the representative of the line selling the ticket, and strictly and only as an agent's commission; that under no circumstances shall street commission be paid nor shall any part of the agent's commission be used in a manner that may result in cutting the rates.

All lines between San Francisco and New York interested in the Pacific coast east-bound passenger business have agreed to become members of the new association.

1,000 CLOCKS FROM $1.20 TO $100.00.
Finest Stock ever Shown.
If you want to buy a clock for your own use or a wedding present come and see our stock.
Our prices are so very low you will be surprised.
MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
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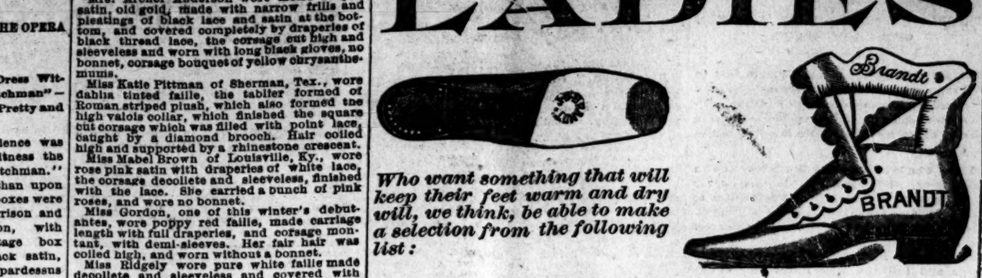
☞*Remember all our clocks are warranted.*
☞Christmas is coming. Buy early.

Albert Buxton and John Spengemann were arrested last evening for refusing to pay their fares for riding on a Union Depot Line car.

LADIES

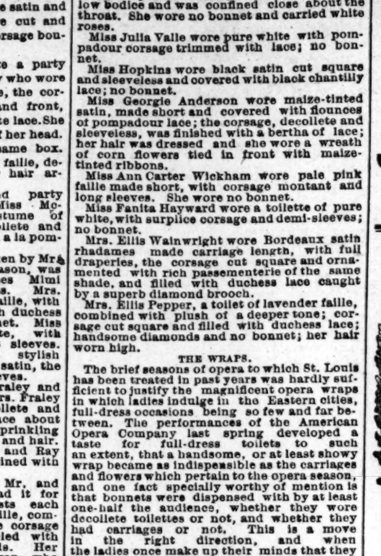


Who want something that will keep their feet warm and dry will, we think, be able to make a selection from the following list:

Chamois-lined Oil Goat Common-sense, double-sole Button Boots.
French Calf, Common-sense, double-sole Button Boots.
Straight Goat, Heavy Double-Sole, Common-sense or Opera Button Boots.
Dongola Button Boots, Heavy Double-Sole, Common-sense or Opera Lasts.
Glove Calf, FLEECE LINED, Button Boots.
Beaver Cloth, Warm Lined, Button Boots or Front Lace.
Largest stock and best variety in Felt Goods, for Ladies, Gents, Boys, Girls and Babies.

CLOSEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

J. G. BRANDT
COR. BROADWAY AND LUCAS AVENUE.
Open Every Saturday Night until 10:30; Other Evenings until 6:30.



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Pure and Unadulterated
CANDIES
Of World-Wide Reputation.
40c Per Pound; 3 Pounds, $1.
Oakes' Mammoth Candy Palace
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(Trade-Mark Recorded.)

MUNKACSY AT WASHINGTON.

The Hungarian Painter's Impressions of the National Capital—The Whitney Dinner.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 4.—Monsr. Munkacsy has not seen as much of Washington as he had hoped. His stay has been briefer than he anticipated, and for this reason he had been compelled to see the city and its surroundings in somewhat of a hurry. He leaves here for New York to-day, stopping at Baltimore from 9 until the 11 o'clock train, to inspect the Walters Gallery there. In speaking of his visit here and the impression he has gained of the capital he said last night to the POST-DISPATCH reporter that it was indeed a very beautiful city. In fact, it surpassed what he expected to see.

"One thing that attracted me more than all others," said he, "is the great number of red houses. No matter where I go or where I look I see beautiful red houses. I see no grand staircases here like we have in France. In many of the residences there, there is plenty of room for them and I wonder they are not built so here. The most handsome building I have seen here is the White House. It is so grand, so stately, so roomy. Its architecture is something to be admired. What astonished me most is to behold its grandeur and consider how long ago it was designed."

A GRAND STRUCTURE.

"What are your impressions of the Capitol building?"

"It, too, is a grand structure, with many beautiful things about it, but it seems to be not well proportioned. It has the appearance of being too low. This is particularly true, when seen from the east side. With all of the defects that I could point out, it is a handsome building and compares favorably with other great buildings of the kind."

The artist was enthusiastic in his admiration for the State, War and Navy building. This is known to be the most complete building in the United States. He regards it as one of the finest he ever saw. To use his own words: "I have never met more charming people than the Washingtonians. The ladies are extremely polite and, indeed, are truly beautiful. I am pleased to find them so intelligent and conversant with public questions. I have met some whom I would judge to be as well schooled in American politics as their husbands. I am not surprised to find them so familiar with foreign affairs. I have not met a lady since I came here who has not traveled abroad. The men whom I have met could not be more polite and courteous. I have not had the opportunity of meeting any of the public men, other than the Cabinet ministers."

Mr. Munkacsy was very much interested in the philanthropist, W. W. Corcoran, with whom he had spent the greater portion of the day. Mr. Corcoran drove him to the base of the Washington monument and afterwards made a two-hours' visit to the art gallery. Munkacsy was amazed at the magnitude of the monument. He had but a few moments to talk, as he was preparing for the Whitney dinner. He thought Mr. Corcoran had laid the foundations for a great gallery at the Capital. Its princely revenue would do much to educate the American people up to a thorough appreciation of the best art. The gallery has now many fine pictures. He thought the Corot was the gem of the collection; he could not praise it too highly. Mr. Munkacsy regretted that he was not able to see the President owing to his illness.

THE WHITNEY DINNER.

The social courtesies offered Munkacsy, the distinguished artist, during his visit to the capital, culminated last evening in a dinner given in his honor by the Secretary of the Navy and Mrs. Whitney, which equalled in elegance that given by them in June to the President and bride. The table was laid for twenty in gilt-edged white china, with cutlery of silver and gold, relieved with cut glass. At each corner of the cloth were crystal bowls of LaFrance and American beauty roses, and a tracery of mignonettes, violets and running fern outlined its edge, and wound in and out among the ornamental dishes. An oval fruit dish of hot-house grapes occupied the center of the table. The napkins were folded in double squares and the name cards were gilt-edged and marked in gilt with a Roman "W" in lieu of a family crest. The salt-cellars were of the massive, old-fashioned kind that are again in vogue. Mr. Whitney escorted the guest of honor and seated him at one end of the broad table, and Mr. Whitney with Mme. Rutenskiold and Baron Munkacsy's hostess at the other. Between them, on the north side, were the German Minister, Baron Von Alvensleben; Miss Mitchell of Oregon, Mr. King of Newport, Miss Howard, Mr. Durbrae, Secretary of the Spanish Legation; Miss West, Count Lippe-Wessenfeld of Austria and Miss Cameron. At the hostess' left were the Secretary of War, Miss Eustis (sister of Senator Eustis, and chatelaine of Mr. Corcoran's household), the Swedish minister, Mrs. King, Mr. Roustan, the French minister; Mrs. Wright, Mr. Wadsworth and Mrs. Endicott. The menu comprised oysters, soup, fish, chicken flies, with turkey, terrapin, Roman punch, canvasback duck with celery salad, ice cream in watermelon shapes, fruits, coffee and wines. The latter were five in number and embraced Rudesheimers, clarets, champagne, maderia. The drawing-room where the guests were received, was the grand salon, where Mrs. Whitney holds her Wednesday receptions. A wood fire blazed at its further end, and it was lighted with candles and oil-lamps under fanciful umbrella shades. Vases of chrysanthemums of choice varieties were set here and there in the apartments, and its walls, hung with red satin damask, were relieved with a few fine pictures.

Hopper Artists' Supply Company.
New lot of Engraving and Etchings; Artistic Framing as cheap as the cheapest. 313 North Sixth street, opposite Barr's.

FIRE AT THE CASINO.

A Stampede Which Passed Over Without Much Damage.

About 10:20 o'clock last night a fire broke out in a room on the second floor of the Casino Theater building while the theater was filled with people enjoying the variety show which was in progress. The fire was discovered before it had made much headway, and an alarm was turned on immediately. The people in the theater were very much excited when they were informed that the building was on fire, and the people in the gallery especially became greatly alarmed and rushed down the stairs pell-mell. Fortunately, no one was hurt in the crush. The room in which the fire originated is occupied by Nellie Sutton and Carrie Brown, two of May Adams' blondes, and was caused by sparks from the fire falling on the carpet. Mrs. J. A. Vine, a woman named Farrell, who was sick in bed, and Mrs. James Richmond, all of whom occupied rooms on the third floor, were almost suffocated with smoke before they could escape from the building. The Fire Department succeeded in putting out the blaze before it had assumed serious proportions, but considerable damage was done. Misses Sutton and Brown lost about $150 worth of dresses. The damage done to the furniture and fixtures was about $200, and the building, which is owned by the Harney estate, was damaged about $500.

DO YOU WEAR GLASSES?
Steel, $1.00, also finer; gold, $5.00.
Accurately fitted by the best practical opticians in the city
Who are both patient and pleasant.
Come and try our spectacle department and you will remain our permanent patron.
MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
COR. OF 4TH AND LOCUST,
☞*Our $5.00 Gold Spectacles for Christmas gifts.*

Gotham's Sunday Law.

NEW YORK, December 4.—To-morrow promises to be a very blue Sunday for a great many people. In certain quarters of the city it has been customary for stores of all kinds to be open on Sunday, and the best business of the week was done on that day. A few days ago the Mayor called the attention of the Police Department to the matters, and orders have now been issued instructing the police to arrest all offenders and to see that all places of business are closed to-morrow.

The new Chilian Cabinet has Senor Antuney for Prime Minister.

RED STAR COUGH CURE
NO OPIATES, NO POISON.
SAFE, PROMPT, SURE.

Could Not Speak and Cured.
19 13th St., San Francisco, Cal.
A short time ago I contracted a severe cold, became so hoarse I could not speak. Tried a number of remedies, without obtaining the slightest relief. The efforts of two physicians failed to help me. Was induced to try Red Star Cough Cure, and one bottle cured me. F. RENTSCHLER.

Three Children Cured of Croup.
231 Franklin st., Baltimore, Md.
My three children have, during the whole of this winter, been suffering with croup, but now I can safely assert that they have been entirely cured by using two bottles Red Star Cough Cure. Will not be without a bottle. WM. I. BOWEN.

Cured the Minister's Baby.
The wife of Rev. H. H. Washburn, rector of St. Barnabas Church, Brooklyn, N. Y., says her sixteen months old child, suffering with a severe cold, which had held on for weeks, was given Red Star Cough Cure. Four doses loosened and relieved the cough. Its further use effected a complete cure.

Coughed 10 Years and Cured.
Mr. Luke Brosseau, livery stable keeper, Charlotte, Michigan, writes that for ten years he suffered from a cough, which nothing would remove. At last he used Red Star Cough Cure, and its efficacy was so swift and magical that he pronounces it the greatest ever known.

A Rabbi's Testimony. Baltimore, Md.
I feel constrained to express my confidence in the merits and efficacy of Red Star Cough Cure. Not only has it been of great service to my family, but I have personally used it with good results.
BENJAMIN SZOLD,
Rabbi of the Oheb Shalom Congregation.
THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Md.

ST. JACOBS OIL
THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY
For Pain Cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Backache, Headache, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises and other Bodily Aches and Pains.
THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Md., U.S.A.

SPIRIT OF WEBSTER

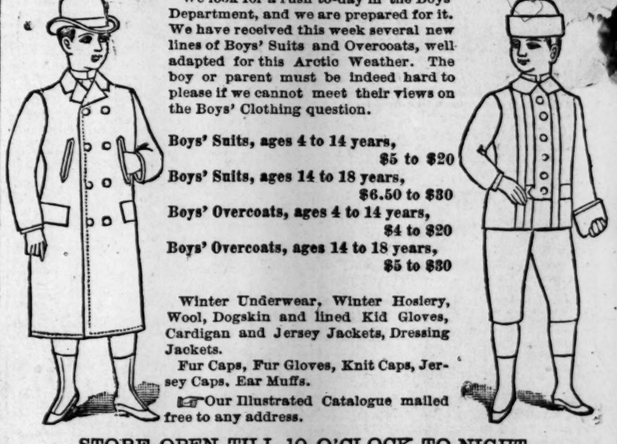
Condescend to visit us on earth once more, we beseech thee, and out of thy wealth of language bestow upon us some more qualifying adjectives, so that we may do adequate justice in writing to our truly fine clothing. When thou didst bequeath to us thy dictionary thou didst leave it the common property of all mankind (after paying a small margin to the bookseller), and now we are often stuck to use of thy own words, for an expression that will do justice to our merchandise. Other dealers have the use of thy language, while they have NOT our CLOTHING. Therefore, the public is often misled by plausible arguments, which read exceedingly well, and buy inferior goods because the advertising man uses fine words and deceptive figures, and so mankind is often

CAUGHT UNAWARES
When buying clothing.

WORKINGMEN
We number you by thousands among our customers, and we are proud of our connection with you. There are thousands more that we are anxious to have dealings with, and we do all that honorable and straightforward treatment can do to gain your confidence. We offer you the best that the market affords for a fair, living profit. We don't sell goods under cost if we can help it, and we don't live by our own or other people's losses. There are clothiers who tell you they do, and spend heaps of money to inform you of it. Do you believe it? Be neighborly, step in to-day or this evening—look over the goods—try on a few—examine the material and workmanship—look at the prices—everything is plain marked—we will not worry you to buy—we prefer to trust to your own judgment. Don't you think ours is a safe place to trade at? Here are a few of our prices:

A good All-wool Cassimere Overcoat $10
Overcoats—Cassimere, Melton, Chinchilla, Kersey, Beaver, $12, $15, $18, $20, $25
Driving Ulsters $10, $12, $15, $20
Chinchilla Reefers and Vests $12, $18, $20, $25
A good All-wool Suit, Sack or Cutaway, in Cheviot or Cassimere, heavy winter weight ..... $10 and $12
$15 The largest variety of Men's Suits at this popular price in the West; all styles; nearly all materials $15

TROUSERS!
Heavy winter weight, plain colors, checks and stripes, all wool,
$2.50! $2.50.... TO ....$14.00! $14.00!



We look for a rush to-day in the Boys' Department, and we are prepared for it. We have received this week several new lines of Boys' Suits and Overcoats, well adapted for this Arctic Weather. The boy or parent must be indeed hard to please if we cannot meet their views on the Boys' Clothing question.

Boys' Suits, ages 4 to 14 years, $5 to $20
Boys' Suits, ages 14 to 18 years, $6.50 to $30
Boys' Overcoats, ages 4 to 14 years, $4 to $20
Boys' Overcoats, ages 14 to 18 years, $5 to $30

Winter Underwear, Winter Hosiery, Wool, Dogskin and lined Kid Gloves, Cardigan and Jersey Jackets, Dressing Jackets.
Fur Caps, Fur Gloves, Knit Caps, Jersey Caps, Ear Muffs.
☞Our Illustrated Catalogue mailed free to any address.

STORE OPEN TILL 10 O'CLOCK TO-NIGHT.

F. W. Humphrey & Co.
Clothiers, Hatters and Furnishers,
N. E. Corner Broadway and Pine.

A Full Line of Gents', Youths' and Boys' Ready and Custom-Made
—CLOTHING ON—
Time Payments!
VERY EASY TERMS AND LOWEST CASH PRICES AT THE
Strauss-Emerich Outfitting Co., 1116 Olive Street.
Sells on CREDIT everything needed for HOUSE or PERSON. All goods delivered on first payment. Keeps Gents' Youths' and Boys' Clothing, Dry Goods, Dress Goods, Silks, Satins, Velvets, Ladies' Cloaks and Wraps, Gold and Silver Watches, Jewelry, etc. Also, Furniture of every description, Carpets, Stoves, and all Housekeeping Goods in general. ☞OPEN AT NIGHT.

J. M. Ward Furniture, Stove and Carpet Co.
1111, 1113 and 1115 Franklin Avenue.
Furniture, Carpets, Stoves and Household Goods,
FOLDING BEDS, PIANOS, ORGANS, and everything needed in Housekeeping, sold on EASY WEEKLY or MONTHLY PAYMENTS at Lowest Cash Prices. SPECIAL RATES for parties going to Housekeeping. Open every evening till 9 o'clock.

Alexander's Drug Store,
N. W. Corner Broadway (Fifth) and Olive Sts.
ALEXANDER'S Medical Preparations are unrivaled.
ALEXANDER'S BEEF, IRON, WINE and PEPSIN, a Nutritive Tonic. Valuable in cases of Prostration, Nervous Depression and Loss of Appetite.
ALEXANDER'S COUGH MIXTURE, successful for 35 years.
ALEXANDER'S BALSAMIC CREAM, an elegant preparation for the face and hands, making them smooth and soft.
ALEXANDER'S CORN REMOVER does remove Corns.
PERFUMERY and FANCY TOILET ARTICLES.
Prescriptions accurately prepared by competent apothecaries, under the supervision of E. W. Alexander, graduate of Philadelphia College of Pharmacy.

SHOMBERG.

McKINNON TRADED FOR THE LIVELY FIRST BASEMAN OF THE PITTSBURGS.

The Deal Considered a Good One—Billiard and Bowling News—Foot-Ball Notes—Sporting Matters.

McKinnon, the first baseman, will be seen no more with the St. Louis Maroons. He has been released to the Pittsburgs and will, next year, ornament the first bag for the League's new acquisition. As a consideration for the services of McKinnon, Pittsburg has given the Maroons in exchange Shomberg, the young player who has covered first base for the Alleghenies during the last few months of the season. The deal was first first proposed by Horace Phillips, the manager of the Pittsburg team, on the occasion of his visit to this city on Thanksgiving day. He came especially for McKinnon, and not for Denny and Glasscock, as stated by a morning paper. To President Stromberg he stated that Nimick was enthusiastic over "Mac" and would be willing to pay a handsome price for him. This offer was refused, but Mr. Stromberg offered to trade McKinnon for Shomberg, provided the Pittsburg management was willing to give him up. Mr. Phillips said he would submit the proposition to his directors and communicate the result. The proposition was satisfactory and President Stromberg received the following telegram this morning: "Everything solid. Telegraph Nick Young McKinnon's release, also wire me his release to Adams House, Boston. Shomberg all fixed for you. Will send his contract with McKinnon's as soon as I hear from you." The deal is thus effectually closed and all that it needs to complete it is the official approval of the President of the League. In losing McKinnon the Maroons will not suffer. He never was much of a base runner, was slow at first, not always sure and latterly has been falling off in his batting. In Shomberg the Maroons have gained a great deal. He ranks eighth among the big Association batters and is a heavy hitter. He plays his position in great style, runs well and was one of the most promising players in the Association, so much so that Horace Phillips himself stated in these columns that he would make one of the greatest ball players in the country. The Pittsburgs would never have given him up had not Nimick been fairly infatuated with "the granite wall player." The exchange alone would have been a bargain for the Maroons, but they will make $1,500 by the deal. McKinnon is now in Boston, in which city he was seen by Phillips. Shomberg is 21 years of age and is about Latham's weight and size.

Billiards.

Moulds and Yatter will play a match game of pool, best 16 in 31, Thursday night at Schaefer's for $100 a side.

A cushion carrom tournament will commence at the Grand, Monday. The entries are Harris, Dozier, Hill, Sanders, Birch, Morgan, Kennedy and Sterling.

Mr. Richard Roche has offered $400 in prizes for a tournament according to 14-inch balk-line rules, 300 points to the game. The entries will be Maggioli, Carter, Shaw, Molds, Knight, Donovan and Catton. The entrance fee is $25 which will be added to the prize money, making $600 in all. Maggioli, Carter and Catton will enter even and the other players will be allowed a handicap.

Harry Baldwin has been playing pool rather heavily of late giving big odds. The balls are really phenomenally obedient to Harry's cue.

Schaefer is practicing daily for his last game with Slosson at Chicago, December 17. "I was terribly handicapped," said he, "in the first game. More so than most people suspect, but I hope to do better in Chicago."

Bowling.

The following scores were bowled at the Grand alleys this week: Ten pins—L. Wolf, 220; P. Charles, 297; Chas. Bladen, 287; G. Sanders, 291; Geo. Kaiter, 289.

Cocked hat, five games—H. Lennon, 32, 43, 23, 29, 36—163; C. Cross, 19, 21, 37, 32, 26—135; F. Finley, 29, 38, 26, 29, 40—162; H. Brooks, 38, 44, 32, 40, 36—190; L. Dorbin, 26, 32, 35, 23, 37—153; Jo. Grist, 18, 22, 40, 35, 31—146.

Fifty pins, two games—B. Lorenburg, 84, 96; B. Pertz, 64, 71; L. Molion, 90, 77; J. Riff, 66, 81.

Soldiers, three games—Geo. Gorbar, 176, 142, 131; A. Canty, 138, 126, 140.

J. Wynn did some wonderful work at nine pins. He made eighteen consecutive nines, and would have completed two games without a "chuck" had not an accident interfered.

A tournament will be bowled to-morrow and Monday afternoon and night at Teutonia alleys, Montgomery and Twenty-second streets. The first prize will be $15; second, $10; third, $7; fourth, $6; fifth, $5; sixth, $3; seventh, $2; eighth, $1. Louis Brinkworth will have a hand in the sport.

Foot Ball.

The first exhibition game between the Shamrocks and the Christian Brothers' College team will be played to-morrow at the Union Park at 2:30 p. m. The teams will be placed as follows: College goal, Boucher, backs, Granville, Englund; half backs, Roubadoux, Benson, Lancaster; forwards, O'Toole, Ewing, Kennedy, Mudd, O'Donnell. Shamrock—Goal, Capel; backs, Roach, Conroy; half backs, Latchwell, P. Dennely, J. Dennely; forwards, Meagher, Skerith, Kilen, Gilligan, O'Fallon. The Thistles will have two elevens in the field to-morrow afternoon at Sportsman's Park.

Corrigan in Town.

Mr. Ed Corrigan, the turfman, arrived in the city this morning from Memphis. Mr. Corrigan says that forty-three of his stable are in their winter quarters at Memphis. Pearl Jennings, he says, is laid up at Jerome Park and Isaac Murphy is at Kansas City. These are the only two of the stable who are wanting at Memphis. The turfman will go to Kansas City before he returns to Memphis.

Gymnasium Notes.

J. A. Vaupee has a new feat which he calls the cannon ball act. He will exhibit it at the exhibition.

Messrs. Switzer, Armfield and Ellison, the parallel-bar trio, do a number of new and difficult combinations.

Paul Cable is becoming clever at balancing. The properties for one of his acts are a ladder or a chair, and a trapeze.

Milt Moore, the acting manager of the "Gymn," has a class of youngsters whom he is educating in club exercises.

William Muldoon, the champion of wrestlers, has been a regular visitor to the Gymnasium this week. He is a believer in the light-weight theory of exercise.

Pierre H. Lauck and John C. Causland, old members of the Gymnasium, are still in Paris, where they delight French audiences with their skill with the Indian clubs.

The Missouri Gymnasium stands at the head of similar institutions for its gymnastic talent. Its next annual exhibition takes place next Thursday evening. The members are practicing daily for the event.

Not Only the National Disease but Many Others.

It is said that dyspepsia is our national malady. Well, BRANDRETH'S PILLS will cure the national malady.

It is said that constipation is the curse of our sedentary life. Well, BRANDRETH'S PILLS certainly cure constipation.

It is generally conceded that rheumatism comes from acid stomach and sudden changes of temperature. BRANDRETH'S PILLS have corrected all this and will do it again.

Chronic diseases are cured by taking two to four of BRANDRETH'S PILLS every night for a month.

Art Notes.

The sketches of the Art League, a recent organization of artists in the city, are on exhibition at the gallery of Redheffer & Koch. They are few in number, but they evince the right spirit, and may be the expression of a nucleus that will grow to a good club.

Will Streator exhibits a village street in water colors that is very clever. Chambers, his associate in the scenic line, has also a sketch of considerable merit. Mat Hastings has a pretty profile in water colors. Herman Bollman shows a little winter scene in oil that is the gem of the collection. Ben Berger has a landscape with a figure crude but showing strength. The whole line, some ten in number are worth a visit to the gallery.

* * *

J. R. Meeker leaves to-morrow for Kansas City, where the auction sale of the pictures by him, Barnsley, Stalts, Harney and Bissell, occurs next Tuesday.

* * *

Bissell has begun work on his prize exhibition picture of the sirens on the rocks. The first sketch indicates a work of great beauty.

* * *

The new Artists' Club, in which Bringhurst, Bissell, Metker and others were interested in organizing seems to hang fire. The friends of the enterprise are losing faith in it.

* * *

The exhibition of pictures during the last Exposition cost the managers but $3,000 net, the sale of programmes and other revenues having reduced the expense account to that limit.

FLEMING'S RAISIN-CURED PRUNES are sold to the trade by the Adam Roth Grocery Company.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

Items of Interest and Gossip From the Adjacent Towns.

Ironton, Mo., December 3.—Rev. Martin of St. Louis preached in this place last Sunday to large audiences.——Sheriff-elect Whitworth took charge of the Sheriff's office on Wednesday.——Dr. John Clark of Perry County is here on a visit to his brother, Mr. James H. Clark.——County Court will be in regular session next Monday.——Two Italians were arrested last night. They are charged with converting to their own use watches and money belonging to some miners at Pilot Knob.——Charlie Kindell of Granite Bend was home on a visit last Sunday.

Bunker Hill, Ill., December 3.—Mrs. Gurney and Miss Lena Kaufel of St. Louis are visiting friends here.——Miss Lillie Belt has returned home from Taylorville.——Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Hill and son of East St. Louis were here over Sunday with friends.——D. Lamar and P. Martin left Thursday for Dakota.——Mmes. H. B. Davis of St. Louis and D. P. Woodman of Litchfield visited their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Judge Hugging, several days this week.——Albert Mize and wife have returned to their home in Denver.——The Catholic fair held here last week cleared $400 instead of $200, as mentioned last Saturday.——Attorney R. E. Dorsey will take depositions Monday afternoon before Commissioner Squire Cummings in the matter of contesting the will of H. C. Hull, deceased.——Edward Gossling, living several miles south of here, was kicked in the side by a mule last Saturday, from the effects of which he died Sunday.

Shelbyville, Ill., December 3.—Miss Ada Webster is the guest of Miss Kittie Holmes at Bloomington.——E. E. south and family of Terre Haute have been visiting Geo. P. Cook.——H. J. Hamlin attended court at Taylorville.——Rev. Garis gave his friends a pleasant party Wednesday evening.——The ladies of the W. F. M. Society gave a musical and literary entertainment at the First M. E. Church Sunday evening.——Shelbyville has organized a business men's association.——Miss Fannie Kleeman visited Mattoon friends recently.——T. J. Graybill was in Chicago Tuesday.——The new County officers have been installed.——Dr. H. B. Smith is home from Kansas City.——Mrs. Helen Potter will read at Opera Hall Tuesday evening.——A. B. Welch and wife are in Chicago this week.——Frank B. Wendling visited St. Louis Wednesday.——Miss Mary Stephenson left Monday for Leesburg, Va., to spend the winter.——Miss Annette Durkee of Eureka, Kan., is here for a week.——Miss Hettie Keeler entertained her friends Friday evening.——A good fall of snow has made pretty fair sleighing.

Jerseyville, Ill., December 3.—Mr. Charles Cheny and wife of Taylorville have been visiting Mr. G. N. Burleigh this week.——Robert Newton is in Washington, D. C., this week.——Miss Eliza Jackson has returned to Springfield, where she is attending school.——Mrs. A. D. Christopher, accompanied by her mother, Mrs. Nutt, returned to her home in Beatrice, Neb., Friday.——H. McCracken and family have moved to Las Angeles, Cal., where they will reside permanently.——Col. W. H. Edgar was in St. Louis over Sunday with friends.——Miss Arrie Jenkyn of Joplin, Mo., is visiting friends here.

Rolla, Mo., December 2.—Wallace W. Culver, Sr., of St. Louis, spent Saturday in our city.——Mrs. Jo Tipton is in town for a week's visit to her friend, Mrs. Dr. L. L. Hayeler.

——A weather signal pole seventy five feet in height will be erected in Rolla for the purpose of notifying our people of the changes of the weather.——The marriage of Prof. Scott to Miss Lee took place last evening at the residence of A. S. Long. Ceremony private.——Mrs. Congressman Bland of Lebanon is visiting her father, Gen. Mitchell.——Miss Minnie Whittaker, formerly of this place, now of Baltimore, Md., is expected about Christmas time to visit her friend, Miss Imogene Hutchison.——Mrs. Mary Coleman is seriously ill, confined to her bed-room.——The Baptist Foreign Missionary Society will organize for the winter soon.——Mrs. J. A. Annin is in very poor health. her trip to St. Louis doing her no good.——Mrs. Pet Winters of Springfield spent Thanksgiving with her parents and friends in Rolla.——Another wedding in high life is to take place the 15th of this month.

Centralia, Mo., December 3.—J. T. Mitchell attended the marriage of his brother, Ir. Mitchell, in Howard County this week.——A. Ices of Columbia spent a couple of days here this week.——Geo. Silvers, aged 65 years, died at his home in this place December 2.——Dr. A. Kissell of St. Louis is visiting Centralia friends.——The proposition of making Centralia a city of the fourth class was voted on here December 2, with a vote of 103 for and 47 against.——A pleasant social was given Friday evening at the residence of G. M. Lease by the ladies of the W. C. T. U.

Canton, Mo., December 3.—The protracted meeting at the Christian Church has resulted in about twelve additions to the church.——The ice blocked in the river in Thursday night, and pedestrians were crossing it Friday.——The university students are making preparations for a benefit entertainment to be given the 23d. inst.——Miss Annie Collin of Keokuk spent a few days this week with Miss Emma Biggs.——Miss Lyda Stork is in Atchison, Kan., for a few weeks with her sister, Mrs. O. W. Oeth.——T. E. Aueburn is in Clinton, Io., doing some expert work on the machinery of a steamboat.——Prof. Rayhill has organized a class in elocution at the University.

THE proof of the pudding is in the eating. Try Fleming's Raisin-Cured Prunes.

LIFE AT THE CLUBS.

The St. Louis Club Reception—Banquets, Concerts and Social Gatherings.

The St. Louis Club will give the first reception of the season on Wednesday, the 15th inst., at the handsome club-house on Locust street. The invitations are limited to the members of the club, but cards for non-residents may be obtained from the House Committee. Ladies accompanied by members will not require a ticket. Dancing will commence soon after 8 o'clock, and at 9 o'clock supper will be served. From that hour on refreshments will be served continuously. The entire house will be thrown open for the occasion and the reception rooms will be tastefully decorated. The following gentlemen compose the reception committee: Geo. E. Leighton, D. R. Francis, John T. Davis, Wilbur F. Boyle, Chas. P. Chouteau, B. W. Clark, C. C. Maffit, E. C. Simmons, Halsey C. Ives, Gerard B. Allen, Elmer B. Adams, Daniel Catlin, J. G. Chapman, Alex. Euston, E. O. Stanard, Ellis Wainwright, S. M. Dodds. The floor committee will be composed of the following members: Wm. H. Thomson, L. D. Dozier, Richard Everest, Edwards Whitaker, John D. Kanken, A. V. Reyburn, Page McPherson, Charles F. Bates, Charles Wiggins, S. R. Francis, T. T. Lewis, S. C. Church, Lewis Perry, S. A. Gore, Charles R. Chambers, L. G. McNair and Robert E. Filley.

NOTES.

The Liederkranz entertainment this evening will be largely attended. The first part of the programme will consist of musical selections and the usual enjoyable hop will follow. The entertainment commences at half-past 8 o'clock. On Thursday evening, the 16th inst., the Liederkranz concert is announced to take place. It will be a distinguished occasion.

The University Club reception last month proved such a success that it is proposed to give a series at intervals of four weeks throughout the social season. The new club-house is admirably adapted for gatherings of this character.

The annual banquet of the Loyal Legion will be given this evening at the Mercantile Club. A choice menu has been prepared.

Several supper parties after the opera have been given during the week by the members of the Harmonie Club.

PULLMAN SLEEPERS without change, St. Louis to Baltimore and Washington, can only be secured via the Vandalia Line.

BOSTON POLITICS.

THE LABOR NOMINATION FOR MAYOR OF THE HUB.

McNeill's Letter of Acceptance—The Henry George Movement to Be Repeated in the Capital of Massachusetts.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

BOSTON, Mass., December 4.—The following is George E. McNeill's letter of acceptance, addressed to the Committee of One Hundred, accepting the nomination of the United Labor party for the Mayoralty of Boston:

Gentlemen of the Committee:

I accept the nomination of the United Labor party of Boston upon the conditions named at our first interview, and tender to you, its committee, and to the constituencies it represents, my grateful acknowledgment for the kindly manner of its presentation. This political movement is an attempt to bring the professions and principles of organized labor into practice. For years we have privately and publicly condemned the management of the old parties for their neglect and refusal to consider the measures which we believe to be of vast importance to our welfare. The history of the past is a record of the persistent efforts of the common people to secure humane legislation. All that we have gained in this direction has been through the fear of our political power. No statesman has yet risen in legislative halls to point out the way in which the inequalities existing under monarchical forms of government can be prevented from prevailing under free institutions. The thinking poor of the world have listened with sadness to the story of our corruption. Too often has legislation for special interest crowded out

LEGISLATION FOR THE COMMON WELFARE.

Governments are never safe in the hands of those whose self-interests are greater than their public interests. When they ask for legislation to protect their property rights, their requests are heeded. When we ask for legislation to protect our rights, legislation is denied or delayed, until the avowed indignation of the masses finds vent through the legitimate process of political action. I accept your nomination, realizing the responsibility of the position to which you have called me. As the candidate of the new party I shall expect to receive all of the calumny and abuse which the old party leaders and their tools are capable of manufacturing. It is sufficient for me to know that I am the representative of a great principle underlying the whole structure of society—the principle that shall overturn parties, caste and class distinctions and re-establish the republic on the fundamental principles of justice, equity and fraternity.

Through you I appeal to the voters of Boston, not that I may thereby obtain prominence or position, but that notice may be given to party manipulators that the common people are sufficiently intelligent to know their rights and have sufficient courage to maintain them. If elected to the honorable position of Mayor of this city I shall know no distinction of class, race, creed or color, and shall dispense the patronage of that office according to the integrity of character and qualifications necessary for the positions to be filled.

REFORMS.

Believing that excessive salaries are undemocratic, I shall recommend a reduction of the salary of the Mayor to $5,000 a year. I shall recommend and, as far as in my power, enforce the eight-hour rule in all Government employment, and prevent, as far as possible, the swindling of the city and of the poor, now too common under the contract system. I thank the committee that it has not required any promises from me, and if the record of my life is not sufficient evidence of my fealty to the principles and measures proclaimed by the labor movement, no profession or promise of mine on the eve of a campaign would be of any avail. This coming election is but an incident in the great campaign of the future. A vote for the candidate of your choice is not only a vote of protest in municipal matters, but a vote affirmative to your determination to force the discussion of the labor and land problems now before the people to a successful issue. From the earliest days of the movement, labor reform and land reform have traveled side by side. The men who more than fifty years ago lifted the banner of the workingmen's party were the prophet statesmen of their time. They predicted the result which we have realized. The monopoly of land and the monopoly of labor is annually forcing tens of thousands into idleness and aggregating the common wealth into the hands of the few. This movement, of which our organizations are but a part, is not confined to national limitations. It is the course of the economic systems and conditions of the Old World that has driven tens of thousands from their homes to seek here the better opportunities of life. I appeal to the voters of Boston, not only in the name of their own interests, and the interests of their children, but in the name of the suffering poor of the world. The Trades Unionists of England, and the crofters of Scotland, the Land Leaguers of Ireland, and the Organ zed Workingmen of France and Germany are all seeking the same ends we seek.

THE COMMON PROSPERITY OF ALL.

Through you I appeal to the wage-workers of Boston to emancipate themselves from the party ties that bind them and in the name of their immortal friend, Wendell Phillips, to stand up and be counted, counted as men worthy of manhood, counted as citizens worthy of citizenship, counted as free men in exercising the privilege of the franchise. I appeal to them to dedicate election day, not to my interests, but to their own, for each vote that is cast will be to their honor and credit. As Democrats and Republicans they are unrecognized factors. They have sacrificed their money and time in strikes against the oppressive power of their employers or to obtain the advantages of a shorter day.

They have marched in proud processions, with their principles emblazoned upon their banners. I call upon them now to strike again against ring rule and party power and to declare their principles at the polls as they have declared them in public meetings and upon public streets. If only 7,000 legal voters thus maintain their manhood, parties will bow and politicians cringe before the dawning power of United Labor. GEORGE A. MCNEILL.

Boston, December 3.

Provident Savings Bank Notice.

The Circuit Court records show that the engravings, etchings, etc., held by the Provident Savings Bank were sold by the receiver only to Redheffer & Koch, 1000 Olive street. Purchase your holiday gifts now at receiver's sale prices. Redheffer & Koch, 1000 Olive.

WHEEL WHIMS.

A Brainy Production from Secretary-Editor Aaron—The Lie Delicately Given.

The following brainy letter was received yesterday by a reporter of the POST-DISPATCH from the able Editor of the League of American Wheelmen's official organ:

DEAR SIR—You will find inclosed a clipping from your paper which contains an undignified, ungentlemanly and untruthful criticism of me—presumably from your pen. Having dozens of letters of assurance that reasonable, sensible and prominent men in St. Louis do not agree with your stand, and that you are practically alone, and having written to Mr. Stettinius requesting him to write me if I had in any way given cause for complaint, and having failed to hear from him that such was the case, I do not care to go into the general subject of "editorializing" which you see fit to charge my correspondents with; but I do wish to call your attention to the next to the last sentence in this article of yours.

Your statement that "communications dealing with important League affairs are delayed for weeks to enable correspondents to print their essays" is a bold-faced and unwarranted lie. You will excuse the unparliamentary language, but there is not another term in any language with which I am familiar which so thoroughly expresses the act that you are here guilty of. If you can point out a single case where an important item of official or other article of League affairs has been delayed, not for weeks, but over one issue, for such or any other purpose, I will apologize to you for using this language.

I shall expect a letter of explanation from you on this subject, as I do not propose that charges of this sort shall go out to even the limited number of wheelmen that you reach unrebuked. If you cannot explain your statement, I shall say so editorially. If you do attempt an explanation, I shall take the liberty of commenting on that as well. Yours,

E. M. AARON.

Philadelphia, Pa., November 30, 1886.

THE FACTS STATED.

The article referred to was in last Saturday's POST-DISPATCH and was based on a statement by Mr. H. W. Belding who stands by it. Seen last night Mr. Belding stated that before the recent election he had sent to the Bulletin an article on the importance to wheelmen of the proposed road tax. This letter, he states, was not published till three weeks after it was written to the Bulletin. Again, Mr. Belding declares that he wrote, some time before, a communication on the rule governing the purchase of L. A. W. goods and that this was not published till three or four weeks later. Mr. Aaron will doubtless state in the courteous manner for which he is famous, what "any other purpose" delayed the publication of Mr. Belding's letters.

Cure for the Deaf.

Peck's Patent Improved Cushioned Ear Drums perfectly restore the hearing and perform the work of the natural drum. Invisible, comfortable and always in position. All conversation, and even whispers, heard distinctly. Send for illustrated book of testimonials free. F. HISCOX, 853 Broadway, New York.

A FATAL OVERDOSE.

The Gould Murder Trial—An Old Settler Gone—Missouri Matters.

ST. JOSEPH, December 4.—Chas. R. Schirtzer, a farmer residing near Chillicothe, has been sent to an asylum crazed with religious excitement. Mrs. Elizabeth Worden was found dead in bed yesterday from the effects of an overdose of chloral. A meeting was held here yesterday looking to the organization of a permanent fat stock association.

KANSAS CITY, December 4.—The trial of Wm. Gould, who killed a friend in a billiard-room, commenced this morning. The court-room is well filled.

GLASGOW, December 4.—Capt. Elijah Fisher died last evening in his 78th year. He was the oldest settler in Jackson County.

FAYETTE, December 4.—The Christian Church, dedicated last Sunday, was considerably damaged by fire yesterday. It originated in the furnace-room.

CAPE GIRARDEAU, December 4.—The mill of James Hosey was destroyed by fire yesterday.

MOBERLY, December 4.—Bud Shirley, a farmer, shot and killed himself yesterday. He was in financial difficulties.

An Important Question.

The largest and finest assortment of photographs, crayons, pastel, oil painting, water color or India ink in the city is Scholten's, 920 Olive street. Call and examine before the holiday rush and satisfy yourself that it is much better to purchase fine, first-class portraits than to have cheap and inferior work which will fade and discolor in a short time.

AN ELOPER SHOT.

The Mitchell-Champion Scandal—Dropped Dead—Grocers Assign—Illinois Items.

ANNA, December 4.—Mrs. John Mitchell of Smithland eloped a few days since with Albert Champion. They came here and Champion secured employment at Sandusky. Mitchell, with the aid of City Marshal Jones, traced them and had his wife arrested. The marshal last night attempted to arrest Champion who resisted and was shot in the abdomen. He is in a critical condition.

VANDALIA, December 4.—George Pryor, an octogenarian, dropped dead yesterday near his home.

FAIRFIELD, December 4.—Messrs Ingersoll & Bell, grocers, made an assignment last evening.

FLEMING'S RAISIN-CURED PRUNES for supper.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

"MISS DEFARGE," by Frances Hodgson Burnett. Is an exquisite novel; price 25c at all Bookstores and Newsdealers, or sent direct by J. B. LIPPINCOTT COMPANY, Philadelphia.

A Choice List for Christmas Buyers

NEW BOOKS FOR YOUNG PEOPLE.

The Golden West, as seen by the Ridgeway Club. By Margaret Sidney. $1.75.
A Family Flight through Mexico. By E. E. Hale and Susan Hale. $2.00.
Sights Worth Seeing. By Those Who Saw Them. $1.75.
Our Boys and Girls at Home and Abroad. By Pansy. $1.25.
Uncle Titus. From the German of Mme. Spyri. $1.00.
In City and Camp. By James Otis and others. $1.25.
Foreign Facts and Fancies. By A. S. Downs. $1.25.
The Little Gold Miners of the Sierras. $1.25.
Two Modern Little Princes, and Other Stories. By Margaret Sidney. 16mo, cloth. $1.00.

FOR BOYS.

Stories of Danger and Adventure. By Lieut. Schwatka, Rose G. Kingsley, B. P. Shillaber, and others. $1.25.
Silver Rags. By Willis Boyd Allen. $1.00.
Wonder Stories of Travel. By Eliot McCormick, Ernest Ingersoll, David Ker, and others. $1.50.
Wonder Stories of History. By Mrs. F. A. Humphrey, Mrs. S. K. Bolton, Susan Fenimore Cooper, and others. $1.50.
Boy Life in the U. S. Navy. By H. H. Clark. $1.50.
The Ice Zones. By Prof. J. E. Nourse. Extra cloth. $2.00.
Plucky Boys. By the author of "John Halifax, Gentleman." $1.50.

FOR GIRLS.

Brave Girls. By Mary Hartwell Catherwood, Nora Perry, Mrs. John Sherwood, and others. $1.50.
A Girl's Room. By Some Friends of the Girls. $1.00
Hold Up Your Heads, Girls. By Annie H. Ryder. $1.00.
A New Departure for Girls. By Margaret Sidney. 75 cts.
How They Learned Housework. By Christina Goodwin. 75 cts.
The Adventures of Ann. A Story of Colonial Times By Mary E. Wilkins. 75 cts.
Christie's Christmas. By Pansy. $1.50.
A Christmas Breeze. By So Julie May. 75 cts.

FOR LITTLE FOLKS.

My Land and Water Friends. By Mary E. Bamford. $1.50.
The Cats' Arabian Nights. By Abby Morton Diaz. $1.25.
Fireside Coronicles. By Abby Morton Diaz. $1.25.
In No-man's Land. By Elbridge S. Brooks. $1.25.
The Bubbling Teapot. By Lizzie W. Champney. $1.25.
Polly: Where She Lived, What She Said, and What she Did. By Margaret Sidney. 50 cts.
Stories About Favorite Authors. By Mrs. F. A. Humphrey. 50 cts
Kings and Queens at Home. By Mrs. F. A. Humphrey. 50 cts
Stories and Pictures from the Life of Jesus. By Pansy. 24 full-page Illustrations by Bida. Cloth, 75 cts.; gilt, $1.00.

Sold by all Booksellers. Mailed, postpaid, by the Publishers. Illustrated Catalogue Free.

D. LOTHROP & CO., Publishers, Boston, Mass.

10,000 EXTRA COPIES OF HABBERTON'S new novel, "Brueton's Bayou," were demanded by the public within one week after its issue Price, 25c at all bookstores and newsdealers, or sent direct by J. B. LIPPINCOTT COMPANY, Philadelphia.

THE RICHEST HOLIDAY MAGAZINE IS *The Christmas* WIDE AWAKE, ENLARGED to 100 pages. From $3.00 to $2.40 a year, REDUCED. 20 CENTS

IS all this superb Holiday Number costs you by mail. You can't afford to miss it. Send an early order to D. LOTHROP & CO., 32 Franklin st., Boston.

"A GHOST ON CHRISTMAS EVE," by E. P. Roe, is ready to-day in Lippincott's Magazine for December. Price 25 cents at all book-stores and newsdealers.

600,000 COPIES!

Of the GRAPHIC alone.

Great Simultaneous Publication in AMERICA, ENGLAND AND FRANCE, ON MONDAY, DEC. 6, 1886, OF THE Grand Christmas Double Numbers OF THE Illustrated London News London Graphic. NOW READY: Yule Tide, Holly Leaves.

Subjects of timely interest charmingly presented in Picture and Print by Artists and Authors of eminent fame. Indispensable to the Children's Christmas.

All have Beautiful Colored Engravings. PRICE, 50 CENTS EACH.

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Rockers, Reception, Easy and Odd Parlor Chairs, in Rattan and various kinds of wood, for $2, $4, $6, $8, $10, $18 to $75. Our stock was never more complete or prices lower. BOSTON DESIGNS.

GUERNSEY FURNITURE CO., 304, 306, 308 Locust St., St. Louis.

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CHARTER OAK RANGES — CHARTER OAK STOVES

Do not fail to see the Wonderful Results from Cooking in Charter Oak Ranges, with Wire Gauze Oven Door, PUBLIC EXHIBITION OF BAKING, ROASTING AND BROILING GIVEN EVERY DAY AT NO. 411 NORTH FOURTH STREET.

THE ONLY McNICHOLS!

The Only House in St. Louis where You Can Purchase on INSTALLMENTS, for CASH PRICES STOVES, FURNITURE, CARPETS! OR ANYTHING FOR HOUSEKEEPING. 1024 MARKET STREET

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SAM'L C. DAVIS & CO.

Your Lunch COSTS YOU **10 or 15 Cents.** DELICATESSEN

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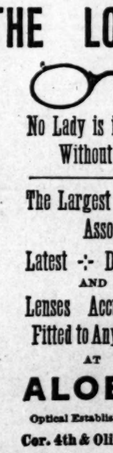
TRY IT.

THE LORGNETTE.



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The Largest Assortment, Latest Designs, AND Lenses Accurately Fitted to Any Eye, AT ALOE'S

Optical Establishment, Cor. 4th & Olive Sts.

FOR RENT,

For the HOLIDAY SEASON, the Elegant Store, No. 513 OLIVE STREET, Formerly occupied by the PROVIDENT SAVINGS. Apply at Office of Post-Dispatch, 515 and 517 Market St.

BIG BARGAINS PICTURES AND FRAMES.

M. E. Lydik, formerly of Fourth and Morgan, late of 718 Olive, is now located at 1238 and 1240 Franklin avenue with a large assortment of steel engravings, oil paintings, oilgraphs, photographs and imported chromos. Picture frames made to order in gold, bronze, copper and silver; also a large assortment of cheaper mouldings and frames. The low rent enables me to sell at 25 to 50 per cent reduction for cash, or on easy payments. Please call and get prices before buying elsewhere.

Photographs copied in all styles.

M. EHRET, Jr. & CO. SOLE MANUFACTURERS

EHRET'S BLACK DIAMOND PREPARED ROOFING

FOR FLAT AND STEEP ROOFS. GUARANTEED CHEAPEST & BEST IN USE. ABSOLUTELY WATER, FIRE & WIND-PROOF. PUT ON BY ANYBODY. USE NO OTHER ROOF!

W. E. CAMPE, Agt., 113 N. 8th St.....St. Louis, Mo.

Drugs, Patent Medicines, etc., 10 to 20 p. c. less than at any other place in the city.

ANTI-MONOPOLY DRUG STORE,

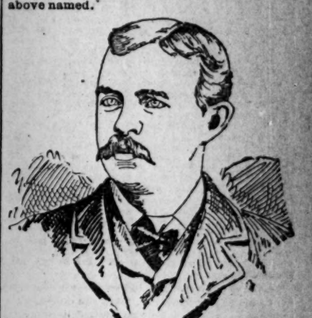
S. W. Corner Sixth and Market Streets.

Prescriptions a Specialty at Lowest Rates

DO YOU KNOW HIM?

The Sensational Story of a Young Machinist Told by Himself.

In a comfortable little home on Julia street at No. 1006, John H. Curley lives with his parents and sisters. Curley is employed by the Drummond Tobacco Company as foreman of their machinery department. He is 26 years of age, and has been nine years in the business in which he is at present engaged. Five years ago he came to St. Louis and secured employment at the factory of the company above named.



To a reporter who called on him at his residence, Mr. Curley told the following story: "I was troubled with my head for several years. Whenever I caught a little cold it gave me more trouble than I had ever experienced from the same cause before, and I was frequently bothered with headaches, which gradually grew worse and more frequent. This summer the headache came on me one day, and for an entire month it never left me. I went to two physicians in the city here and each treated me for a time, but they gave me no relief. They didn't seem to know what ailed me."

"Were there any other symptoms to guide them?" the reporter asked.

"Oh, yes," answered the young man, "I was always hawking up phlegm, and was constantly troubled with a dropping from my head into my throat. My eyes were very red and inflamed, but I think that was all."

"Did you have difficulty with your breathing? Was your nose stopped up, or was there a pain in your chest?" inquired the reporter.

"No, none of those symptoms, or I would have known what troubled me. There were just the difficulties I have named. I lost my appetite and fell off terribly in flesh.

"Four months ago I went to Dr. McCoy's office at 1516 Lucas place, having seen his advertisement in a daily paper. The Doctor examined me and at once pronounced my case one of catarrh. I placed myself under his treatment, going to the office twice a week only. At the end of a time, not quite four months, I think, he discharged me perfectly cured. My appetite has returned and I'm feeling like my old self."

DOCTOR J. CRESAP McCOY, Late of Bellevue Hospital, New York, HAS OFFICES AT 1516 LUCAS PLACE, ST. LOUIS, Where all Curable Cases are Treated with Success.

Medical diseases treated skillfully. Consumption, Bright's Disease, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism and all NERVOUS DISEASES. All diseases peculiar to the sexes a specialty. CATARRH CURED. Consultation at office or by mail, $1.00. OFFICE HOURS: 8:30 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 4 p. m.; 6:30 to 8:30 p. m. Sundays 8:30 a. m. to 1 p. m. Correspondence receives prompt attention. No letters answered unless accompanied by four cents in stamps.

SUPPLIES FOR 1887.

—THE—

Union Pacific Railway Co

Invites tenders for its whole supply of Staple Articles for the year 1887. A list of articles will be furnished upon application. For particulars, address J. J. BURNS, General Storekeeper, Omaha, Neb.

S. R. CALLAWAY, General Manager.

Thos. Sexton & Co.,

606 Market Street.

Sole Agents for the John Van Wrought Steel Ranges.

Also, for the WEST POINT BASE BURNER,

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EPPS'S COCOA.

BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame." [Civil Service Gazette.

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half-pound tins, by Grocers, labelled thus: JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.

PROF. MATTHEWS' OLD ESTABLISHED **DYE WORKS,** 312 OLIVE ST.

Gentlemen's Clothing Cleaned, Altered and Repaired in the best manner by skilled workmen.

PIONEER DAYS.

BILLON'S BOOK ON THE EARLY RECORDS OF ST. LOUIS.

Laclede's Colonists—First Events in the Infant Settlement—Names and Records—Book Notes.

ANNALS OF ST. LOUIS IN ITS EARLY DAYS UNDER THE FRENCH AND SPANISH DOMINATIONS. Compiled by Frederick L. Billon, St. Louis. Printed for the author, 1886. 1 vol. cloth 8vo.

The appearance of Mr. Billon's long looked for work on the annals of early St. Louis is an important item in local history not to be passed over without notice. Independently of the value of the book, both historically and as a work of reference, it occupies a more important place on our bookshelves than it otherwise would, from the double fact that it is the best authentic history of the town that has been published, and that many of the sons and daughters of the early settlers are yet alive to enjoy personally the account of their parents' exploits.

The only person who, according to the author, ever published anything like a sketch of early St. Louis was Maj. Amos Stoddard of the United States Army. Here is all that he has to say of the city in 1804, from his own observation:

In 1764 St. Louis was founded by Pierre Laclede, Maxon & Co., as a trading post. In 1766 the village received an accession of inhabitants from the other side of the river, who preferred the spanish to the English Government. It contains about 180 houses, the best of them of stone. A small sloping hill extends along the rear of the town, on the summit of which is a garrison and beyond it is an extensive prairie which affords plenty of hay.

After the Indian attack on St. Louis in 1780 the Government deemed it necessary to fortify the town. It was immediately stockaded, and the stone bastion and the demilune at the upper end of it were constructed. As the site of the village was thickly covered with timber, each one had to do or have done his own clearing. The only landmark to guide him in finding the location assigned him by Laclede was the spot on which Laclede was then building his trading-post, which was the initial point of the village, from whence all the others were ascertained by admeasurement.

It will not interest our readers to record the innumerable accounts of deeds and inventories, village laws, etc., by which M. Billon's work is rendered more valuable as a work of reference than interesting for reading purposes. The last few pages contain important biographical records of a large number of the early settlers and their families. The illustrations contain portraits of the author and Mme. Chouteau. There is an engraving of St. Louis in its early days, 1817, and sketches of Chouteau Mansion, Government House and the Fort on the hill.

Notes.

The new magazine, or, rather, the resurrection of the old Scribner's Magazine, is promised for December 15. An attractive programme is promised for 1887, including the unpublished letters of Thackeray, ex-Minister E. B. Washburne's "Reminiscences of the Siege and Commune of Paris," fiction from the pens of Robert Louis Stevenson, H. C. Bunner, and others of equal note, and a variety of short papers and stories by Frances A. Walker (on Socialism), John C. Ropes, Sarah Orne Jewett, Margaret Crosby and new writers. The magazine will be, in the widest sense, a magazine of general literature. Each number is to be fully illustrated, and what is of far greater importance, illustrated in a manner which shall be in the best sense illustrative of the text. The price will be $3 a year or 25 cents a number.

Books Received.

From the publisher: A Trip Round the World. By Geo. Moerlein. Illustrated with colored lithographs. Cincinnati: M. & R. Burgheim. 1 vol. 4 to.

From the Geo. Scherer Book and News Co., Olive and Sixth streets, St. Louis: Songs of Birds. By Fedelia Bridges and Susie Barslow Skelding. New York: White, Stokes & Allen. 1 vol., cloth, 12mo.

From the Publisher: A Trip Around the World. By Geo. Moerlein. Illustrated with colored lithographs. Cincinnati: M. & R. Burgheim. 4to.

From the Geo. Scherer Book and News Company, Olive and Sixth streets, St. Louis: Songs of Birds. By Fidelia Bridges and Susie Barstow Skelding. New York: White, Stokes & Allen.

From Cranston & Stowe: A Modern Telemachus; by Charlotte M. Yonge; Macmillan & Co.; London and New York, 1886: 12mo.: cloth, $1.50. The Volcano Under the City, by a Volunteer Special; New York: Fords, Howard & Hulbert; 16mo.: cloth, $1.00. Sir Percival: A Story of the Past and of the Present; by J. H. Shorthouse, author of "John Ingiesant," etc.; London and New York; 12mo.: $1.00.

From the Publisher: Florida Fruits and How to Raise Them; by Helen Harcourt. John P. Morton & Co.; Louisville, Ky.; 12mo.: cloth, $1.25.

From C. H. Evans & Co.: The Management of the Skin and Hair; by Malcolm Morris, F. R. C. S. Ed.; Cassell & Co.; 16mo.: cloth, 75c. The Beecher Book of Days; by Henry Ward Beecher; New York: Cassell & Co.; 1 vol. cloth, 16mo. Christmas in the Olden Time; by Sir Walter Scott: New York; Cassell & Co.: 1 vol., sq., 8vo. Engraving: Its Origin, Processes and History; by Le Vicomte Henri Delaroede; transiated by R. A. M. Stevenson; New York; Cassell & Co., limited, 1886; 1 vol., cloth, 16mo.

Johnny's Composition on Medicine.

"There is two kinds of medicine besides the kind you Rub On and the first kind is the Soft Kind which you take with a spoon while A man holds your Head and you kick and Riggle some because it Tastes so and the other Kind is the Hard Kind which is called Pills, and it is the Hardest of the whole because it is so Hard to go Down but it does not make any Difference which kind you Take when you get it Took you wish you Had not for it makes quite a Row in your Stomach and Riots Around."

Evidently Johnny's experience in medicine does not include Dr. Pierce's "Pleasant Purgative Pellets," which are easy to take and do their work quietly and calmly. Neither does it include in the way of "Soft Medicines" Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery," which though powerful to cure all chronic derangements of the liver and blood, is pleasant to the taste and agreeable in its effects, unequaled as a remedy for all scrofulous diseases, pimples, blotches, eruptions, ulcers, swelled glands, goitre or thick neck, fever-sores and hip-joint disease.

A HANDSOME WOMAN'S CRIME.

The Terrible Tramp—A Cattle-Thief Killed —A Costly Kiss—Texas Topics.

SAN ANTONIO, December 4.—Mrs. Helen Kaufman, daughter of Gen. Martin of Dallas, a handsome young married woman, has been held for the Grand Jury for pawning jewelry belonging to another lady. It is supposed to be a case of morphine habit. A freight car was destroyed by fire yesterday at the Aransas Pass Depot. A tramp had slept in the car and set fire to the contents with a candle.

FORT ELLIOTT, December 4.—The Sheriff of Wheeler County yesterday shot and killed John Leverton, who resisted arrest for stealing cattle on a ranch. He is said to have been an old crook from Chicago. The Sheriff, after a struggle, arrested another man, James Wells, for cattle thefts in the same neighborhood.

DALLAS, December 4.—The Y. M. C. A. State convention is being held here. A proposition to attach smoking-rooms to the reading-rooms was sat down upon last evening.

AUSTIN, December 4.—Frank Dinmore, a colored waiter who kissed a young lady at a party, was fined $100 yesterday in the Recorder's Court.

HOUSTON, December 4.—Walter Creighton, a railroad hand, was run over and killed last night in the Texas Central yard.

California Excursion.

A Grand Pullman Excursion will leave St. Louis via Iron Mountain Route, December 8, 1886, for Los Angeles and San Francisco, Cal. Tickets for the round trip $72. Limited to six months; choice of different route returning. City ticket office 102 Fourth street.

REQUESTS FOR RIGHTS.

THE TRANSPORTATION QUESTIONS NOW BEFORE THE MUNICIPAL ASSEMBLY.

Improvements in Street Car Facilities Aggregating Over Fifteen Million Dollars Contemplated by Capitalists—A Forward Step for the Coming Year—Indefinite Bills.

Public improvements, the cost of which it is estimated will aggregate over fifteen million dollars, are under way for the year of 1887. The year promises to be an eventful one in the history of the city's progress. Already the interested capitalists who have the works in hand are arranging the preliminaries of legislation. All of the propositions, except one or two possibly, are bona fide undertakings. Well-known citizens have given their names and subscribed capital to the venture as a guaranty of the good faith of the companies asking for municipal franchises. Among the proposed improvements which have already been presented to the Municipal Assembly for sanction there are several requests for franchises for street car companies, which are, however, too indefinitely drawn up. Increase and improvement of transportation facilities is an excellent index to a city's growth. It is one of the best indications of extension of residence territory and the building up of sparsely settled districts in the suburbs. Early in the present session of the Municipal Assembly a general ordinance authorizing the street railroad companies of this city to change their power to any other than steam was introduced in the Council preparatory to the necessary enactment by the Legislature, which meets in January. Already the special requests for permission by ordinance have been presented to the Council by four of the street railroad companies. The Railroad Committee of the Council, to whom the bill has been referred, have expressed themselves favorably on the applications, and regard the proposed change as

A STEP FORWARD.

Mr. John Scullin of the Union Depot line has made personal investigation of the Baltimore electric motors. Mr. P. C. Maffitt of the Missouri is at present in correspondence with parties in New York and has received the latest information concerning the experiments with electric motors, and the estimated cost of running cars. The interested street car owners have associated in the new move for improved motors, and are receiving all bids and offers of improved motors. The St. Louis street car men have been urged to take these steps by the competition for franchises in the Municipal Assembly. The cable line affected the patronage of the Lindell Company so seriously that seven cars were retired from the Washington Avenue road at one time. The Tucker elevated bill, which is at least entitled to the credit of having set the pace for the other companies, menaced the east and west lines. The Adams electric elevated company entered the field asking for a northern and southern franchise along Broadway and Seventh streets, which would cut in on the business of the St. Louis line and its only competitor, the South St. Louis Company. Besides these requests for franchises to change the motors, there are several new companies in the field for right of way.

NEW ROADS.

The Council Committee on Railroads now has under consideration a bill authorizing the construction of a street railroad along Olive street from Fourth to Thirteenth, thence south to Clark avenue, thence west to Tayon avenue bridge, which it proposes to cross, passing along Tayon or Eighteenth street to Chouteau avenue, where it will turn into Dollman street, passing along that street to Park avenue, and thence out southwesterly in direction, which is at present under discussion, but which will probably include Compton avenue and Rappahannock, street to Tower Grove Park. Within a few days another bill will probably be introduced, asking permission to extend the blue line of the Union Depot Company to Tower Grove Park. Another paying plan for getting workers suburbs transportation is presented by D. P. Rowland, Alfred Berkey, M. A. Rosenblatt, G. Lehman, Thos. A. Russell, P. C. Murphy, G. H. Knapp, J. B. Legge, Thos. F. Hayden, John W. O'Connell and Clinton Rowell, who now have a bill before the Committee on Railroads of the House of Delegates asking for a franchise the Shaw's Garden, Tower Grove & Fair Grounds Railway Company to operate a railroad by horse power, cable power or by electricity, with a double track, from the intersection of Tower Grove avenue and Magnolia avenue, eastwardly on Magnolia avenue to Grand avenue, thence northwardly on Grand avenue and upon the tracks of the Missouri Railroad Company, and over and upon the tracks of the Lindell Railroad Company, and over and upon the tracks of the Citizens' Railway Company to the Fair Grounds.

In opposition to this Mr. Julius S. Walsh of the Citizens' Railway Company asks that if the franchise be granted to him as the proposed line will use his tracks for nearly one-fourth of the full route. The committeemen are holding the requests for consideration and suggest that the recipients of this franchise should furnish transportation from Grand avenue to the central portion of the city. Messrs. A. D. Cooper, J. P. Vastine, James S. Farrar, G. H. Knapp, John A. Wolfinger, Adam Scheringer and Y. W. Miller ask for the right to run the tracks of the Union Depot, Bellefountain & Fair Grounds Railway Company from the west side of Twelfth street on Clark avenue, going west on Clark avenue to Eighteenth street, north on Eighteenth street to Lucas avenue, west on Lucas avenue to Nineteenth street, thence north on Nineteenth street to O'Fallon street, thence west on O'Fallon street to Twentieth street, to Benton street, thence west on Benton street to Twenty-fifth street, thence north on Twenty-fifth street to Palm street, thence west on Palm street to Parnell street, thence northwesterly on Parnell street to Harper street, thence west on Harper street to the east side of Grand avenue.

ELEVATED BILLS.

The Elevated Railway Company's bill which has been passed in the House of Delegates provides for an elevated steam railroad running from Broadway and Cass avenue along Broadway and Third street to Walnut, Elm or Clark avenue and westwardly along Laclede avenue and Manchester road to the center line of Forest Park, through the park, with a north branch connecting at Walnut street and Jefferson avenue to northern city limits by way of Sullivan avenue, and with a southern branch connecting at the same point and running south along Jefferson and West Jefferson avenues, along Pratte and Ohio avenues to Broadway, thence to Dakota and south to city limits.

The Adams Electric Elevated bill which has been introduced provides for an elevated road which shall begin at the west side of Grand avenue, on Arsenal street, and run east on Arsenal street to Seventh street, thence north on Seventh street to the intersection of Seventh street and Broadway, thence continuing north on Broadway to Salisbury street, thence west on Salisbury street to the intersection of Palm street, thence continuing west on Palm street to west side of Grand avenue.

A second electric elevated bill asking for tight of way along St. Charles street and extending alleys has been introduced and is known as the O'Reilly elevated bill. Dr. Thomas O'Reilly is one of the incorporators of this road, which is run on the line named from the central part of the city to the western end of the city.

The St. Louis Elevated Central Railroad Company has introduced a bill which is a rival of the O'Reilly bill. It proposes to construct an elevated railroad commencing at the intersection of Broadway and St. Charles street, west to Jefferson avenue and along the continuing alley direct to Grand avenue, thence to the eastern terminus of the Narrow-Gauge Railroad over and along the bed of this road to Berlin avenue, thence to the west line of King's Highway. The company asking for the franchise is composed of Messrs. J. M. Thompson, B. S. Cunningham, August Gehner, F. A. Wenn and G. F. Branham.

Delegate Stone, who is very anxious to secure rapid and cheap transportation for the western suburbs, says that the Tucker elevated bill will require an investment of over $6,000,000 alone.

PHYSICIANS prescribe Dr. J. H. McLean's Tar Wine Lung Balm; in it they find no trace of opium or morphia, while its efficacy in curing all throat and lung diseases is wonderful.

Reception to Fairchild.

The reception tendered Commander-in Chief Fairchild by the members of the local posts of the Grand Army of the Republic was held last night at the Armory. About 500 veterans were present representing the Blair, Ransom, Hassendeubel, Lyon, Gareschc, Harding and Charles Dennay Posts. The members formed in line and were received by the chief. On the platform were Mayor Francis, Col. Nelson Cole, the Department Commander; John McNeill, Assistant Adjutant-General; Gen. John W. Noble, Anthony Ittner, of Jefferson City, D. P. Dyer, Gen. A. J. Smith, Col. Dan Murphy and others.

Col. Dyer delivered the address of welcome on behalf of the Grand Army and Mayor Francis welcomed the visitor on behalf of the city. Gen. Fairchild responded in a brief speech and was followed by Gen. Noble, Adjt. J. C. Jamison and Col. Murphy. Songs were sung and the meeting then dismissed.

Death's Doings.

That most unwelcome of visitors—Death—is preparing for a rich treat this winter from the numerous victims of neglected colds. You can give him an unpleasant surprise by using "Carbolic Smoke Ball" and saving your life. The proprietors publish affidavits of cures from citizens of St. Louis. They are the first to do this. Sworn statements of responsible citizens speak volumes.

SOCIETY GOSSIP.

Mrs. A. N. De Menil is visiting her mother, Mrs. G. A. Bacon.

Miss Bertha Drummond spent last week with Monticello friends.

Miss Lucy McDearmon has been spending the week in the city.

Miss Franciscus will entertain the Compton Hill German on the 8th.

Miss Mamie Valle left last week to visit her friend Miss Carrie Hart.

Mrs. Henry Evans has been visiting her mother, Mrs. H. M. Sandborn.

Miss Eugenia Blow's marriage to Mr. Miltenberger takes place on Monday.

Mrs. Mudge of Edwardsville is the guest of Mrs. Rogers of 2837 Lucas avenue.

The engagement of Miss Maude Valle to Mr. Will Turner has been announced.

Mrs. E. F. Kaime is entertaining her parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. P. Ayers.

Miss Lillie Rosebaum has returned from a visit to Mrs. A. F. Miller of Belleville.

Mr. Harlowe G. Wiser of Prescott, Canada, is in the city this week visiting friends.

Mrs. Lacey, nee Maude Hanson, is almost recovered from her very serious illness.

Mrs. A. T. Rogers is visiting Mrs. O. B. Hardcastle at her home in Emporia, Kan.

Mrs. L. M. Hamilton has returned from a visit to the family of her son at Jacksonville, Ill.

Mrs. Lyne S. Metcalf and little son have returned from a visit to her relatives at Danville, Ky.

Miss Virgie Jackson spent last week with her friend, Miss Lizzie Powell of St. Charles, Mo.

Miss Beatrice Branch left last week to visit the Misses Emma and Lola Smith at Macon, Mo.

Miss Grace Russell of Springfield, Mo., formerly of St. Louis, is visiting Miss Annie Webb.

Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Rosenblatt contemplate spending the remainder of the winter in California.

Mrs. Thomas Dimmock, who has been quite ill in Paris for the past five weeks, is reported better.

Miss Mary Downing returned home last week, after a pleasant visit to St. Louis friends.

Miss Jacqueline Ulrici has returned from a visit of a week to Dr. and Mrs. R. F. Bennett of Illinoistown.

Miss Cornelia Clark, who has been spending a fortnight with friends at Fort Scott, has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Farris have returned home after a week spent pleasantly with St. Louis friends.

Mrs. Marmaduke of Jefferson City is the guest this week of Mrs. Clark Kennerly on Laclede avenue.

Mrs. Dan Catlin gave a very handsome luncheon on Saturday complimentary to her sister, Miss Keyser.

The ball to be given by Mrs. J. L. D. Morrison has been postponed on account of the illness of Mrs. Gratiot.

Mrs. J. B. Price and her daughter, Miss Lucy Price of Jefferson City, are spending the week with friends in the city.

Mrs. Oliver Garrison gave a progressive euchre party this week, complimentary to her guest, Mrs. Furiong of Milwaukee.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Farris have returned home after several days spent pleasantly enjoying the opera and visiting friends.

Miss Mimi Flanagan has returned after a delightful visit to Kansas City and has been a frequent attendant at the opera this week.

Miss Belle Billingsley will leave soon to visit her cousin, Miss Garth of Hannibal. Together they will afterwards visit Mrs. Kirk Armour.

The marriage of Miss Wright of Cincinnati to Mr. George W. Taussig will be celebrated December 8, at Inside Park on Bellefountain.

Mr. and Mrs. William C. Orr and their daughter have issued "At Home" cards for Thursday evening, December 16, at 8 o'clock.

Mrs. Albert Ridenour has returned from a visit to the interior, accompanied by Mrs. E. W. Harper and her daughter, Miss Sadie Harper.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry White of Springfield are spending the week in the city attending the performances of the American Opera Company.

A new german club, for dancing, has been formed in the West End, and the first party will be given on Thursday by Mrs. James Green.

Mr. and Mrs. Ellis N. Leeds have issued "At Home" cards for Thursday, December 9, from 9 to 12 o'clock, to meet Miss Arksey and Miss Nelson.

Miss Effie Ramsey of Carlyle, Ill., was the guest this week of Mrs. Holliday. She was one of the bridemaids at the Donahue-Thomas wedding.

Mrs. Shapleigh and her daughter, Mrs. Will J. Boyd, have issued invitations to a large reception to be given in honor to her sons and their brides, on December 7.

Misses Nettie and Mamie Duncan have returned from New York, where they have been visiting for a short visit to their friend Miss Adams, who spent the past winter with them.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Barnes gave a progressive euchre party of nine tables on Wednesday evening. Among the guests were Dr. and Mrs. Miller, Mr. and Mrs. Trask, Mr. and Mrs. Augustine, Dr. and Mrs. Hodgen and others.

The wedding and visiting cards executed by the Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Company, Fourth and Locust, excite universal admiration for their elegance. They only charge $1 for 100 visiting cards from plate and cut; $1.50 for 100 cards and finely engraved copper-plate.

Mrs. Mary T. Hanlon gave a very handsome dinner party on Wednesday evening at 6 o'clock with covers laid for fourteen. The affair was complimentary to Col. and Mrs. Sumner. Among the guests were Mrs. J. L. D. Morrison, Capt. and Mrs. A. J. Lindsay, Mrs. Gen. Larned, Col. Todd, Mme. Peugnet, Mrs. Peter L. Foy, Mr. John O'Fallon Delaney, and others.

Mrs. Jarley's wax-works will be given very soon with Mr. Wm. Beaumont Smith as Mrs. Jarley. Mr. Smith is making a study of the old lady from Dickens and there is no doubt but that he will give a faithful and entertaining delineation. There was a very large and enthusiastic meeting at Mrs. Geo. Hayward's on Monday evening to perfect the arrangements. Among the married ladies interested in the enterprise are Mesdames John Whittaker, Erastus Wells, Ben O'Fallon, W. F. Howe, Ashley D. Scott, W. H. Bliss, Newton Crane, Ed Mallinkrodt, Wickham, Hayward, Farr, Ashley Cabell, Estill McHenry, Perry Bartholow, Charles McLure, Heinman Clark, Laura Speck and many others, all of the society.

MRS. BARTLEY'S RECEPTION.

Yesterday afternoon from 2 to 6 o'clock Mrs. Walter S. Bartley of Chestnut street gave a young ladies' reception, complimentary to her guests, Miss Katie Pittman and Miss Mabel Brown. About one hundred young ladies were invited, and during the specified hours the house was thronged with guests. Mrs. Bartley wore grey faille combined with garnet velvet, made dancing length, with scarf draperies across the front, and high corsage. Mabel Brown wore lavender moire, the tablier formed of alternate folds of moire and lace, with puffed drapery in the back, corsage made high with Fedora front, high coiffure.

Miss Katie Pittman, pale turquoise blue moire, made dancing length, with tablier formed of deep pleats on one side and on the other a panel covered with chenille pendants, corsage cut square with Valois collar studded with pearls and frilled with point lace, demi sleeves, with long gants de Suede, a handsome diamond cross at the throat, rhinestones in hair.

Miss Ruby Turnbull wore a lovely toilet of black lace with collarette of blue steel, bonnet of white lace combined with cardinal velvet.

Miss Flanagan, poppy red China crepe combined with cardinal brocaded with cream-color bonnet of the same shade.

Misses Fannie and Ella Dodge, handsome gowns of black faille handsomely trimmed with jet, hats of velvet studded with jet.

Miss Lane, brown cloth tailor-made suit, with hat of the same colors.

Miss Frances Russell wore ecru faille combined with royal blue velvet, hat of velvet, with different colors in the trimming.

Mrs. Wilson of Cincinnati wore cardinal satin, covered with a pardessus of chantilly lace, corsage cut high, and laced across the front with black and red ribbons; small bonnet of velvet of the same shade.

Miss Vaughn, white lady's cloth trimmed with bands of black velvet a la bayadere; high corsage trimmed with black velvet; bonnet of white crepe, trimmed high.

Miss Mattie Thompson, a visiting dress of dark blue faille, with front of red and blue brocaded frieze velvet; corsage high with gilet and cuffs of the same; a bonnet of red and blue brocade, with red plumes.

Miss Annie Webb, black gros grain made dancing length and trimmed with jet; a large cavalier hat trimmed with the new shade of green.

Miss Snow, a very elegant black faille, the entire front and panels heavily jetted, deep pointed corsage with gilet and cuffs and revers of jet; bonnet of red velvet, with jet ornaments.

Miss Clara Snow, electric blue surah made short, the tablier covered with gunpure lace, basque corsage with Fedora front of the lace, bonnet to match.

Miss White, garnet satin de Lyons, combined with velvet frieze of garnet and pink, hat of the shades, pink gloves.

Miss Guy Hammett, dark red cloth, the tablier formed of deep pleats ornamented with jet passementerie and pendants, the corsage trimmed with jet and jet epaulettes upon the shoulder; bonnet of the same shade of red, with jet ornaments.

Miss Trissler, Marie Louise velvet, with Fedora front and sash draperies of old gold and Persian, a large and expensive corsage bouquet of roses; bonnet of blue and gold.

Miss Chrissie Scholl, brown diagonal cloth, combined with velvet, bonnet to match.

Miss Gwynne, black gros grain, heavily jetted, and a large black cavalier hat trimmed in ostrich tips and jet; corsage bouquet of chrysanthemums.

IF you would enjoy a ride to Baltimore or Washington secure your ticket and sleeping-car berth via the Vandalia and Pennsylvania Route. It's the only Pullman Sleeping Car line St. Louis to those cities without change.

CHURCH CHAT.

Additional Religious Intelligence—Y. M. C. A. Notes.

St. James Episcopal has decided not to amalgamate with St. Mark's Memorial.

Rev. Wm. Harris of the Delmar Avenue Baptist will be at Water Tower next week.

Rev. Chas. R. Hyde, pastor-elect, will preach Sunday morning and evening at Plymouth Congregational Church.

The Sunday-school of Carondelet Presbyterian Church give a concert to-morrow night at 7 p. m. Subject, "The Christian Arch."

General Secretary Coxhead expects to visit Sedalia Monday to confer with the Board of Directors of that Association on matters of importance.

At the Second Baptist Church to-morrow evening Rev. W. W. Boyd, D.D., will speak on "The Christian a Temple of God," and administer baptism.

Vicar-General Muehlsiepen has gone to Howard County to organize a new congregation among the German Catholics. He will be gone till the 13th.

"The Christian's Walk" will be topic for study at the Y. M. C. A. Bible Class at 3:30 p. m. Sunday. The class is taught by the General Secretary and is open to all young men.

The chorus rehearsal of all the singers in the grand Sunday-school service will take place to-morrow at 2:30 p.m. at the First Presbyterian Church, Fourteenth street and Lucas place.

At Cook Avenue Methodist Church the pastor, Rev. F. R. Hill, will preach to-morrow morning on the subject, "Christ, the Sinners' Advocate." Rev. Dr. J. D. Vincil will preach at night.

The Ladies' Aid Society of St. Mark's English Lutheran Church, Bell and Cardinal avenues, hold their annual fair and festival Wednesday, Thursday and Friday of next week, open day and night.

Rev. C. A. Stokeley of Charleston, S. C., is in the city in the interest of the wrecked Baptist churches of that city. He will speak at the Second Church on Sunday morning, and at the Third in the evening.

Rev. W. H. Black, pastor of Cumberland Presbyterian Church, is announced to lead the Young Men's Meeting at the Y. M. C. A. to-morrow afternoon. The topic on which he will speak is, "Make Use of Your Opportunity." John xii., 35-36.

The ladies of the Flower Mission will meet at 1107 Olive street Wednesday morning at 9:30 to report what has been raised for the Christmas work. Good reading matter, toys, candy, etc., are earnestly solicited. They may be sent to the Flower Mission, 1107 Olive street.

At Tower Grove M. E. Church Rev. S. Warner will preach in the morning on "How to Have a Revival," and in the evening Rev. J. W. Higgs will preach on "Who is On the Lord's Side?" There will be service every night next week conducted by Rev. I. W. Higgs and the pastor.

A very fine musical programme was rendered at the members' reception at the Y. M. C. A. last evening by Mrs. A. D. Cunningham, the Arion Quartette, Prof. A. G. Robyn and Misses Mahoney and Burgess. The members and their friends tested the seating capacity of the hall and manifested their approval by frequent encores.

The Y. M. C. A. has arranged a course of Sabbath afternoon addresses to young men on the subject, "Success of Life," by Rev. B. E. Reed, Rev. J. P. Greene, D. D.; Rev. H. A. Stimson, D. D.; Rev. Geo. P. Wilson, Rev. W. H. Black, Rev. M. Rhodes, D. D., and Rev. Thomas Mahaney, D. D. The latter opens the course next Sunday at 4:30 p. m., his subject being "Joseph." An invitation is extended to all young men.

The Whirligig of Time

throws out the dull, old-style porous plasters and brings in Benson's, one of the best products of modern medical science. Prompt to act, powerful to cure. Refuse imitations under similar sounding names. Ask for Benson's.

THE HOUSEHOLD.

Retail Prices of Sundry Supplies That Cheer the Inner Man.

The continued cold weather has resulted in quite a change at Union Market. The vegetable dealers have closed up their stalls, while the game dealers hustle around on the outside full of business. There is a good demand for game of all kinds.

The following are to-day's prices: Game—Dressed turkey, 12½c a pound; quail, $2.25 per doz.; grouse, $1 a pair; pheasants, $1 a pair; squirrels 15c apiece; wild turkey, 12½c a pound; reed birds, 75c a dozen; venison steak, 25c a pound; venison roast, 20c a pound; woodcock, $1.25 a pair; wood duck, 50c a pair; snipe, $2.50 a dozen; bear meat, 40c a pound; young teal duck 50c a pair. Butter—Elgin, 35c; Iowa, 30c; fine dairy, 27c; dairy, 25c. Eggs, 25c. Honey, 10@15c per pound. Meats—Loin beef, 15@17½c per pound; rib beef, 12½@17½c per pound; veal, 12½@17½c per pound; lambs' forequarters, 45@70c; hindquarters, 75c@$1.00; mutton, 10@12½c per pound; pork, 10c per pound; corned beef, 6@10c per pound; kidneys, 5c apiece; tongues, 35c apiece; sweet-breads, 20@35c a pair; lamb fries, 15c; calves' liver, 25c; calves' brains, 15c; calves' heads, $1; skinned calves' heads, 15c; sausage, 8@10c per pound; ox-tail, 5@10c. Vegetables—Sweet potatoes, 10c a quart; soup bunches, 3 for 10c; cabbage, 5c a head; new garlic, 3 for 5c; apples, 25c a peck; Catawba, 2 pounds for 15c; Malaga, 20c a pound; potatoes, 20c a peck; parsley, 4 for 10c; lettuce, 3 for 10c; dry gumbo, 25c a quart; corn salad, 10c a quart; celery root, 10c to 15c; turnips, 20c a peck; onions, 30c a peck; parsnips, 2 bunches for 5c; endive, 3 for 10c; pickling onions, 75c a peck; rutabagas, 15c a peck; pumpkins, 10c to 25c; celery, 6 stalks for 25c; watercress, 5c a bunch. Oranges, 30c and 40c per dozen; grated horseradish, 10c a bottle. Cauliflower, 25@35c a head; tomatoes, 10c a quart; lemons, 25@60c per dozen; red cabbage, 5c to 25c; carrots, 5c a quart; Spanish onions, 10c each; hubbard squash, 5c to 10c each; oyster plant, 3 bunches for 10c; horseraddish, 10c a stalk; butter beans, 15c a quart; sorrel, 20c a peck; tarragon, 10c a bunch; mint, 5c a bunch. Fish—California salmon, 20c a pound; red snapper, 12½c; halibut, 20c; white, 12½c; croppy and black bass, 12½c; trout, 12½c; buffalo, 10c; pike, 12c; lake salmon, 12½c; sun, 10c a pound.

RED CROSS COUGH DROPS will cure your cold. Five cents per box. Sold everywhere.

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PAIN DISAPPEARS
Inflammations Vanish,
HEMORRHAGES CEASE
POND'S EXTRACT

THIS IS THE GENUINE.

Sold only in Bottles with Buff Wrappers. See that Strip over Cork is Unbroken.

Our Trade-Mark around every bottle. In sickness

EVERY DROP IS WORTH ITS WEIGHT IN GOLD.

Sprains, Burns, Bruises, Scalds, Soreness, Rheumatism, Boils, Ulcers, Old Sores, Toothache, Headache, Sore Throat, Asthma, Hoarseness, Neuralgia, Catarrh, etc., etc., etc.

The famous Temperance Lecturer, JOHN B. GOUGH, says, January 15, 1885:

"For many years POND'S EXTRACT has been my companion in my extensive travels in Europe and America. For SORE THROAT, especially when tending to ulceration, I have found it very beneficial."

The LEARNED and EMINENT SCHOLAR, Andrew D. White, President of Cornell University, Ithica, N. Y., writes under date December 2, 1884:

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Such testimony should induce all families to at least try POND'S EXTRACT, an invaluable remedy for all Pains and Hemorrhages.

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AURANTII

Most of the diseases which afflict mankind are originally caused by a disordered condition of the LIVER. For all complaints of this kind, such as Torpidity of the Liver, Biliousness, Nervous Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Irregularity of the Bowels, Constipation, Flatulency, Eructations and burning of the Stomach (sometimes called Heartburn), Miasma, Malaria, Bloody Flux, Chills and Fever, Breakbone Fever, Exhaustion before or after Fevers, Chronic Diarrhœa, Loss of Appetite, Headache, Foul Breath, Irregularities incidental to Females, Bearing-down Pains, Backache, &c., &c., STADICER'S AURANTII is invaluable. It is not a panacea for all diseases, but will CURE all diseases of the LIVER, STOMACH and BOWELS. It changes the complexion from a waxy, yellow tinge, to a ruddy, healthy color. It entirely removes low, gloomy spirits. It is one of the best Alteratives and Purifiers of the Blood, and is a valuable tonic. Make Use of Your Opportunity." John xii., 35-36.

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To introduce it and obtain agents we will for the next sixty days give away, free of charge, in each county in the U. S., a limited number of our Genuine Electro Galvanic Suspensory Belts, Price $5; a positive and unfailing cure for Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Emissions, Impotency &c. $500.00 Reward paid if every Belt we manufacture does not generate a genuine electric current. Address at once ELECTRIC BELT AGENCY, P. O. Box 178, Brooklyn, N. Y.

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617 St. Charles St., St. Louis, Mo.

A Regular Graduate of three medical colleges has been longer engaged in the treatment of Chronic, Nervous, Skin and Blood Diseases than any other physician in St. Louis, as city papers show and all old residents know. Consultation at office or by mail, free and invited. A friendly talk or opinion costs nothing. When inconvenient to visit the city for treatment, medicines sent by mail or express everywhere, securely packed, free from observation. Curable cases guaranteed; where doubt exists it is frankly stated. Hours: 9 a. m. to 2 p. m.; 3 p. m. to 8 p. m.; Sunday, 11 to 1.

Nervous Prostration, Debility, Mental and Physical Weakness, arising from Indiscretion, Excess, Exposure or Indulgence, producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Debility, Dimness of Sight, Perverted Vision, Defective Memory, Pimples on the Face, Aversion to Society of Females, Want of Pleasure in Life, Want of Ambition, Unfitness to Marry, Melancholy, Dyspepsia, Stunted Development, Loss of Power, Pains in the Back, etc., are treated with unparalleled success. Safe, sure and speedy cures guaranteed.

Blood Impurities and Blood Poisoning, Mercurial and other Affections of Throat, Skin and Bones, Blotches, Eruptions, Old Sores and Ulcers, Painful Swellings, Bone Pains, Falling Hair,

From whatever cause, positively and forever driven from the system, by means of safe, time-tested remedies. The most malignant forms of contagious blood poisoning, the result of blood poisoning, positively cured.

Unnatural discharges promptly cured without nauseous drugs, privately, safely.

Catarrh, Throat, Nose, Lung Diseases,

Constitutional and Acquired Weaknesses of Both Sexes treated successfully.

It is self-evident that a physician paying particular attention to a class of cases attains great skill. Age and Experience are important factors. In this office in America every known appliance is resorted to and the PROVED-GOOD REMEDIES of all ages and countries are used. Medicines for medicines are as low as can be made. I use only the best. Very cheap medicines are dangerous and useless; avoid them. On account of the great saving in printing, the charges are kept low, often lower than is demanded by others, and knowing what to do. NO EXPERIMENTS TAKE PLACE HERE. If you want the skill and get a speedy and perfect cure, that is the important matter.

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ELECTION NOTICES.

ELECTION NOTICE—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Carondelet Gas Light Company, for the election of four (4) directors to serve for the ensuing two (2) years, will be held at their office, No. 7020 S. Broadway, Carondelet, now St. Louis, on Monday, December 6, 1886, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 2 p. m.
By order of the Board of Directors.
JOHN H. LIONBERGER, President.
HENRY C. SCOTT, Secretary.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THERE will be a meeting of the stockholders of the C. Koch & Kempff Brau Company, a corporation on Tuesday, February 1, 1887, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the office of said corporation, No